8. APPLICATION DATA

(1) Installation of indoor unit

RLF012A217

Model SRK20,25,35,50,60ZSX-WF R32/R410A REFRIGERANT USED

- This installation manual deals with an indoor unit installation only. For an outdoor unit installation, refer to page 56.
- This unit is designed for R32 or R410A. See a label on the outdoor unit to check refrigerant information

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Before installation, read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully and strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself.

 The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, WARNING and CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in serious consequences such as death or severe injury.

 CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal inverse consequences.

 CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal inverse consequences.

 Be sure to confirm no operation problem on the equipment after completing the installation. If unusual noise can be heard during the test run, consult the dealer.

 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.

 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.

 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.

 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment at the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment at the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment at the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment at the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.

 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment at the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment at the operating method as a well as the maintenance method as a well as the maintenance method as well as the maintenance method as the maintenance method as a well as the maintenance method as a well as the maintenance meth

jury or property damage.

Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to use only for residential purpose.

 If this unit is installed in inferior environment such as machine shop, vehicle (like ship), warehouse, etc.. it can malfunction
- Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer completely in accordance with the installation manual. Installation by an unqualified person or incorrect installation can cause serious troubles such as water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

- leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

 Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves while performing installation work. Improper safety measures can result in personal injury.

 Use the original accessories and the specified components for the installation. Using parts other than those prescribed may cause water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

 Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of flammable gases can occur. If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire resulting in property damage and personal injury.
- When installing the unit in small rooms, make sure that refrigerant density does not exceed the limit (Reference: ISO5149) in the event of leakage. If refrigerant density exceeds the limit, consult the dealer and install the ventilation system.
- Otherwise lack of oxygen can occur resulting in serious accident.

 Install the unit in a location where unit will remain stable, horizontal and free
- of any vibration transmission.

 Unsuitable installation location can cause the unit to fall resulting in material damage and personal injury.

 Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections.

 Touching rotating equipment, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shock.
- This unit is designed specifically for R32 or R410A.

- This unit is designed specifically for R32 or R410A. Using any other refrigerant can cause unit failure and personal injury.
 Do not vent R32 or R410A into atmosphere.
 R32 is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential (GWP) = 675. R410A is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential (GWP) = 2088.

 Make sure that no air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed
- If air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is instance and removed.

 If air enters the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit will become too high, which can cause burst and personal injury.

 Be sure to use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R32 or R410A.

 Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause refrigerant circuit burst resulting in unit failure and
- Be sure to connect both liquid and gas connecting pipes properly before op-
- Be sure to connect both liquid and gas connecting pipes properly before operating the compressor.

 Do not open the liquid and gas service valves before completing piping work, and evacuation.

 If the compressor is operated when connecting pipes are not connected and service valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure resultable that the connection of the connectio
- being an earlied sourced into the felligerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pleasant result ing in burst or personal injury.

 Be sure to tighten the flare nuts to specified torque using the torque wrench. Tightening flare nuts with excess torque can cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period.

- During pump down work, be sure to stop the compressor before closing se
 - rvice valves and removing connecting pipes.

 If the connecting pipes are removed when the compressor is in operation and service valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure result-
 - open, an can be succeed into the length and crist which can cause anomalous high plessure result ing in burst or personal injury.

 In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly.

 If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced.
- If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced.
 Electrical work must be carried out by the qualified electrician, strictly in accordance with national or regional electricity regulations.
 Incorrect installation can cause electric shock, fire or personal injury.
 Make sure that earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are installed.

 Circuit breaker should be able to disconnect all poles under over current. Absence of appropriate breakers are some distributed to propose the proposed in the proposed to be produced.

- Circuit breaker should be able to disconnect all poles under over current. Absence or appropriate breakers can cause electric shock, personal injury or property damage.

 Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, maintenance or service. If the power source is not switched off, there is a risk of electric shock, unit failure or personal injury. Be sure to tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables properly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.

 Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.
- Do not process, splice or modify the power cable, or share the socket with onther power plugs.

 Improper power cable or power plug can cause fire or electric shock due to poor connection, insufficient insulation or over-current.

 Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself.
- Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourser. Changing protective device specifications can cause electric shock, fire or burst.

 Be sure to clamp the cables properly so that they do not touch any internal component of the unit.

 If cables touch any internal component, it can cause overheating and fire.

 Be sure to install service cover properly.

 Improper installation can cause electric shock or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.

 Be sure to use the prescribed power and connecting cables for electrical work.

 Using improper cables can cause electric leak or fire.

- Describe to use the prescribed power and connecting cables for electrical work. Using improper cables can cause electric leak or fire.

 This appliance must be connected to main power source by means of a circuit breaker or switch with a contact separation of at least 3 mm. Improper electrical work can cause unit failure or personal injury.

 Be sure to connect the power source cable with power source properly.
- Be sure to connect the power source cable with power source properly. Improper connection can cause intrusion of dust or water resulting in electric shock or fire. Do not turn ON the wireless LAN communication near automatic control equipment such as an automatic door or fire-alarm device. It may cause an accident due to malfunction of equipment. Do not turn ON the wireless LAN communication in a hospital, etc. where the use of wireless devices is prohibited. It may cause malfunction of medical equipment due to a wireless device. Do not turn ON the wireless LAN communication near a person with a cardiac pacemaker or implanted defibrillator. It may cause malfunction of a medical device.

- Take care when carrying the unit by hand. If the unit weight is more than 20 kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry the unit by the plastic straps. Always use the carry handle.

 Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit. Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fire or personal injury. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.

 If the outdoor unit is installed at height, make sure that there is enough space for installation, maintenance and service.

 Insufficient space can result in personal injury due to falling from the height.

 Do not install the unit near the location where neighbours are bothered by noise or air generating from the unit. It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.

 Do not install in the locations where unit is directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty atmosphere. It can cause corrosion of heat exchanger and damage to plastic parts.

 Do not install in unit close to the equipment that generates electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves.

- waves and/or high-harmonic waves.

 Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipment and telecommunication equipment can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns.
- The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its Including or cause jamming.

 Do not turn ON the wireless LAN communication near another wireless device, microwave, cordless phone, fax machine, etc.

 It may cause malfunction of wireless device.

- Do not install the unit in the locations where:

 - There are heat sources nearby.
 Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.

 - Emin to uneque exposed to rain or sunlight.

 There is any obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.

 Unit is directly exposed to oil mist and steam such as kitchen.

 Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (sulfurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will generate or accumulate.

 Drain water cannot be discharged properly.

 Ty set or radio receiver is elapsed within 1 m.

 - TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1 m. Height above sea level is more than 1000 m.

- Height above sea level is more than 1000 m.
 It can cause performance degradation, corrosion and damage of components, unit malfunction and fire.
 Dispose of all packing materials properly.
 Packing materials contain nails and wood which can cause personal injury.
 Keep the polybag away from children to avoid the risk of suffocation.
 Do not put anything on the outdoor unit.
 Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury.
 Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit.
 Aluminum fin temperature is high during heating operation. Touching fin can cause burn.
 Do not touch any refrigerant pipe with your hands when the system is in operation.
 During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending on the operating condition. Touching pipes can cause personal injury like burn (hot/cold).
 Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accor-
- Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accordance with the local codes and regulations.

 The isolator should be locked in OFF state in accordance with EN60204-1.

1. ACCESSORIES AND TOOLS

Standard accessories (supplied with indoor unit)								
(1)	Installation board	#1 mm ! # 20 (1)	1 pc.	(5)	Wood screws (for remote control holder φ 3.5 X 16mm)	2 pcs		
(2)	Remote control		1 pc.	(6)	Batteries [R03 (AAA, Micro) 1.5 V]	2 pcs		
(3)	Remote control holder		1 pc.	(7)	Air-cleaning filters	2 pcs		
(4)	Tapping screws (for installation board φ4 X 25mm)	O.	5 pcs.	(8)	Insulation (#486 50 X 100 t3)	1 pc.		

	Locally procured parts				
(a) Sleeve (1 pc.) (b) Sealing plate (1 pc.) (c) Inclination plate (1 pc.)					
					Putty
					(e)
	(f)	Drain hose (extension hose)			
	(g)	Piping cover (for insulation of connection piping)			
	(h)	Clamp and screw (for finishing work)			
	(i)	Electrical tape			

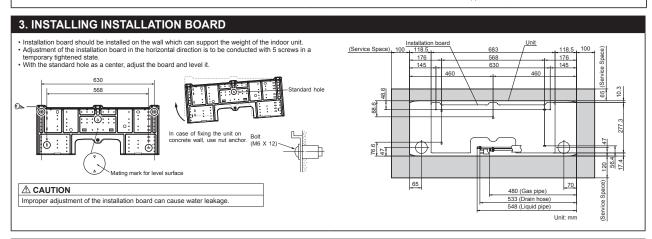
Tools for installation Work				
Phillips headed driver	Pipe cutter			
Knife	Hole core drill (65 mm in diameter)			
Saw	Wrench key (Hexagon) [4mm]			
Tape measure	Flaring tool set*			
Torque wrench	Gas leak detector*			
(14.0-62.0 N·m (1.4-6.2 kgf·m))	Pipe bender			
Plier	Flare adjustment gauge			
* Designed energifically for R32 or R4104				

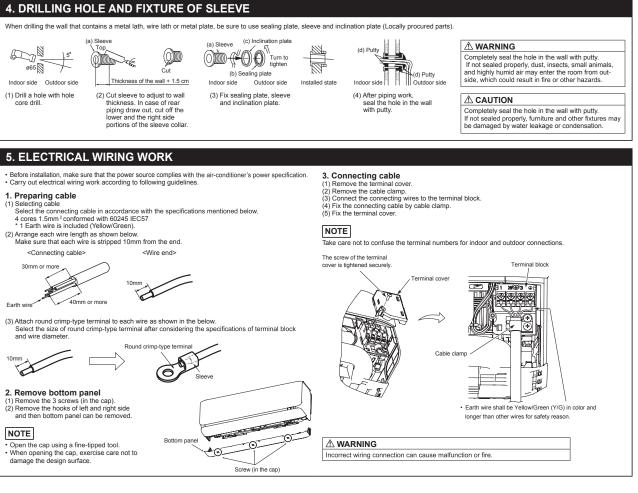
After getting customer's approval, select installation location according to following guidelines. 1. Indoor unit Where there is no obstruction to the air flow and where the cooled and heated air can be evenly distributed. A solid place where the unit or the wall will not vibrate. A place where there will be enough space for servicing. (Where space mentioned on the right side can be secured.) Where it is easy to conduct wiring and piping work. A place where it can be easily drained. A place where there is an easily drained. A place where it can be easily drained. A place where it can be easily drained. A place where there is more than stallation board from the wall will not vibrate. A place where there is most office the place where there is much oil mist. A place where there is no electric equipment or household. Installation example Installation exampl

control.

A place where it is not affected by the TV, radio etc.
Do not place where it is exposed to direct sunlight or near heat devices such as a stove.

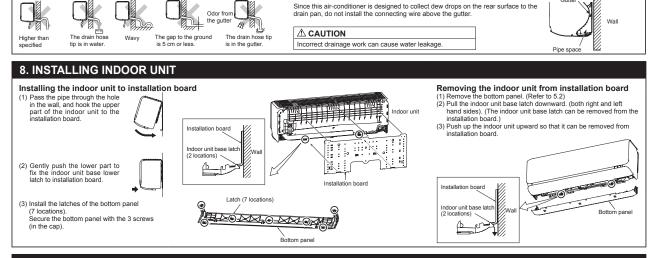
Wood screws





6. FORMING PIPING AND DRAIN HOSE **1. Forming piping**Piping is possible in the right, rear, downward, left, left rear or left downward direction. Forming of piping • Hold the bottom of the piping and fix direction Tape only the portion that goes though the wall. Always tape the wiring NOTE before stretching it Sufficient care must be taken not to damage the panels when connecting pipes. and shaping it. with the piping. 2. Drain change procedures (1) Rethrove the solient mose. (2) Remove the drain cap by hand or pilers. (3) Insert the drain cap which was removed at procedure (2) securely using a hexagonal wrench etc. (4) Install the drain hose and screw securely (2) Downward Left hand side piping Right hand side piping Piping in the left rear direction Piping in the right rear direction

Piping in the right dir



9. CONNECTING PIPING WORK

1. Preparation of connecting pipe

ing in the left direction

7. DRAINAGE WORK

Arrange the drain hose in a downward angle
Avoid the following drain piping.

1.1 Selecting connecting pipe
Select connecting pipe according to the following table.

	-	-
	Model SRK20/25/35	Model SRK50/60
Gas pipe	φ9.52	φ12.7
Liquid pipe	φ6.35	φ6.35

- Pipe wall thickness must be greater than or equal to 0.8 mm.
 Pipe material must be O-type (Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30)

- (1) Cut the connecting pipe
 (1) Cut the connecting pipe to the required length with pipe cutter.
 (2) Hold the pipe downward and remove the burrs. Make sure that no foreign material enters the pipe.
 (3) Cover the connecting pipe ends with the tape.

2. Piping work

- 2. Figing work

 2.1 Flaring pipe

 (1) Take out flare nuts from the operation valves of indoor unit and engage them onto connecting pipes.

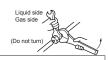
 (2) Flare the pipes according to table and figure shown below. Flare dimensions for R32 are different from those for conventional refrigerant.

 Although it is recommended to use the flaring tools designed specifically for R32 or R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the dimension B with a flare adjustment gauge.

- A -	Copper pipe	A		Copper pipe	B [Rigid (cl	utch) type]
	outer diameter	A		outer diameter	R32 or R410A	Conventional
l i l	φ6.35	9.1		φ6.35		
	φ9.52	13.2		φ9.52	0-0.5	1.0-1.5
1 (1)	φ 12.7	16.6	-	φ12.7		

2.2 Connecting pipes
(1) Connect pipes on both liquid and gas sides.
(2) Tighten puts to specified torque shown in the ta

(2) Fighter hats to specified torque shown in the table below				
Operation valve size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)			
φ 6.35 (1/4")	14-18			
φ 9.52 (3/8")	34-42			
φ 12.7 (1/2")	49-61			



Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface. It can cause refrigerant leakage.
 Do not apply excess torque to the flared nuts. The flared nuts may crack resulting in refrigerant

- 3. Heating and condensation prevention

 (1) Dress the connecting pipe (both liquid and gas pipes) with insulation to prevent it from heating and dew condensation.

 Use the heat insulating material which can withstand 120 °C or higher temperature. Make sure that insulation is wrapped tightly around the pipes and no gap is left between them.

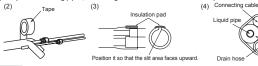
 (2) Wrap the refrigerant pipings of indoor unit with indoor unit heat insulation using tape.

 (3) Cover the flare-connected joints (indoor side) with the indoor unit heat insulation and wrap it with an insulation gad (standard accessory provided with indoor unit).

 (4) Wrap the connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose with the tape.

Incorrect installation of drain hose and cap can cause water leakage

Pour water to the drain pan located under the heat exchanger, and ensure that the water is discharged outdoor.
 When extended drain hose is present inside the room, insulate it securely with heat insulator available in the market.



NOTE

Locations where relative humidity exceeds 70 %, both liquid and gas pipes need to be dressed with 20 mm or

⚠ CAUTION

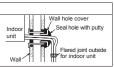
Improper insulation can cause condensate(water) formation during cooling operation.
Condensate can leak or drip causing damage to household property.
Poor heat insulating capacity can cause pipe outer surface to reach high temperature during heating operation. It can cause cable deterioration and personal injury.

- 4. Finishing work

 (1) Make sure that the exterior portion of connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose is wrapped properly with tape. Shape the connecting pipes to match with the contours of the pipe assembly route.

 (2) Fix the pipe assembly with the wall using clamps and screws. Pipe assembly should be anchored every 1.5 m or less to isolate the vibration.

 (3) Install the service cover securely. Water may enter the unit if service cover is not installed properly, resulting in unit malfunction and failure.



o√o`

Q

⚠ WARNING (only for R32)

- To avoid the risk of fire or explosion, the flared connection must/shall be installed outdoors.
 Reusable mechanical connectors and flared joints are not allowed indoors.

↑ CAUTION

Make sure that the connecting pipes do not touch the components within the unit. If pipes touch the internal components, it may generate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations.

10. HOW TO OPEN, CLOSE, REMOVE AND INSTALL THE AIR INLET PANEL

Open
 Pull the air inlet panel at both ends of lower part and release latches, then pull up the panel until you feel resistance.
 (The panel stops at approx. 60° open position)

2. Close

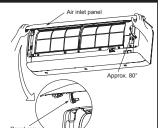
Hold the panel at both ends of lower part, lower it downward slowly, then push it slightly until the latch works.

3. Removing Open the panel by 80° (as shown in the right illustration) and then pull it forward.

4. Installing
Insert the panel arm into the slot on the front
panel from the position shown in right illustration,
hold the panel at both ends of lower part, lower
it downward slowly, then push it slightly until the
latch works.

NOTE

When carrying out maintenance, handle the air inlet panel with care.

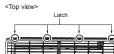


11. HOW TO REMOVE AND INSTALL THE SIDE AND FRONT PANEL

1. Side panel (R/L)

- 1.1 Removing
 (1) Remove the 2 screws.
 (2) Remove the 3 latches and then side panel can be removed.

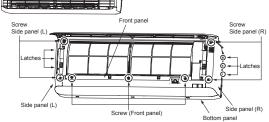
- 1.2 Installing(1) Cover the unit with the side panel and fix 3
- (2) Secure the side panel with the 2 screws.



2. Front panel

- 2.1 Removing
 (1) Remove the side panel (R/L), the air inlet panel, the air filters and the bottom panel.
 (2) Remove the 3 screws.
 (3) Remove the 4 upper latches and then front panel can be removed.

- **2.2 Installing** (1) Cover the unit with the front panel and fix 4 upper latches.
 (2) Secure the front panel with the 3 screws.
- (3) Install the bottom panel, the side panel (R/L), the air inlet panel and the air filters.

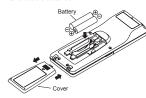


12. INSTALLING REMOTE CONTROL

Mount the batteries

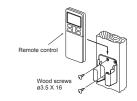
- (1) Slide and take out the cover of backside.
 (2) Mount the batteries [R03 (AAA, Micro),
 × 2 pieces] in the body properly.
 (Fit he poles with the indication marks + & -)
 (3) Set the cover again.

- Do not use new and old batteries together.
 In case the unit is not operated for a long time, take out the batteries



Installing remote control holder

- (1) Select the place where the unit can receive signals.(2) Fix the holder to pillar or wall with wood
- Do not mix old and new batteries, or batteries of different types (manganese/alkaline).



13. INSTALLING TWO AIR-CONDITIONERS IN THE SAME ROOM

In case two air-conditioners are installed in the same room, apply this setting so that one unit can be operated with only one remote control.

Setting one remote control

- (1) Slide and take out the cover and batteries.(2) Cut the switching line next to the battery with wire
- (3) Set the batteries and cover again.

Setting one indoor unit

- (1) Turn off the power source and turn it on after 1 minute.
 (2) Send the signal by pressing the ACL switch on the remote control that was set according to the procedure described on the above side.
- (3) Check that the reception buzzer sound "Peep" is emitted from the indoor unit. Since the signal is sent about 6 seconds after the ACL switch is pressed, point the remote control to the indoor unit for a while.

If no reception buzzer is emitted, restart the setting from the

Reception -Peep-

14. TERMINAL CONNECTION FOR AN INTERFACE

This unit is standardly equipped with a wireless LAN adapter. To install wired remote control, Superlink etc., interface kit is needed. When using the interface kit, the wireless LAN function cannot be used.

- (1) Turn off the power source.
 (2) Remove the air inlet panel, bottom panel
- and side panel (R).

 (3) Remove the control cover.
 (Remove the screw.)
- (Kemove the screw.)

 (4) There is a terminal (respectively marked with CNS) on the indoor unit PCB.

 Disconnect the harness from the CNS terminal.

 Remove the wireless LAN adapter from the control box, and pull out the wireless LAN adapter harness from the wireless LAN adapter.

After that, install the wireless LAN adapter in

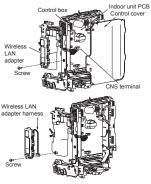
After that, firstain the wheless EAN adapter in the control box.
While connecting an interface, connect to the CNS terminal securely with the connection harness supplied with an option "Interface connection kit SC-BIKN2-E" and fasten the connection harness onto the indoor control box with the clamp and screw supplied with the kit.

with the clamp and screw supplied with the kit.

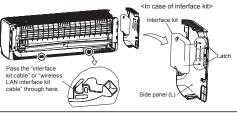
(5) Interface kit
Hook to fix the "interface kit" to the 2
latches on side panel (L).
For more details, refer to the user's manual
of "Interface connection kit SC-BIKN2-E".

NOTE

Make sure that the disconnected connector does not touch the internal parts of the unit.







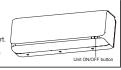
15. PUMP DOWN WORK

For the environmental protection, be sure to pump down when relocating or disposing of the unit. Pump down is the method of recovering refrigerant from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit before the connecting pipes are removed from the unit. When pump down is carried out, forced cooling operation is needed.

Forced cooling operation

- Turn off the power source and turn it on again after
 minute. The air inlet panel and flap open and close
- (2) After the air inlet panel closes, press the ON/OFF button continuously for at least 5 seconds. Then operation will start.

For the detail of pump down, refer to the installation manual of outdoor unit.



16. INSTALLATION CHECK AND TEST RUN

After finishing the installation work, check the following points again before turning on the power. Conduct a test run and ensure that the unit operates properly. At the same time, explain to the customer how to use the unit and how to take care of the unit following the user's manual.

Before test run

Before test run, check following points.	
Power source voltage complies with the rated voltage of air-conditioner.	
Earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker are installed.	
Power cable and connecting cable are securely fixed to the terminal block.	
Both liquid and gas service valves are fully open.	
No gas leaks from the joints of the service valves.	
Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated.	
Hole on the wall is completely sealed with putty.	
Drain hose and cap are installed properly.	
Screw of the terminal cover is tightened securely.	

Test run

Check following points during test run.		
Indoor unit receives signal of remote control.		
Air-conditioning operation is normal.		
There is no abnormal noise.		
Water drains out smoothly.		
Display of remote control is normal.		

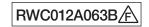
After test run

Explain the operating and maintenance methods to the user according to the user's manual.	
Keep this installation manual together with user's manual.	

NOTE

During restart or change in operation mode, the unit will not start operating for approximately 3 minutes. This is to protect the unit and it is not malfunction.

(2) Installation of outoor unit



Model SRC20,25,35,40,50,60ZSX-W SRC20,25,35ZSX-WA R32 REFRIGERANT USED

• This installation manual deals with an outdoor unit installation only. For an indoor unit installation, refer to page 52.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

sequences such as death or severe injury.

A CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal injury or property damage.

Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means.

• Before installation, read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully and strictly follow it during the installat- • Be sure to confirm no operation problem on the equipment after completing the installation. If unusual

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to use only for residential purpose.

 If this unit is installed in inferior environment such as machine shop, vehicle (like ship), warehouse etc., it can malfunction.

- etc., it can malfunction.

 Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer completely in accordance with the installation manual.

 Installation by non qualified person or incorrect installation can cause serious troubles such as water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

 Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves while performing installation work. Improper safety measures can result in personal injury.

 Use the original accessories and the specified components for the installation. Using parts other than those prescribed may cause water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

 Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of flammable gases can occur. If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire resulting in property damage and personal injury.
- sonal injury.

 When installing the unit in small rooms, make sure that refrigerant density does not exceed the limit (Reference: ISO5149) in the event of leakage. If refrigerant density exceeds the limit, consult the dealer and install the ventilation system. Otherwise lack of oxygen can occur resulting in serious accident.

 Install the unit in a location where unit will remain stable, horizontal and free

- of any vibration transmission.

 Unsuitable installation location can cause the unit to fall resulting in material damage and personal injury.

 Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections.

 Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shock.

- entrapment, our or electric snock.

 This unit is designed specifically for R32.

 Using any other refrigerant can cause unit failure and personal injury.

 Do not vent R32 into atmosphere.
 R32 is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential(GWP)=675.

 Make sure that no air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed
- and removed.

 If air enters the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit will become too high, which •
- an cause burst and personal injury.

 Be sure to use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R32 or R410A.

 Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause refrigerant circuit burst resulting in unit failure and personal injury. Be sure to connect both liquid and gas connecting pipes properly before op-
- Be sure to connect both liquid and gas connecting pipes properly before operating the compressor.

 Do not open the liquid and gas operation valves before completing piping work, and evacuation.

 If the compressor is operated when connecting pipes are not connected and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure resulting in burst or personal injury.

 Be sure to tighten the flare nuts to specified torque using the torque wrench. Totalpainin flare nuts with everes from can cause hurst and refrigerant leakage after a long period.
- Tightening flare nuts with excess torque can cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period

- Before installation, read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully and strictly follow it during the enstallation and it in order to protect yourself.
 The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, AWARNING and AWARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in serious consequences such as death or severe injury.
 CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous interest and the manual to a new user, whenever required.
 Easure to continm no operation problem on the equipment after completing the installation and during the test run, consult the dealer.
 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.
 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.
 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user as the user to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user as manual.

 - During pump down work, be sure to stop the compressor before closing service valves and removing connecting pipes.

 If the connecting pipes are removed when the compressor is in operation and service valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure resulting in burst or personal injury.

 In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly.

 - working area properly.

 If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced.

 Electrical work must be carried out by the qualified electrician, strictly in accordance with national or regional electricity regulations.

 Incorrect installation can cause electric shock, fire or personal injury.
 - Make sure that earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are installed.

 Circuit breaker should be able to disconnect all poles under over current. Absence of appropriate
 - breakers can cause electric shock, personal injury or property damage.

 Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, mainte-

 - Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, maintenance or service.

 If the power source is not switched off, there is a risk of electric shock, unit failure or personal injury.

 Be sure to tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables properly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.

 Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.

 Do not process, splice or modify the power cable, or share the socket with

 - other power plugs.

 Improper power cable or power plug can cause fire or electric shock due to poor connection, insufficient insulation or over-current.

 Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself.

 - Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself. Changing protective device specifications can cause electric shock, fire or burst.

 Be sure to clamp the cables properly so that they do not touch any internal component of the unit.

 If cables touch any internal component, it can cause overheating and fire.

 Be sure to install service cover properly.

 Improper installation can cause electric shock or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.

 Be sure to use the prescribed power and connecting cables for electrical work. Using improper cables can cause electric leak or fire.

 This appliance must be connected to main power source by means of a circuit breaker or switch with a contact separation of at least 3mm.

 Improper electrical work can cause unit failure or personal injury.

 When plugging this unit, a plug conforming to the standard IEC60884-1 must be used.

 - Using improper plug can cause electric shock or fire.

 Be sure to connect the power source cable with power source properly.

 Improper connection can cause intrusion of dust or water resulting in electric shock or fire.

⚠ CAUTION

- Take care when carrying the unit by hand.

 If the unit weight is more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons.

 Do not carry the unit by the plastic straps. Always use the carry handle.
- Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals
- Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fire or personal injury. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.

 If the outdoor unit is installed at height, make sure that there is enough space
- for installation, maintenance and service.
 Insufficient space can result in personal injury due to falling from the height.

 Do not install the unit near the location where neighbours are bothered by
- noise or air generating from the unit.
 It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.

 Do not install in the locations where unit is directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty atmosphere.

 It can cause corrosion of heat exchanger and damage to plastic parts.
- Do not install the unit close to the equipments that generate electromagnetic
- waves and/or high-harmonic waves.
 Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecom-
- munication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

- Do not install the unit in the locations where:

 - There are heat sources nearby.
 Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.

 - Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.
 There is any obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.
 Unit is directly exposed to oil mist and steam such as kitchen.
 Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (sulfurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will generate or accumulate.
 Drain water can not be discharged properly.
 TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m.
 Height above sea level is more than 1000m.
 It can cause performance degradation, corrosion and damage of components, unit malfunction and fire.

 Dispose of all packing materials properly.
 Packing materials contain nails and wood which can cause personal injury.
 Keep the polybag away from children to avoid the risk of suffocation.

 Do not put anything on the outdoor unit.

 - Do not put anything on the outdoor unit.
 Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury.
- Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit.

 Aluminium fin temperature is high during heating operation. Touching fin can cause burn.
- Do not touch any refrigerant pipe with your hands when the system is in operation. During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending on the operating condition. Touching pipes can cause personal injury like burn (hot/cold). Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accordance with the local codes and regulations.

 The isolator should be locked in OFF state in accordance with EN60204-1.

1. ACCESSORIES AND TOOLS Tools for installation work Q'ty Locally procured parts (Supplied with outdoor unit) Anchor bolt(M10-M12)×4 pcs 4 Plus headed driver Spanner wrench /acuum pump (1) Drain grommet @ Putty Knife Torque wrench [14.0-62.0N•m(1.4-6.2kgf•m) Sauge manifold (2) Drain elbow (c) Electrical tape Wrench key (Hexagon) [4mm] Saw harge hose ' Not included for SRC20, 25, or 35ZSX-WA (d) Connecting pipe /acuum pump adapte Flaring tool set * Tape measure Connecting cable Anti-reverse flow type) Flare adjustment gauge (f) Power cable Gas leak detecto (g) Clamp and screw (for finishing work) Designed specifically for R32 or R410A

2. OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION

Note as a unit designed for R32

- NOTE as a unit designed for R32.

 Do not use any refrigerant other than R32. R32 will rise to pressure about 1.6 times higher than that of a conventional refrigerant. A cylinder containing R32 has a light blue indication mark on the top.

 Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to change, which results in performance degradation.

 In charging refrigerant, always take it out from a cylinder in the liquid phase.
- All indoor units must be models designed exclusively for R32. Check connectable indoor unit models in a catalog, etc. (A wrong indoor unit, if connected into the system, will impair proper system operation)

1. Haulage

- Always carry or move the unit with two or more persons.
- . The right hand side of the unit as viewed from the front (outlet side) is heavier

A person carrying the right hand side must take care of this fact. A person carrying the left hand side must hold the handle provided on the front panel of the unit with his right hand and the corner column section of the unit with his left hand.



When a unit is hauled, take care of its gravity center position which is shifted towards right hand side If the unit is not hauled properly, it can go off balance and fall resulting in serious injury.

2. Selecting the installation location

Select the suitable installation location where

- Unit will be stable, horizontal and free of any vibration transmission.
- There is no obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit. There is enough space for service and maintenance of unit.

- Neighbours are not bothered by noise or air generating from the unit. Outlet air of the unit does not blow directly to animals or plants.
- Drain water can be discharged properly.

 There is no risk of flammable gas leakage
- There are no other heat sources nearby.

- Unit is not directly exposed to rain or sunlight.
 Unit is not directly exposed to oil mist and steam.
 Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (sulfurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will not generate or accumulate
- Unit is not directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty atmosphere.

 No TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m.

 Unit is not affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equip-
- ments.
- Strong wind does not blow against the unit outlet.
 Heavy snowfalls do not occur (If installed, provide proper protection to avoid snow accumulation).

NOTE

If the unit is installed in the area where there is a possibility of strong wind or snow accumulation, the following measures are required.

(1) Location of strong wind

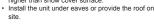
· Place the unit with its outlet side facing the wall. · Place the unit such that the direction of air from the outlet gets perpendicular to the wind direction.

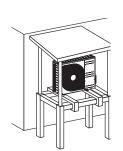




(2) Location of snow accumulation

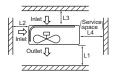
- Install the unit on the base so that the bottom is higher than snow cover surface.





3. Installation space

There must be 1 meter or larger space between the unit and the wall in at least 1 of the 4 sides.
 Walls surrounding the unit from 4 sides is not acceptable. The wall height on the outlet side should be 1200 mm or less. Refer to the following figure and table for details.



L1 Open 280	280	180
		100
L2 100 75	Open	Open
L3 100 80	80	80
L4 250 Open	250	Open

NOTE

When more than one unit are installed side by side, provide a 250mm or wider interval between them as a service space.

⚠ CAUTION

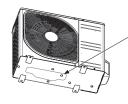
When more than one unit are installed in parallel directions, provide sufficient inlet space so that short-circuiting may not occur.

4. Drain piping work (If necessary)

Carry out drain piping work by using a drain elbow and a drain grommet supplied separately as accessories if condensed water needs to be drained out.

Install drain elbow and drain grommet.
 Seal around the drain elbow and drain grommet with putty or adequate caulking material.

<SRC20/25/35/40/50/60ZSX-W>

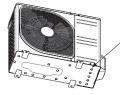


Do not put a grommet on this hole. This is a supplementary drain hole to discharge drain water, when a large amount of it is gathered.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not use drain elbow and drain grommet if there is a possibility to have several consecutive days of sub zero temperature. (There is a risk of drain water freezing inside and blocking the drain.)

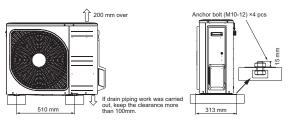
<SRC20/25/35ZSX-WA



Do not block the drain holes when installing the outdoor unit.

5. Installation

- Install the unit on a flat level base
- While installing the unit, keep space and fix the unit's legs with 4 anchor bolts as shown in the figure below. The protrusion of an anchor bolt from the foundation surface must be kept within 15mm.



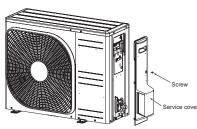
⚠ CAUTION

- Install the unit properly so that it does not fall over during earthquake, strong wind, etc.
 Make sure that unit is installed on a flat level base. Installing unit on uneven base may result in unit
 - malfunction.

3. PREPARATION FOR WORK

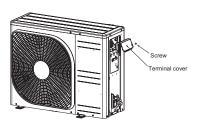
Removing service cover

v. Slide service cover downwards and remove it.



2. Removing terminal cover

and take out terminal cover



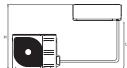
4. CONNECTING PIPING WORK

1. Restrictions on unit installation

Abide by the following restrictions on unit installation

Improper installation can cause compressor failure or performance degradation

	Dimensional restrictions		
	Model SRC20/25/35	Model SRC40/50/60	
Connecting pipe length(L)	25m or less	30m or less	
Elevation difference between indoor and outdoor units(H)*	15m or less	20m or less	



* Outdoor unit installation position can be higher as well as lower than the indoor unit installation position.

2. Preparation of connecting pipe

2.1. Selecting connecting pipe
Select connecting pipe according to the following table.

	-	-
	Model SRC20/25/35	Model SRC40/50/60
Gas pipe	ø9.52	ø12.7
Liquid pipe	ø6.35	ø6.35

- Pipe wall thickness must be greater than or equal to 0.8 mm.
 Pipe material must be O-type (Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30).

NOTE

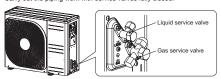
If it is required to reuse the existing connecting pipe system, refer to 5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPE.

2.2. Cutting connecting pipe

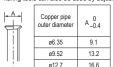
- (1) Cut the connecting pipe to the required length with pipe cutter.
 (2) Hold the pipe downward and remove the burrs. Make sure that no foreign material enters the pipe.
 (3) Cover the connecting pipe ends with the tape.

3. Piping work

Check that both liquid and gas service valves are fully closed. Carry out the piping work with service valves fully closed.



3.1. Haring pipe
 1(1) Take out flare nuts from the service valves of outdoor unit and engage them onto connecting pipes.
 Flare the pipes according to table and figure shown below.
 Flare dimensions for R32 are different from those for conventional refrigerant.
 Although it is recommended to use the faling tools designed specifically for R32 or R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the measurement of protrusion B with a flare adjustment gauge.

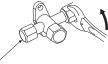




Connornino	Rigid (clutch) type	
Copper pipe outer diameter	R32 or R410A	Conventional
ø6.35		
ø9.52	0-0.5	1.0-1.5
ø12.7		

3.2. Connecting pipes(1) Connect pipes on both liquid and gas sides.

(2) Fighter huts to specified torque shown in the table belo		
Service valve size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)	
ø6.35 (1/4")	14-18	
ø9.52 (3/8")	34-42	
ø12.7 (1/2")	49-61	



Do not hold the valve cap area with a spanne

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface. It can cause refrigerant leakage
- . Do not apply excess torque to the flared nuts. The flared nuts may crack resulting in refrigerant leakage

- (1) Connect vacuum pump to gauge manifold. Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port of outdoor unit.
- or outdoor unit.

 (2) Run the vacuum pump for at least one hour after the vacuum gauge shows -0.1MPa (-76cm Hg).

 (3) Confirm that the vacuum gauge indicator does not rise even if the system is left for 15 minutes or more. Vacuum gauge indicator will rise if the system has moisture left inside or has a leakage point. Check the system for the leakage point. If leakage point is found, repair it and return to (1) again.

 (4) Close the Handle Lo and stop the vacuum pump.

 Keep this state for a few minutes to make sure that the compound pressure gauge pointer does not severe helps.

- (5) Remove valve caps from liquid service valve and gas operation valve.

 (6) Turn the liquid service valve's rod 90 degree counterclockwise with a hexagonal wrench key to open
- valve.

 Close it after 5 seconds, and check for gas leakage.

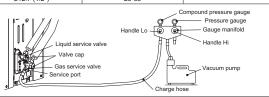
 Using soapy water, check for gas leakage from indoor unit's flare and outdoor unit's flare and valve rods.

 Wipe off all the water after completing the check.

 (7) Disconnect charging hose from gas service valve's service port and fully open liquid and gas service valves. (0 not attempt to turn valve rod beyond its stop.)

 (8) Tighten service valve caps and service port cap to the specified torque shown in the table below.

Service valve size (mm)	Service valve cap tightening torque (N·m)	Service port cap tightening torque (N·m)
ø6.35 (1/4")	20-30	
ø9.52 (3/8")	20-30	10-12
ø12.7 (1/2")	25-35	



⚠ CAUTION

To prevent vacuum pump oil from entering into the refrigerant system, use a counterflow prevention adapter.

5. Additional refrigerant charge

Additional refrigerant charge is required only when connecting pipe length exceeds 15 m

5.1 Calculating additional refrigerant chargeAdditional refrigerant charge can be calculated using the formula given below.
Additional refrigerant charge (g) = { Connecting pipe length (m) – Factory charged length 15 (m) } x 20 (g/m)

NOTE

- If additional refrigerant charge calculation result is negative, there is no need to remove the refrigerant
- If refrigerant recharge is required for the unit with connecting pipe length 15m or shorter, charge the factory charged amount as shown in the table below.
- The maximum refrigerant charge amount is designed as shown in the table below.

	Model SRC 20/25/35	Model SRC40/50/60
The factory refrigerant charge amount(kg)	1.20	1.30
The maximum refrigerant charge amount(kg)	1.40	1.60

- 5.2 Charging refrigerant

 (1) Charge the R32 refrigerant in liquid phase from service port with both liquid and gas service valves shut. Since R32 refrigerant must be charged in the liquid phase, make sure that refrigerant is discharged from the cylinder in the liquid phase all the time.

 (2) When it is difficult to charge a required refrigerant amount, fully open both liquid and gas service valves and charge refrigerant, while running the unit in the cooling mode. When refrigerant is charged with the unit being run, complete the charge operation within 30 minutes.

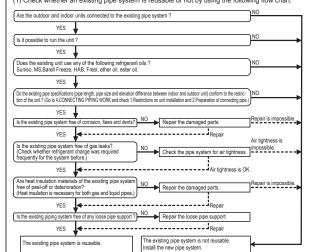
 (3) Write the additional refrigerant charge calculated from the connecting pipe length on the label attached on the service cover.

⚠ CAUTION

- Running the unit with an insufficient quantity of refrigerant for a long time can cause unit malfunction.
- · Do not charge more than the maximum refrigerant amount. It can cause unit malfunction

5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPE

(1) Check whether an existing pipe system is reusable or not by using the following flow chart.



NOTE

- · Consult with our distributor in the area, if you need to recover refrigerant and charge it again.
- Consult with our distributor in the area, if you need to recover refrigerant and charge it again.

 (2) Clean the existing pipe system according to the procedure given below.

 (a) Carry out forced cooling operation of existing unit for 30 minutes.

 For 'Forced cooling operation' refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

 (b) Stop the indoor fan and carry out forced cooling operation for 3 minutes (Liquid return).

 (c) Close the liquid service valve of the outdoor unit and carry out pump down operation (Refer to 6. PUMP DOWN).
- (d) Blow with nitrogen gas. If discolored refrigeration oil or any foreign matter is discharged by the blow, wash the pipe system or install a new pipe system.

 (3) Remove the flare nuts from the existing pipe system. Go back to 4.CONNECTING PIPING WORK and proceed to step 2.2 Cutting connecting pipe.

⚠ CAUTION

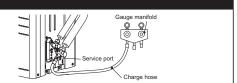
- Do not use the old flare nuts (of existing unit). Make sure that the flare nuts supplied with the (new) outdoor unit are used.
- If the flared / compression connection to the indoor unit is located inside the house / room then this pipework can't be reused.
- If the existing piping is specified as liquid pipe ø9.52 or gas pipe ø12.7, refer to the following. (SRC40,50 and 60 only)

The second secon				
Additional charge volume per meter of pipe		0.054kg/m		
Pipe size Liquid pipe		ø9.52		
Pipe size	Gas pipe	ø12.7		
Maximum one-way pipe length		10		
Length covered without additional charge		5		

Additional charge amount (kg) = {Main pipe length (m) - Length covered without additional charge shown in the table (m)} X Additional charge amount per meter of pipe shown in the table (kg/m)

6. PUMP DOWN

- Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port of outdoor unit.
 Cl Close the liquid service valve with hexagonal wrench key.
 Sl Fully open the gas service valve with hexagonal wrench key.
 Carry out forced cooling operation (For forced cooling operation procedure, refer to indoor unit installation.
- manual).
 (5) When the low pressure gauge becomes 0.01MPa, close the gas service valve and stop forced cooling



7. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK

⚠ WARNING

- Make sure that all the electrical work is carried out in accordance with the national or regional electrical.
- cal standards. Make sure that the earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are installed (Refer to the table given below).

 Do not turn on the power until the electrical work is completed.

 Do not use a condensive capacitor for power factor improvement under any circumstances. (It does not improve power factor. Moreover, it can cause an abnormal overheat accident).

Breaker specifications

Model	Phase	Earth leakage breaker	Circuit breaker
SRC20/25/35	Cinala abasa	Leakage current: 30mA,	Over current: 16A
SRC40/50/60		0.1sec or less	Over current: 20A

Main fuse specification

Model	Specification	Parts No.	Code on LABEL,WIRING	
SRC20/25/35	250V 15A	SSA564A136	F7	
SDC40/50/60	2501/204	SSV264V136V	E4	

1.Preparing cable

- 1.Freparing Cable
 1. Selecting cable
 Select the power source cable and connecting cable in accordance with the specifications mentioned below
 (a) Power source cable
 3 cores* 2.5mm² or more, conformed with 60245 IEC57
 When selecting the power source cable length, make sure that voltage drop is less than 2%.
 If the wire length gets longer, increase the wire diameter.

 (b) Connection cable

In the wire teriging test songler, increase the wire dialiter (b) Connecting cable
4 cores*1.5mm², conformed with 60245 IEC57
* 1 Earth wire is included (Yellow/Green).
(2) Arrange each wire length as shown below.
Make sure that each wire is stripped 10mm from the end.



(3) Attach round crimp-type terminal to each wire as shown in the below

Select the size of round crimp-type terminal after considering the specifications of terminal block and wire



⚠ CAUTION

Power source cable and connecting cable must conform to the specifications mentioned in the manual. Using cables with wrong specifications may result in unit malfunction.

2.Connecting cable

- 2.Connecting cable
 (1) Remove the service cover.
 (2) Connect the cables according to the instructions and figures given below.
 (a) Connect the earth wire of power source cable.

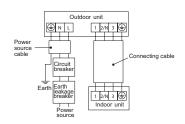
 An earth wire must be connected before connecting the other wires of power source cable.

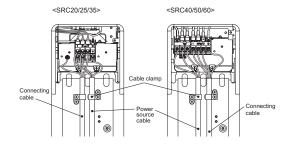
 Keep the earth wire longer than the remaining two wires of power source cable.
 (b) Connect the remaining two wires (N and L) of power source cable.
 (c) Connect the wires of connecting cable. Make sure that for each wire, outdoor and indoor side terminal numbers match.

 (3) Fasten the cables properly with cable clamps so that no external force may work on terminal connections.

tions.

Moreover, make sure that cables do not touch the piping, etc. When cables are connected, make sure that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection.





8. FINISHING WORK

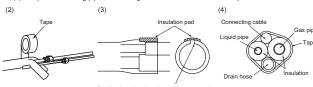
1. Heating and condensation prevention

- (1) Dress the connecting pipes (both liquid and gas pipes) with insulation to prevent it from heating
- insulation is wrapped tightly around the pipes and no go to of higher entriperature, make sure that insulation is wrapped tightly around the pipes and no go to left between them.

 (2) Wrap the refrigerant pipings of indoor unit with indoor unit heat insulation using tape.

 (3) Cover the flare-connected joints (indoor side) with the indoor unit heat insulation and wrap it with
- an insulation pad (standard accessory provided with indoor unit).

(4) Wrap the connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose with the tape



NOTE

Locations where relative humidity exceeds 70%, both liquid and gas pipes need to be dressed with 20mm or thicker heat insulation materials

⚠ CAUTION

- operation. It can cause cable deterioration and personal injury.
- Improper insulation can cause condensate(water) formation during cooling operation.
 Condensate can leak or drip causing damage to household property.
 Poor heat insulating capacity can cause pipe outer surface to reach high temperature during heating

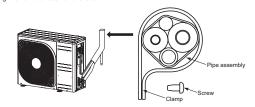
2.Finishing work

- (1) Make sure that the exterior portion of connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose is wrapped and dew condensation.

 Use the heat insulating material which can withstand 120°C or higher temperature. Make sure that

 (2) Fix the pipe assembly with the wall using clamps and screws. Pipe assembly should be anchored ev
 - ery 1.5m or less to isolate the vibration.

 (3) Install the service cover securely. Water may enter the unit if service cover is not installed properly, resulting in unit malfunction and failure.



⚠ CAUTION

Make sure that the connecting pipes do not touch the components within the unit. If pipes touch the internal components, it may generate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations.

9. INSTALLATION TEST CHECK POINTS

After finishing the installation work, check the following points again before turning on the power Conduct test run (Refer to indoor unit installation manual) and ensure that the unit operates properly

Power source voltage complies with the rated voltage of air-conditioner.	
Earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker are installed.	
Power cable and connecting cable are securely fixed to the terminal block.	
Both liquid and gas service valves are fully open.	

No gas leaks from the joints of the service valves. Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated. Drain hose (if installed) is fixed property.		
	No gas leaks from the joints of the service valves.	
Drain hose (if installed) is fixed properly.	Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated.	
	Drain hose (if installed) is fixed properly.	
Screw of the service cover is tightened properly.	Screw of the service cover is tightened properly.	

(3) Safety precautions in handling air-conditioners with flammable refrigerant

(a) Models SRC20ZSX-W SRC25ZSX-W SRC35ZSX-W SRC50ZSX-W, -W1 SRC60ZSX-W, -W1

WALL TYPE AIR-CONDITIONER R32 REFRIGERANT USED





This equipment uses flammable refrigerants. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.



There is information included in the user's manual and/or installation manual.



The user's manual should be read carefully.

A service personnel should be handing this equipment with reference to the installation manual.

• The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, A WARNING and A CAUTION.

MARNING: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death.

⚠ CAUTION : Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances.

⚠ WARNING

- Strict compliance of the domestic laws must be observed when disposing the appliance.
- observed when disposing the appliance.
 Do not use means to accelerate the defrost operation process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
- Do not pierce or burn.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.
- The indoor unit shall be stored in a room that has a minimum area of 4.0 m².

⚠ CAUTION

1. General

- That the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum
- That pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
- That compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- That mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.
- Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

2. Unventilated areas

 The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.

3. Qualification of workers

 The staff in servicing operations must hold the national qualification or other relevant qualifications.

4. Information on servicing

- 4.1 Checks to the area
- Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised.
- For repair to the refrigerating system, 4.3 to 4.7 shall be completed prior to conducting work on the system.
- 4.2 Work procedure
- Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.
- 4.3 General work area
- All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out.
- · Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.
- The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off.
- Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.
- 4.4 Checking for presence of refrigerant
- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres.
- Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e.
- non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

- 4.5 Presence of fire extinguisher
- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
- 4.6 No ignition sources
- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion.
- All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
- Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.
- "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
- 4.7 Ventilated area
- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
- A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.
- The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.
- 4.8 Checks to the refrigeration equipment
- Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:
 - the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed:
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

- 4.9 Checks to electrical devices
- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with.
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.
- Initial safety checks shall include:
- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- that there is continuity of earth bonding

5. Repairs to sealed components

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected.
- This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
- Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE

The use of silicon sealant can inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

⚠ CAUTION

6. Repair to intrinsically safe components

- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
- Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
- The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating
- Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer.
- Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak

7. Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans

8. Detection of flammable refrigerants

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks.
- A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

9. Leak detection methods

- Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
- Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used
- Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
- Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
- If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
- If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

10. Removal and evacuation

- · When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is
- followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

 remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate:
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants,
- the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe.
- This process may need to be repeated several times
- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
- When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.
- This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not
- close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available

11. Charging procedures

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed
- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.
- Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas.
- The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.

 A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to
- leaving the site.

12. Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that: mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 %
- volume liquid charge).

 Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

13. Labelling

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed.
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

14. Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants
- including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it
- is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
- Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.
- Only electric heating to the compressor body shall
- be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

(15. Other safety precautions

- A brazed, welded, or mechanical connection shall be made before opening the valves to permit refrigerant to flow between the refrigerating system parts.
- Flammable refrigerant used, refrigerant tubing protected or enclosed to avoid mechanical damage (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Tubing protected to extent that it will not be handled or used for carrying during moving of product (IEC/ EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Flammable refrigerant used, low temperature solder alloys, such as lead/tin alloys, not acceptable for pipe connections (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- When there is flare connection, it must be installed outdoor

(b) Model SRC50ZSX-W2

RSA012A090A



This equipment uses flammable refrigerants. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.



There is information included in the user's manual and/or installation manual



The user's manual should be read carefully.



A service personnel should be handing this equipment with reference to the installation manual.

- · This safety precaution sheet is for R32 refrigerant. If you want to know the type of refrigerant in the unit, check the label attached to the outdoor unit.
- The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, MARNING and ACAUTION.

⚠ CAUTION : Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances.

$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ Warning

- Strict compliance of the domestic laws must be observed when disposing the appliance.
- Do not use means to accelerate the defrost operation process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- Do not pierce or burn.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an

⚠ CAUTION

1. General

- That the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum
- That pipe-work shall be protected from physica damage.
- That compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- That mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes
- Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- Equipment piping in the occupied space shall be installed in such a way to protect against accidental damage in operation and service.
- Precautions shall be taken to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation to refrigerating piping.
- Protection devices, piping and fittings shall be protected as far as possible against adverse environmental effects, for example, the danger of water collecting and freezing in relief pipes or the accumulation of dirt and debris.
- Provision shall be made for expansion and contraction of long runs of piping.
- Piping in refrigerating systems shall be so designed and installed to minimize the likelihood hydraulic shock damaging the system.
- The indoor equipment and pipes shall be securely mounted and guarded such that accidental rupture of equipment cannot occur from such events as moving furniture or reconstruction activities

(2. Unventilated areas

The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.

(3. Qualification of workers

The staff in servicing operations must hold the national qualification or other relevant qualifications.

4. Information on servicing

- 4.1 Checks to the area
- Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is
- For repair to the refrigerating system, 4.2 to 4.6 shall be completed prior to conducting work on the system.
- 4.2 Work procedure
- Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

- All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out
- Work in confined spaces shall be avoided
- 4.4 Checking for presence of refrigerant
- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres.
- Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- 4.5 Presence of fire extinguisher
- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO, fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
- 4.6 No ignition sources
- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or
- All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
- Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks
- "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
- 4.7 Ventilated area
- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
- A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.
- The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the
- 4.8 Checks to the refrigerating equipment
- Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants
- the actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed:

- the ventilation machinery and outlets are
- operating adequately and are not obstructed;
 if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected:
- refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.
- 4.9 Checks to electrical devices
- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with.
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.
- Initial safety checks shall include:
 - that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- that there is continuity of earth bonding

5. Repairs to sealed components

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected.
- This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.

⚠ CAUTION

- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres
- Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

6. Repair to intrinsically safe components

- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
- Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
 The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.
- Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer.
- Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak

The use of silicon sealant can inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

(7. Cabling)

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

8. Detection of flammable refrigerants

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks.
- A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked
- flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
- Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
- Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
- Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

Examples of leak detection fluids are

- bubble method,
- fluorescent method agents.
- If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
- If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.
- Removal of refrigerant shall be according to Item 9.

9. Removal and evacuation

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration.
- The following procedure shall be adhered to:
- remove refrigerant;purge the circuit with inert gas (option for A2L);
- evacuate (option for A2L);
 purge with inert gas (option for A2L);
 open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

- · The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.
 For appliances containing flammable refrigerants
- other than A2L refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe.
- This process may need to be repeated several times.
- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, other than A2L refrigerants, refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
- When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.
- Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

10. Charging procedures

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

 – Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants
- does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed
- prior to charging the system with refrigerant. Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating system.
- Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas.
- The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning
- A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

(11. Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly; the recovery process is supervised at all times by
- a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 %volume liquid charge).
 i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of
- the cylinder, even temporarily.

- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

12. Labelling

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed.
 For appliances containing flammable refrigerants,
- ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

13. Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed
- safely.
 When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinder are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of
- refrigerant).
 Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if
- possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

 The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants
- including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
- Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.
- Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process.
- When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

14. Other safety precautions

- A brazed, welded, or mechanical connection shall be made before opening the valves to permit refrigerant
- to flow between the refrigerating system parts. Flammable refrigerant used, refrigerant tubing protected or enclosed to avoid mechanical damage (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1). Tubing protected to extent that it will not be handled
- or used for carrying during moving of product (IEC/ EN 60335-2-40/A1)
- Flammable refrigerant used, low temperature solder alloys, such as lead/tin alloys, not acceptable for pipe connections (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Do not use flare nut indoor which is locally procured.

Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

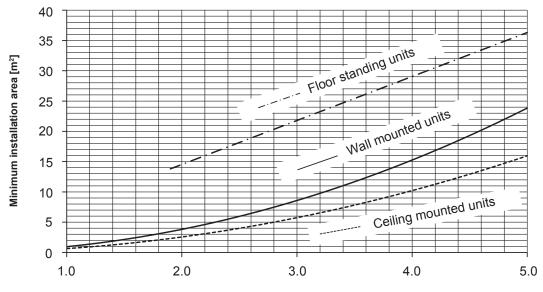
• Minimum installation area for indoor unit

⚠ CAUTION

The indoor unit shall be installed in a room with minimum installation area or more according to the refrigerant charge amount (factory refrigerant charge + additional refrigerant charge).

For factory refrigerant charge, refer to the outdoor unit label model name or installation sheet.

For additional refrigerant charge, refer to the outdoor unit installation sheet.

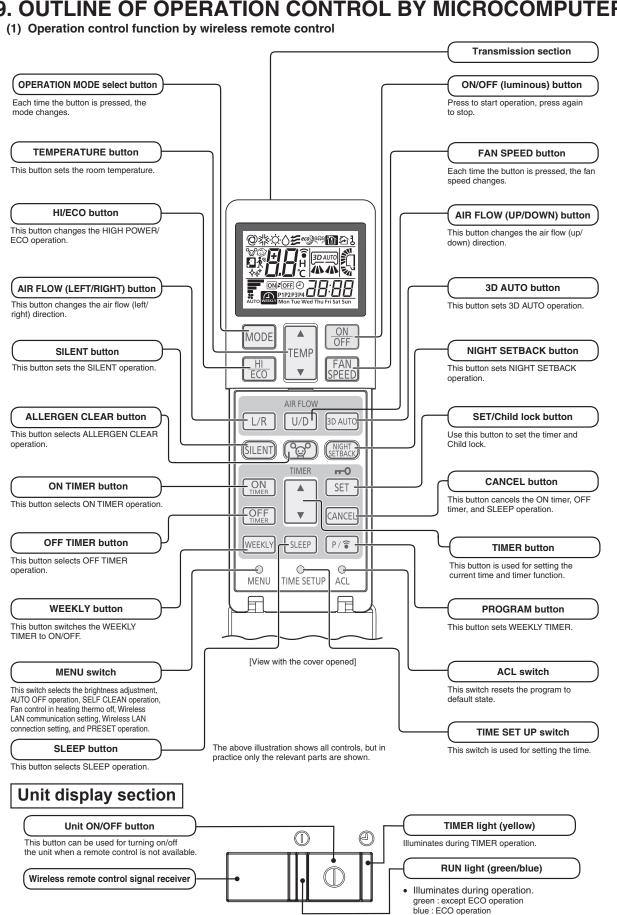


Refrigerant charge amount [kg]

Defrigerent charge	Minimum installation area [m²]		
Refrigerant charge amount [kg]	Wall mounted Ceiling mounted units units		Floor standing units
1.0	1.0	0.6	
1.1	1.2	0.8	
1.2	1.4	0.9	
1.3	1.6	1.1	
1.4	1.9	1.3	No requirements
1.5	2.1	1.4	
1.6	2.4	1.6	
1.7	2.8	1.8	
1.8	3.1	2.1	
1.9	3.4	2.3	13.8
2.0	3.8	2.6	14.5
2.1	4.2	2.8	15.3
2.2	4.6	3.1	16.0
2.3	5.0	3.4	16.7
2.4	5.5	3.7	17.4
2.5	6.0	4.0	18.2
2.6	6.4	4.3	18.9
2.7	7.0	4.7	19.6
2.8	7.5	5.0	20.3
2.9	8.0	5.4	21.1
3.0	8.6	5.7	21.8

Defriesses to be seen	Minimum installation area [m²]		
Refrigerant charge amount [kg]	Wall mounted units	Ceiling mounted units	Floor standing units
3.1	9.2	6.1	22.5
3.2	9.8	6.5	23.2
3.3	10.4	7.0	24.0
3.4	11.0	7.4	24.7
3.5	11.7	7.8	25.4
3.6	12.4	8.3	26.1
3.7	13.1	8.7	26.9
3.8	13.8	9.2	27.6
3.9	14.5	9.7	28.3
4.0	15.3	10.2	29.0
4.1	16.0	10.7	29.8
4.2	16.8	11.3	30.5
4.3	17.6	11.8	31.2
4.4	18.5	12.4	32.0
4.5	19.3	12.9	32.7
4.6	20.2	13.5	33.4
4.7	21.1	14.1	34.1
4.8	22.0	14.7	34.9
4.9	22.9	15.3	35.6
5.0	23.8	16.0	36.3

9. OUTLINE OF OPERATION CONTROL BY MICROCOMPUTER



• RUN lights blink quickly during invalid operation mode.

- Blinks slowly when SELF CLEAN operation (3 seconds ON, 1 second OFF).
- Blinks when air flow is stopped to prevent blowing out of cold air in heating operation. (1.5 seconds ON, 0.5 seconds OFF)
- Blinks slowly when AUTO OFF operation during stand by (3.5 seconds ON, 0.5 second OFF).

(2) Unit ON/OFF button

When the wireless remote control batteries become weak, or if the wireless remote control is lost or malfunctioning, this button may be used to turn the unit on and off.

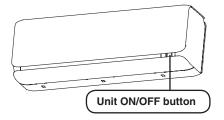
(a) Operation

Push the button once to place the unit in the automatic mode. Push it once more to turn the unit off.

(b) Details of operation

The unit will go into the automatic mode in which it automatically determines, from room temperature (as detected by sensor), whether to go into the COOL, DRY or HEAT modes.

Function Operation mode	Room temperature setting	Fan speed	Flap/Louver	Timer switch
COOL	About 24°C		Auto	Continuous
DRY	About 25°C	Auto		
HEAT	About 26°C			

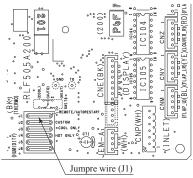


(3) Auto restart function

- (a) Auto restart function records the operational status of the air-conditioner immediately prior to be switched off by a power cut, and then automatically resumes operations after the power has been restored.
- (b) The following settings will be cancelled:
 - (i) Timer settings
 - (ii) HIGH POWER operation

Notes (1) Auto restart function is set at on when the air-conditioner is shipped from the factory. Consult with your dealer if this function needs to be switched off.

- (2) When power failure ocurrs, the timer setting is cancelled. Once power is resumed, reset the timer.
- (3) If the jumper wire (J1) "AUTO RESTART" is cut, auto restart is disabled. (See the diagram at right)



(4) Installing two air-conditioners in the same room

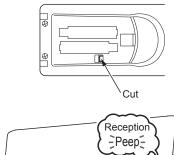
When two air-conditioners are installed in the room, use this setting when the two air-conditioners are not operated with one wireless remote control. Set the wireless remote control and indoor unit.

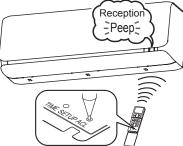
(a) Setting the wireless remote control

- (i) Pull out the cover and take out batteries.
- (ii) Cut the switching line next to the battery with wire cutters.
- (iii) Insert batteries. Close the cover.

(b) Setting an indoor unit

- (i) Turn off the power source, and turn it on after 1 minute.
- (ii) Point the wireless remote control (that was set according to the procedure described on the left side) at the indoor unit and send a signal by pressing the ACL switch on the wireless remote control.
 - Since the signal is sent in about 6 seconds after the ACL switch is pressed, point the wireless remote control at the indoor unit for some time.
- (iii) Check that the reception buzzer sound "Peep" is emitted from the indoor unit.At completion of the setting, the indoor unit emits a buzzer sound "Peep".(If no reception sound is emitted, start the setting from the beginning again.)





(5) Selection of the annual cooling function

(a) The annual cooling control is valid from factory default setting. It is possible to disable by cutting jumper wire (J3), or changing the setting of dip switch (SW2-4) on the interface kit (option) PCB if it is connected.

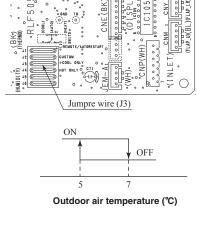
Jumper wire (J3)	Interface kit (SC-BIKN2-E) SW2-4	Function
Shorted	ON	Enabled
Shorted	OFF	Disabled
Open	ON	Disabled
Open	OFF	Disabled

Notes (1) Default states of the jumper wire (J3) and the interface kit at the shipping from factory –On the PCB, the dip switch (SW2-4) is set to enable the annual cooling function.

(2) To cancel the annual cooling setting, consult your dealer.

(b) Content of control

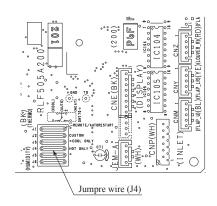
- (i) If the outdoor air temperature sensor (SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3, SRK50, 60 : TH2) detects below 5°C, the indoor unit speed is switched to 8th step.
- (ii) If the outdoor air temperature sensor (SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3, SRK50, 60 : TH2) detects higher than 7°C, the indoor unit speed is changed to the normal control speed.



(6) Heating only function

- (a) Heating only function can be enabled by disconnecting the jumper wire (J4).
- (b) Control contents

Operation mode setting	Operation mode
COOL/DRY/FAN	FAN
AUTO/HEAT	HEAT



(7) High power operation

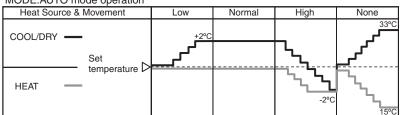
Pressing the HI/ECO button intensifies the operating power and initiates powerful cooling and heating operation for 15 minutes continuously. The wireless remote control displays HIGH POWER mark and the FAN SPEED display disappears.

- (a) During the HIGH POWER operation, the room temperature is not controlled. When it causes an excessive cooling and heating, press the HI/ECO button again to cancel the HIGH POWER operation.
- (b) HIGH POWER operation is not available during the DRY and the ON timer to OFF timer operations.
- (c) When HIGH POWER operation is set after ON timer operation, HIGH POWER operation will start from the set time.
- (d) When the following operation are set, HIGH POWER operation will be cancelled.
 - ① When the HI/ECO button is pressed again.
 - ② When the operation mode is changed.
 - ③ When it has been 15 minutes since HIGH POWER operation has started.
 - ④ When the 3D AUTO botton is pressed.
 - ⑤ When the SILENT botton is pressed.
 - **6** When the NIGHT SETBACK botton is pressed.
- (e) Not operable while the air-conditioner is OFF.
- (f) After HIGH POWER operation, the sound of refrigerant flowing may be heard.

(8) Economy operation

- (a) Pressing the HI/ECO button initiates a soft operation with the power suppressed in order to avoid an excessive cooling or heating.
- (b) The remote control ecol displays.
- (c) The set temperature will be adjusted according to the amount of movement made by the person(s) the motion sensor has detected.

MODE: AUTO mode operation



Low	When the extent of human
LOW	movement is low
Himb	When the extent of human
High	movement is high
None	When there is no one in the
None	room

MODE:COOL/HEAT/DRY mode operation

Heat Source &	Movement	Low	Normal	High	None
COOL/DRY —	Set				
HEAT —	temperature >				15°C

Notes (1) It will go into economy operation at the next time the air-conditioner runs in the following case.

- 1) When the air-conditioner is stopped by ON/OFF button during economy operation.
- ② When the air-conditioner is stopped in SLEEP or OFF TIMER operation during economy operation.
- 3 When the operation is retrieved from SELF CLEAN or ALLERGEN CLEAR operation.
- (2) When the following operations are set, economy operation will be canceled.
- 1) When the HI/ECO button is pressed again.
- 2) When the operation mode is changed from DRY to FAN.
- ③ When the NIGHT SETBACK button is pressed.
- (3) Not operable while the air-conditioner is OFF.

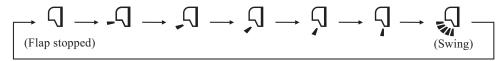
- The set temperature is automatically adjusted during economy operation, however, the indication on the remote control display does not change.
- When the SLEEP TIMER, OFF TIMER, and ON TIMER + OFF TIMER operation are set, the motion sensor does not adjust temperatures.
- When the "None" continues for 1 hour, the FAN SPEED is set ULo.

(9) Air flow direction adjustment

Air flow direction can be adjusted with by AIR FLOW U/D (UP/DOWN) and L/R (LEFT/RIGHT) button on the wireless remote control.

(a) Flap

Every time when you press the AIR FLOW U/D (UP/DOWN) button the mode changes as follows

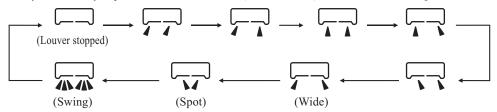


· Angle of flap from horizontal

Wireless remote control display	-7	7	Ţ	7	Ş
COOL, DRY, FAN	Approx. 15°	Approx. 20°	Approx. 25°	Approx. 30°	Approx. 55°
HEAT	Approx. 30°	Approx. 40°	Approx. 45°	Approx. 50°	Approx. 55°

(b) Louver

Every time when you press the AIR FLOW L/R (LEFT/RIGHT) button the mode changes as follows



· Angle of louver

Wireless remote control display	11				
Center installation	Left approx. 50°	Left approx. 20°	Center	Right approx. 20°	Right approx. 50°
Right end installation	Left approx. 50°	Left approx. 45°	Left approx. 30°	Center	Right approx. 20°
Left end installation	Left approx. 20°	Center	Right approx. 30°	Right approx. 45°	Right approx. 50°

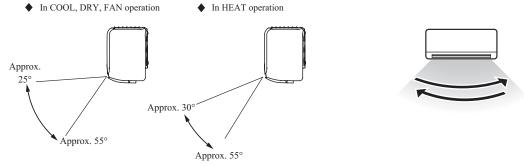
(c) Swing

(i) Swing flap

Flap moves in upward and downward directions continuously.

(ii) Swing louver

Louver moves in left and right directions continuously.



(d) Memory flap (Flap or louver stopped)

When you press the AIR FLOW (UP/DOWN or LEFT/RIGHT) button once while the flap or louver is operating, it stops swinging at the position. Since this angle is memorized in the microcomputer, the flap or louver will automatically be set at this angle when the next operation is started.

(10) 3D auto operation

Control the flap and louver by 3D AUTO button on the wireless remote control.

Fan speed and air flow direction are automatically controlled, allowing the entire indoor to efficiently conditioned.

- (a) During cooling and heating operation (Including auto cooling and heating operation)
 - (i) Air flow selection is determined according to indoor temperature and setting temperature.

Operation mode	Air flow selection				
Operation mode	AUTO		HI	MED	LO
Cooling	Room temp. – Setting temp. >5°C	Room temp. – Setting temp. ≦5°C			
Cooling	HIGH POWER	AUTO	HI	MED	1.0
Heating	Setting temp. – Room temp. >5°C	Setting temp. – Room temp. ≦ 5°C	п п	MED	LO
Heating	HIGH POWER	AUTO			

- (ii) Air flow direction is controlled according to the room temperature and setting temperature.
 - 1) When 3D auto operation starts

	Cooling	Heating	
Flap	Up/down swing		
Louver	Wide (Fixed)	Center (Fixed)	

2) When Room temp. – Setting temp. is $\leq 5^{\circ}$ C during cooling and when setting temp. – Room temp. is $\leq 5^{\circ}$ C during heating, the system switches to the following air flow direction control. After the louver swings left and right symmetrically for 3 cycles, control is switched to the control in 3).

	Cooling Heating		
Flap	Horizontal blowing (Fixed)	Slant forwardl blowing (Fixed)	
Louver	Left/right swing		

3) After the flap swings for 5 cycles, control is switched to the control in 4).

	Cooling	Heating	
Flap	Up/down swing		
Louver	Center (Fixed)		

4) For 5 minutes, the following air flow direction control is carried out.

	Cooling	Heating	
Flap	Horizontal blowing (Fixed)	Slant forwardl blowing (Fixed)	
Louver	Wide (Fixed)		

5) After 5 minutes have passed, the air flow direction is determined according to the room temperature and setting temperature.

Operation mode	Air flow direction contorol				
Cooling	Room temp. – Setting temp. ≦2°C	2°C < Room temp. – Setting temp. ≦5°C	Room temp. – Setting temp. > 5°C		
Cooling	The control in 4) continues.	Control returns to the control in 2).	Control returns to the control in 1).		
Heating	Setting temp. – Room temp. ≦2°C	2°C < Setting temp. – Room temp. ≦5°C	Setting temp. – Room temp. > 5°C		
Heating	The control in 4) continues.	Control returns to the control in 2).	Control returns to the control in 1).		

(b) During DRY operation (including auto DRY operation)

Flap	Horizontal blowing (Fixed)
Louver	Wide (Fixed)

(11) Timer operation

(a) Comfort start-up (ON timer operation)

The unit starts the operation 5 to 60 minutes earlier so that the room can approach optimum temperature at ON timer.

(b) Sleep timer operation

Pressing the SLEEP button causes the temperature to be controlled with respect to the set temperature.

(c) OFF timer operation

The OFF timer can be set at a specific time (in 10-minute units) within a 24-hour period.

(d) Weekly timer operation

Up to 4 programs with timer operation (ON timer / OFF timer) are available for each day of the week.

Note Timer operation from wireless remote control becomes invalid when you connect the interface kit (such as SC-BIKN2-E).

(e) Combination of patterns which can be set for the timer operations

Item	Sleep timer	OFF timer	ON timer	Weekly timer
Sleep timer		×	0	×
OFF timer	×		0	×
ON timer	0	0		×
Weekly timer	×	×	×	

Notes (1) ○: Allowed ×: Not

(2) Since the ON timer, sleep timer and OFF timer are set in parallel, when the times to turn ON and OFF the air-conditioner are duplicated, the setting of the OFF timer has priority.

(12) Silent operation

When the silent operation is set, the unit operates by dropping the outdoor fan speed and the compressor speed.

	SRK20		SRK25		SRK35		SRK50		SRK60	
	Cooling	Heating								
Outdoor fan speed (Upper limit)	4th speed	4th speed	4th speed	4th speed	5th speed	6th speed	5th speed	5th speed	5th speed	5th speed
Compressor speed (Upper limit)	18 rps	26 rps	24 rps	28 rps	36 rps	44 rps	43 rps	48 rps	43 rps	48 rps

(13) Night setback operation

When the night setback operation is set, the heating operation starts with the setting temperature at 10° C.

(14) Air flow range setting

Take the air-conditioner location into account and adjust the left/right air flow range to maximize air-conditioning.

(a) Setting

- (i) If the air-conditioner is running, press the ON/OFF button to stop.The air flow range setting cannot be made while the unit is running.
- (ii) Press the AIR FLOW U/D (UP/DOWN) button and the AIR FLOW L/R (LEFT/RIGHT) button together for 5 seconds or more.

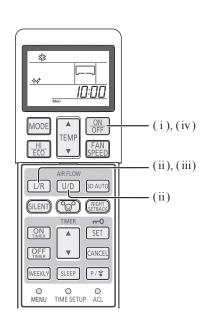
The air flow range setting display illuminates.

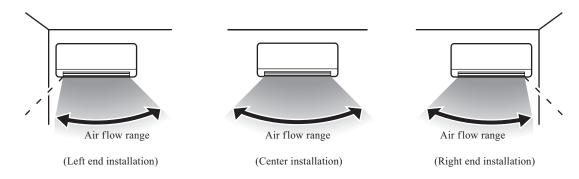
(iii) Setting the air flow range.

Press the AIR FLOW L/R (LEFT/RIGHT) button and adjust to the desired leastion.

Each time the AIR FLOW L/R (LEFT/RIGHT) button is pressed, the display is switched in the order of:







(iv) Press the ON/OFF button.

The air-conditioner's air flow range is set.

Press within 60 seconds of setting the air flow range (while the air flow range setting display illuminates).

(15) Display brightness adjustment

This function can be used when it is necessary to adjust the brightness of unit display.

Brightness level	Run light	Timer light
LV2	100%	100%
LV1	50%	50%
LV0	0%	0%

Note(1) When the unit displays self diagnosis or service mode, brightness level is always LV2.

(16) AUTO OFF operation

In order to prevent the air-conditioner from continuing to operate although the person(s) has already left the room, the air-conditioner automatically stops approximately 1 hour (or 2 hours) after the sensor judges that there is no one in the room.

- (a) Emits a warning sound, "Peep, Peep, Peep", and stops the operation automatically when there is no one in the room for setting time (Standby). When the motion sensor detects a person 12 hours after the operation was stopped, the operation resumes with the same settings. The operation does not resume even if a person is detected after 12 hours has elapsed. (The RUN light blinks slowly during standby.)
- (b) When the SLEEP TIMER, OFF TIMER and ON TIMER + OFF TIMER operation are set, the AUTO OFF functions is disabled.
- (c) The AUTO OFF function does not activate if the operation is started by the ON TIMER when there is no one at home.

(17) Wireless LAN connection function

(a) Operating conditions

When a signal of wireless LAN connection setting was received from a remote control during all air-condinners stop

(b) Detail of operation

- (i) A signal which corresponds to the signal received from a remote control is sent to interface.
- (ii) A buzzer for confirmation of receipt rings.

(c) Reset conditions

When either of the following conditions is satisfied

- (i) When a reception complete signal was received from interface
- (ii) When an interface communication setting OFF signal was received from a remote control

Note Regarding a long buzzer sound (In wireless LAN connection setting)

When RUN light and TIMER light blink simultaneously (at an interval of 2 seconds) and you push the remote control button, the indoor unit may emit a long buzzer sound for approximately 3 seconds.

The occurrence of this buzzer sound is not abnormal.

(18) Fan control during heating thermostat OFF

- (i) Following fan controls during the heating thermostat OFF can be selected with the wireless remote control.
 - 1) Normal thermostat operation 2) Fireplace 3) Interval 4) Stop
- (ii) When the "Normal thermostat operation" is selected, the indoor fan is controlled by HOT KEEP.
- (iii) When the "Fireplace" is selected, it is operated with the set fan speed also in the thermostat OFF condition.
- (iv) If the "Interval" is selected, following controls are performed:
 - 1) If the thermostat is turned OFF during the heating operation, the indoor unit turns OFF the indoor fan.
 - 2) Indoor fan OFF is fixed for 5 minutes. After the 5 minutes, the indoor fan is operated at ① tap for 1 minute.
 - 3) After operating at ① tap for 1 minute, the indoor fan moves to the state of 1) above.
- (v) When the "Stop" is selected, the fan on the indoor unit of which the thermostat has been turned OFF, is turned OFF.

Note To use "Stop" function, additional work in which the suction temperature sensor can detect the room temperature appropriately is required.

Otherwise, it may take time to return to heating and the heating capacity may be insufficient.

(19) Outline of heating operation

(a) Operation of major functional components in heating mode

	Heating							
	Thermostat ON	Thermostat OFF	Failure					
Compressor	ON	OFF	OFF					
Indoor fan	ON	ON(HOT KEEP)*	OFF					
Outdoor fan	ON	OFF (few minutes ON)	OFF					
4-way valve	ON	ON	OFF (3 minutes ON)					

^{*}When a wired remote control is connected, a signal of a wired remote control is priority. HOT KEEP, Fireplace, Interval and Stop can be established.

In the case, indoor air temperature is detected by sensor on the wired remote control.

(b) Details of control at each operation mode (pattern)

(i) Fuzzy operation

Deviation between the indoor temperature setting correction temperature and the return air temperature is calculated in accordance with the fuzzy rule, and used for control of the air capacity and the compressor speed.

Model Fan speed	SRK20	SRK25	SRK35	SRK50	SRK60
Auto	12-78rps	12-86rps	12-98rps	12-106rps	12-120rps
HI	12-78rps	12-86rps	12-98rps	12-106rps	12-120rps
MED	12-78rps	12-86rps	12-98rps	12-106rps	12-120rps
LO	12-42rps	12-50rps	12-66rps	12-78rps	12-90rps
ULO	12-30rps	12-30rps	12-30rps	12-38rps	12-38rps

When the defrost operation protection device, etc. is actuated, operation is performed in the corresponding mode.

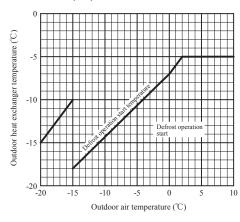
(ii) Hot keep operation

During the heating operation, the indoor fan speed can be controlled based on the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger (Th2) to prevent blowing out of cold air.

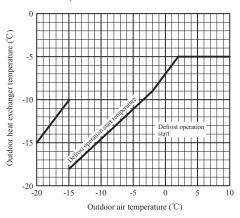
(c) Defrost operation

- (i) Starting conditions (Defrost operation can be started only when all of the following conditions are satisfied.)
 - 1) After start heating operation
 - When it elapsed 35 minutes. (Total compressor operation time)
 - 2) After finish of defrost operation
 - When it elapsed 35 minutes. (Total compressor operation time)
 - 3) Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH2; models SRK50, 60 : TH1) temperature When the temperature has been -5°C or less for 3 minutes continuously.
 - 4) The difference between the outdoor air sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature is as following.

Models SRK20, 25, 35



Models SRK50, 60

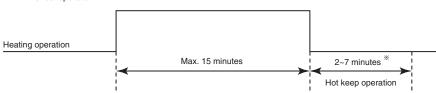


5) During continuous compressor operation

In case satisfied all of following conditions.

- Connect compressor speed 0 rps 10 times or more.
- Satisfy 1), 2) and 3) conditions above.
- Outdoor air temperature is 3°C or less.
- (ii) Ending conditions (Operation returns to the heating cycle when either one of the following is satisfied.)
 - 1) Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH2 ; models SRK50, 60 : TH1) temperature: 13° C (models SRK50, 60 : 10° C) or higher
 - 2) Continued operation time of defrost operation \rightarrow For more than 15 minutes.

Defrost operation



*Depends on an operation condition, the time can be longer than 7 minutes.

(d) Countermeasure for excessive temperature rise

If it feels excessive temperature rise in heating operation, setting temperature can be lower.

(i) Setting

Push ON/OFF button 30 seconds or more after turn on the power source and operate the air-conditioner at least once time, At completion of the setting, the indoor unit emits a buzzer sound "Pip Pip".

(ii) Contents of control

Unit: °C

		Signal of wireless remote control (Display)											
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Before setting	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
After setting	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

(iii) Reset condition

Push ON/OFF button 30 seconds or more during setting this mode. At completion of the reset, the indoor unit emits a buzzer sound "Pip Pip Pip".

(20) Outline of cooling operation

(a) Operation of major functional components in cooling mode

	Cooling						
	Thermostat ON	Thermostat OFF	Failure				
Compressor	ON	OFF	OFF				
Indoor fan	ON	ON	OFF				
Outdoor fan	ON	OFF (few minutes ON)	OFF (few minutes ON)				
4-way valve	OFF	OFF	OFF				

(b) Detail of control in each mode (Pattern)

(i) Fuzzy operation

During the fuzzy operation, the air flow and the compressor speed are controlled by calculating the difference between the indoor temperature setting correction temperature and the return air temperature.

Model Fan speed	SRK20	SRK25	SRK35	SRK50	SRK60
Auto	12-50rps	12-58rps	12-74rps	12-86rps	12-110rps
HI	12-50rps	12-58rps	12-74rps	12-86rps	12-110rps
MED	12-34rps	12-38rps	12-54rps	12-70rps	12-90rps
LO	12-30rps	12-34rps	12-42rps	12-50rps	12-66rps
ULO	12-30rps	12-30rps	12-30rps	12-30rps	12-30rps

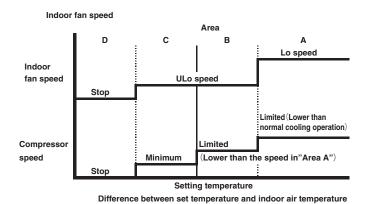
(21) Outline of dehumidifying (DRY) operation

(a) Purpose of DRY mode

The purpose is "Dehumidification", and not to control the humidity to the target condition. Indoor/outdoor unit control the operation condition to reduce the humidity, and also prevent over cooling.

(b) Outline of control

(i) Indoor fan speed and compressor are controlled by the area which is selected by the temperature difference.



(ii) The indoor unit check the current area by every 5 minutes, and operate by the next checking.

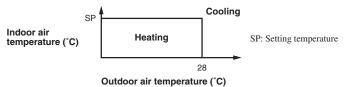
(c) Other

When the outdoor air temperature and room temperature is low in cooling operation, indoor unit can not operate in cooling, and dehumidify. In this case, the units operate in heating to rise the indoor air temperature and after that start DRY operation.

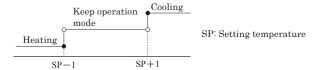
(22) Outline of automatic operation

(a) Determination of operation mode

Operation mode is determined by indoor air temperature and outdoor air temperature as following.



(b) Operation mode is changes when keep cooling and heating thermostat off 20 minutes and be satisfied following conditions. If the setting temperature is changed with the remote control, the operation mode is judged immediately.



Indoor air temperature - Setting temperature (°C)

*It can not be changed to heating mode if outdoor air temperature is 28°C or higher.

- (c) When the unit is started again within one hour after the stop of automatic operation or when the automatic operation is selected during heating, cooling or dehumidifying operation, the unit is operated in the previous operation mode.
- (d) Setting temperature can be adjusted within the following range. There is the relationship as shown below between the signals of the wireless remote control and the setting temperature.

														UIIII · C
			Signals of wireless remote control (Display)											
		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Setting	Cooling	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
temperature	Heating	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

(23) Protective control function

(a) Dew prevention control [Cooling]

Prevents dewing on the indoor unit

(i) Operating conditions

When the following conditions have been satisfied for more than 30 minutes after starting operation

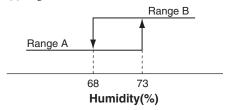
- 1) Compressor's speed is 22 rps or higher.
- 2) Detected value of humidity is 68% (models SRK50, 60 : 60%) or higher.

(ii) Contents of operation

1) Air capacity control

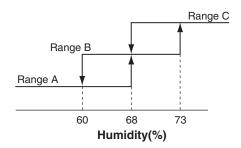
Item	Model	SRK20, 25	SRK35		
ULO	Upper limit of compressor's speed	RangeA: 40rps, RangeB: 24rps	RangeA: 45rps, RangeB: 24rps		
OLO	Indoor fan	4th s	speed		
LO	Upper limit of compressor's speed	RangeA: 40rps, RangeB: 24rps	RangeA: 45rps, RangeB: 24rps		
LO	Indoor fan	Adaptable to co	ompressor speed		
ALITO HI MED	Upper limit of compressor's speed	RangeA: 40rps, RangeB: 30rps	RangeA: 45rps, RangeB: 30rps		
AUTO,HI,MED	Indoor fan	Adaptable to co	ompressor speed		

Note (1) Ranges A and B are as shown below.



Item	Model	SRK50	SRK60
ULO	Upper limit of compressor's speed	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:24rps	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:24rps
OLO	Indoor fan	Range A:Adaptable to compressor speed Range B, Range C:4th speed	Range A:Adaptable to compressor speed Range B, Range C:4th speed
LO	Upper limit of compressor's speed	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:24rps	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:24rps
	Indoor fan	Adaptable to compressor speed	Adaptable to compressor speed
MED	Upper limit of compressor's speed	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:30rps	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:30rps
	Indoor fan	Adaptable to compressor speed	Adaptable to compressor speed
н	Upper limit of compressor's speed	Range A:70rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:30rps	Range A:80rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:30rps
	Indoor fan	Adaptable to compressor speed	Adaptable to compressor speed
AUTO	Upper limit of	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:30rps	Range A:50rps, Range B:50rps, Range C:30rps
A010	compressor's speed Indoor fan	Adaptable to compressor speed	Adaptable to compressor speed

Note(1) Ranges A, B and C are as shown below.



- When this control has continued for more than 30 minutes continuously, the following wind direction control is performed (except for range A of SRK50, 60).
 - a) When the vertical wind direction is set at other than the vertical swing, the flaps change to the horizontal position.
 - b) When the horizontal wind direction is set at other than the horizontal swing the louver changes to the vertical position.

(iii) Reset condition

Humidity is less than 63% (models SRK50, 60:55%).

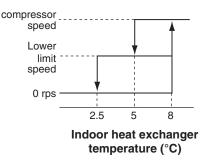
(b) Frost prevention control (During cooling or dehumidifying)

(i) Operating conditions

- 1) Indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) is lower than 5°C.
- 2) 5 minutes after reaching the compressor speed except 0 rps.

(ii) Detail of anti-frost operation

Indoor heat exchanger temperature		2.5°C or lower	
Lower limit of compressor command speed	22 rps	0 rps	
Indoor fan	Depends on operation mode	Keep the fan speed before frost prevention control	
Outdoor fan	Depends on compressor speed	Dananda an atan mada	
4-way valve	OFF	Depends on stop mode	



Notes (1) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 2.5–5°C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps at each 20 seconds.

(2) When the temperature is lower than 2.5°C, the compressor is stopped.

(3) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 5–8°C, the compressor speed is been maintained.

(iii) Reset conditions

When either of the following condition is satisfied

- 1) The indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) is 8°C or higher.
- 2) The compressor speed is 0 rps.

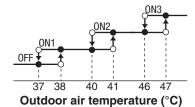
(c) Cooling overload protective control

(i) Operating conditions

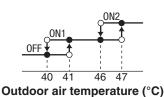
When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) has become continuously for 30 seconds at 38°C or more, or 41°C or more, or 47°C or more with the compressor running, the lower limit speed of compressor is brought up.

Model	SRK20, 25, 35			SRK50, 60	
Outdoor air temperature	38°C or more	41°C or more	47°C or more	41°C or more	47°C or more
Lower limit speed	25 rps	30 rps	40 rps	30 rps	40 rps

SRK20, 25, 35



SRK50, 60



(ii) Detail of operation

- 1) The outdoor fan is stepped up by 3 speed step. [Upper limit 8 th speed.]
- 2) The lower limit of compressor speed is set to 25 or 30 or 40rps. However, when the thermo OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.

(iii) Reset conditions

When either of the following condition is satisfied

- 1) The outdoor air temperature is lower than 37°C (models SRK50, 60 : 40°C).
- 2) The compressor speed is 0 rps.

(d) Cooling high pressure control

(i) Purpose

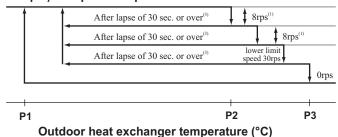
Prevents anomalous high pressure operation during cooling

Detector

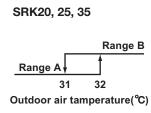
Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH2; models SRK50, 60 : TH1).

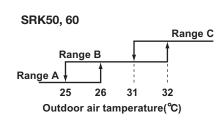
(iii) Detail of operation

(Example) Compressor speed



			els SRK20, els SRK50,	,
		P1	P2	P3
SRK20, 25, 35	Range A	50	52	54
	Range B	53	58	63
	Range A	53	58	63
SRK50, 60	Range B	51	53	56
	Range C	47	49	51





When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of P2-P3°C, the speed is reduced by 8 rps at each 20 seconds.

When the temperature is $P3^{\circ}$ C or higher, the compressor is stopped. When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of $P1-P2^{\circ}$ C, if the compressor speed is been maintained and the operation has continued for more than 20 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal cooling operation.

(e) Cooling low outdoor air temperature protective control

(i) Operating conditions

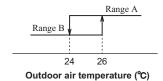
When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is $22^{\circ}C$ or lower continues for 20 seconds while the compressor speed is other than 0 rps.

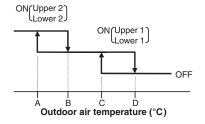
(ii) Detail of operation

- 1) It controls the upper and lower limit values for the compressor speed according to the following table.
- 2) It checks the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) once every hour to judge the operation range.

Values of A, B, C, D

	Compr	essor spe	ed: Upper	/lower lim	it (rps)
	Lower 1 Range B Range A		Upper 1	Lower 2	Upper 2
SRK20, 25, 35	20	Release	70	30	60
SRK50, 60	35	Release	75	45	60





Outdoor air temperature (°C) A B C D SRK20, 25, 35 0 3 22 25 SRK50, 60 9 11 22 25

(iii) Reset conditions

When either of the following condition is satisfied

- 1) The outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35: TH3; models SRK50, 60: TH2) is D°C or higher.
- 2) The compressor speed is 0 rps.

(f) Heating high pressure control

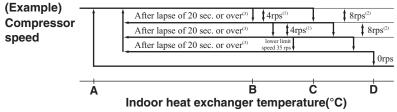
(i) Purpose

Prevents anomalous high pressure operation during heating

(ii) Detector

Indoor heat exchanger sensor (Th2)

(iii) Detail of operation



Notes (1) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of B-C °C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps at each 10 seconds.

- (2) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of C-D °C, the speed is reduced by 8 rps at each 10 seconds. When the temperature is D °C or higher continues for 1 minute, the compressor is stopped.
- (3) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of A-B °C, if the compressor speed is been maintained and the operation has continued for more than 20 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal heating operation.
- (4) Indoor fan retains the fan speed when it enters in the high pressure control. Outdoor fan is operated in accordance with the speed.

Temperature list

120 ≦ RPSmin

remperature list				
SRK20, 25, 35				Unit: °C
	Α	В	С	D
RPSmin < 50	44	51	53.5	60
50 ≦ RPSmin < 115	44	51	56	60
115 ≦ RPSmin < 120	44 - 42	51 - 49	56 - 54	60 - 58
120 ≦ RPSmin	42	49	54	58
SRK50, 60				Unit : °C
	Α	В	С	D
RPSmin < 50	45	52	54.5	58
50 ≦ RPSmin < 115	45	52	57	60
115 ≦ RPSmin < 120	45 - 43	52 - 50	57 - 55	60 - 58

43

(g) Heating overload protective control

(i) Indoor fan speed

1) Operating conditions

When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is 17°C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor speed other than 0 rps.

2) Detail of operation

The indoor fan speed is stepped up by 1 speed step. (Upper limit 10th speed)

3) Reset conditions

The outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35: TH3; models SRK50, 60: TH2) is lower than 16°C.

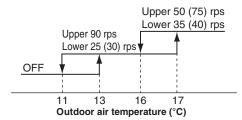
(ii) Outdoor unit side

1) Operating conditions

When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is 13°C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor speed other than 0 rps.

2) Detail of operation

- a) Taking the upper limit of compressor speed at 90 rps or 50 (75) rps, if the output speed obtained with the fuzzy calculation exceeds the upper limit, the upper limit value is maintained.
- b) The lower limit of compressor speed is set to 25 (30) rps or 35 (40) rps and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 25 (30) rps or 35 (40) rps. However, when the thermostat OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.
- c) Inching prevention control is activated and inching prevention control is carried out with the minimum speed set at 40 rps.
- d) The outdoor fan speed is set on 3rd (models SRK50, 60: 2nd) speed.



Note(1) Values in () are for the models SRK50, 60.

3) Reset conditions

The outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35: TH3; models SRK50, 60: TH2) is lower than 11°C.

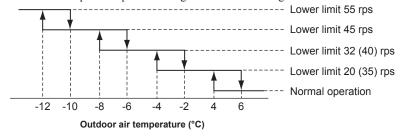
(h) Heating low outdoor temperature protective control

(i) Operating conditions

When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3 ; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is lower than 4° C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor speed is other than 0 rps

(ii) Detail of operation

The lower limit compressor speed is change as shown in the figure below.



Note(1) Values in () are for the models SRK50, 60.

(iii) Reset conditions

When either of the following condition is satisfied

- 1) The outdooe air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3 ; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) becomes 6°C.
- 2) The compressor speed is 0 rps.

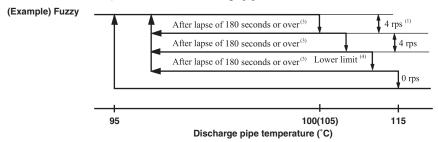
(i) Compressor overheat protection

(i) Purpose

It is designed to prevent deterioration of oil, burnout of motor coil and other trouble resulting from the compressor overheat.

(ii) Detail of operation

 Speeds are controlled with temperature detected by the temperature sensor (models SRK20, 25, 35: TH4; models SRK50, 60: TH3) mounted on the discharge pipe.



- Notes (1) When the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 100 (105) 115°C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps.
 - (2) When the discharge pipe temperature is raised and continues operation for 20 seconds without changing, then the speed is reduced again by 4 rps.
 - (3) If the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 95-100 (105) °C even when the compressor speed is maintained for 180 seconds when the temperature is in the range of 95-100 (105) °C, the speed is raised by 1 rps and kept at that speed for 180 seconds. This process is repeated until the command speed is reached.
 - (4) Lower limit speed

	Cooling	Heating
Lower limit speed	22 (25) rps	32 rps

- (5) Values in () are for the models SRK50, 60.
- 2) If the temperature of 115°C is detected by the sensor on the discharge pipe, then the compressor will stop immediately. When the discharge pipe temperature drops and 3 minutes has elapsed the unit starts again within 1 hour but there is no start at the third time.

(j) Current safe

(i) Purpose

Current is controlled not to exceed the upper limit of the setting operation current.

(ii) Detail of operation

Input current to the converter is monitored with the current sensor fixed on the printed circuit board of the outdoor unit and, if the operation current value reaches the limiting current value, the compressor speed is reduced.

If the mechanism is actuated when the compressor speed is less than 30 rps, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after 3 minutes.

(k) Current cut

(i) Purpose

Inverter is protected from overcurrent.

(ii) Detail of operation

Output current from the inverter is monitored with a shunt resistor and, if the current exceeds the setting value, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after 3 minutes.

(I) Outdoor unit failure

This is a function for determining when there is trouble with the outdoor unit during air-conditioning.

The compressor is stopped if any one of the following in item (i), (ii) is satisfied. Once the unit is stopped by this function, it is not restarted.

- (i) When the input current is measured at 1 A or less for 3 continuous minutes or more
- (ii) If the outdoor unit sends a 0 rps signal to the indoor unit 3 times or more within 20 minutes of the power being turned on

(m) Indoor fan motor protection

When the air-conditioner is operating and the indoor fan motor is turned ON, if the indoor fan motor has operated at 300 min⁻¹ or under for more than 30 seconds, the unit enters first in the stop mode and then stops the entire system

(n) Serial signal transmission error protection

(i) Purpose

Prevents malfunction resulting from error on the indoor ↔ outdoor signals

(ii) Detail of operation

If the compressor is operating and a serial signal cannot be received from the indoor control with outdoor control having serial signals continues for 7 minutes and 35 seconds, the compressor is stopped.

After the compressor has been stopped, it will be restarted after the compressor start delay if a serial signal can be received again from the indoor control.

(o) Rotor lock

If the motor for the compressor does not turn after it has been started, it is determined that a compressor lock has occurred and the compressor is stopped.

(p) Outdoor fan motor protection

If the outdoor fan motor has operated at 75 min⁻¹ or under for more than 30 seconds, the compressor and fan motor are stopped.

(q) Outdoor fan control at low outdoor temperature

(i) Cooling

1) Operating conditions

When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is 22°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while the compressor speed is other than 0 rps.

2) Detail of operation

After the outdoor fan operates at A speed for 60 seconds; the corresponding outdoor heat exchanger temperature shall implement the following controls.

Value of A

	Outdoor fan
Outdoor air temperature > 10°C	2nd speed
Outdoor air temperature ≦ 10°C	1st speed

- a) Outdoor heat exchanger temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH2 ; models SRK50, 60 : TH1) ≤ 21°C After the outdoor fan speed drops (down) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 21°C, gradually reduce the outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Lower limit 1st speed)
- b) 21°C < Outdoor heat exchanger temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH2 ; models SRK50, 60 : TH1) ≤ 38°C After the outdoor fan speed maintains at A speed for 20 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is 21°C-38°C, maintain outdoor fan speed.
- c) Outdoor heat exchanger tempeature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH2; models SRK50, 60 : TH1) > 38°C After the outdoor fan speed rises (up) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 38°C, gradually increase outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Upper limit 3rd speed)

3) Reset conditions

When either of the following conditions is satisfied

- a) The outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is 25°C or higher.
- b) The compressor speed is 0 rps.

(ii) Heating

1) Operating conditions

When the outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is -2°C (models SRK50, 60 : 4°C) or lower continues for 30 seconds while the compressor speed is other than 0 rps.

2) Detail of operation

The outdoor fan is stepped up by 2 speed step at each 20 seconds. (Upper limit 8th speed)

3) Reset conditions

When either of the following conditions is satisfied

- a) The outdoor air temperature (models SRK20, 25, 35 : TH3; models SRK50, 60 : TH2) is 0°C (models SRK50, 60 : 6°C) or higher.
- b) The compressor speed is 0 rps.

(r) Refrigeration cycle system protection

(i) Starting conditions

- 1) When A minutes have elapsed after the compressor ON or the completion of the defrost operation
- 2) Other than the defrost operation
- 3) When, after satisfying the conditions of 1) and 2) above, the compressor speed, room temperature (Th1) and indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) have satisfied the conditions in the following table for 5 minutes:

Operation mode	A	Compressor speed (N)	Room temperature (Th1)	Room temperature (Th1)/ Indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2)
Cooling	5	40≦N	10≦Th1≦40	Th1-4 <th2< td=""></th2<>
Heating ⁽¹⁾	8	$40 \le N (TH^{(2)} \ge 0^{\circ}C)$ $60 \le N (TH^{(2)} < 0^{\circ}C)$	0≦Th1≦40	Th2 <th1+6< td=""></th1+6<>

Notes (1) Except that the fan speed is HI in heating operation and silent mode control.

(2) * = 3 (models SRK20, 25, 35), * = 2 (models SRK50, 60)

(ii) Contents of control

- 1) When the conditions of (i) above are satisfied, the compressor stops.
- 2) Error stop occurs when the compressor has stopped 3 times within 60 minutes.

(iii) Reset condition

When the compressor has been turned OFF

10. MAINTENANCE DATA

(1) Cautions

- (a) If you are disassembling and checking an air-conditioner, be sure to turn off the power before beginning. When working on indoor units, let the unit sit for about 1 minute after turning off the power before you begin work. When working on an outdoor unit, there may be an electrical charge applied to the main circuit (electrolytic condenser), so begin work only after discharging this electrical charge (to DC10V or lower).
- (b) When taking out printed circuit boards, be sure to do so without exerting force on the circuit boards or package components.
- (c) When disconnecting and connecting connectors, take hold of the connector housing and do not pull on the lead wires.

(2) Items to check before troubleshooting

- (a) Have you thoroughly investigated the details of the trouble which the customer is complaining about?
- (b) Is the air-conditioner running? Is it displaying any self-diagnosis information?
- (c) Is a power source with the correct voltage connected?
- (d) Are the control lines connecting the indoor and outdoor units wired correctly and connected securely?
- (e) Is the outdoor unit's service valve open?

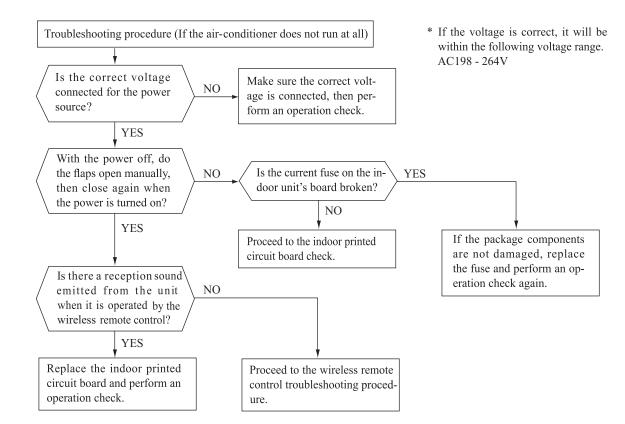
(3) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air-conditioner does not run at all)

If the air-conditioner does not run at all, diagnose the trouble using the following troubleshooting procedure. If the air-conditioner is running but breaks down, proceed to troubleshooting step (4).

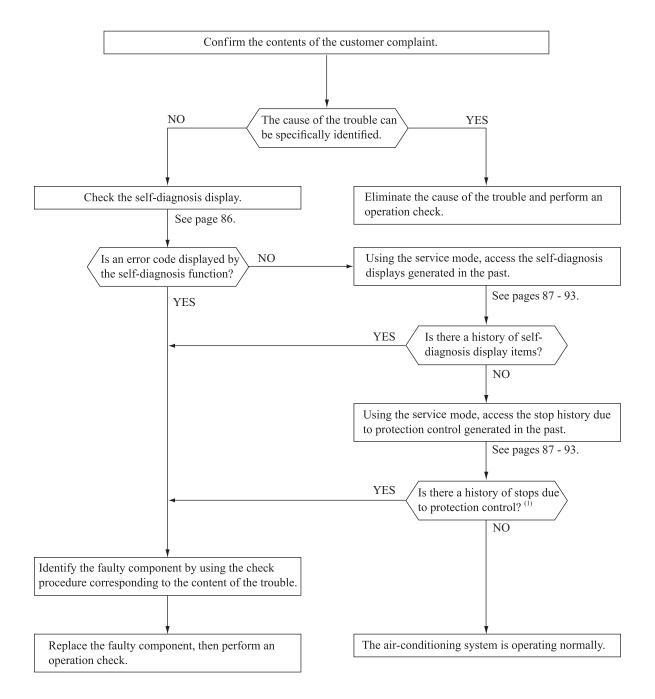
Important When all t

When all the following conditions are satisfied, we say that the air-conditioner will not run at all.

- (a) The RUN light does not light up.
- (b) The flaps do not open.
- (c) The indoor unit fan motors do not run.
- (d) The self-diagnosis display does not function.



(4) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air-conditioner runs)



Note (1) Even in cases where only intermittent stop data are generated, the air-conditioning system is normal. However, if the same protective operation recurs repeatedly (3 or more times), it will lead to customer complaints. Judge the conditions in comparison with the contents of the complaints.

(5) Self-diagnosis table

When this air-conditioner performs an emergency stop, the reason why the emergency stop occurred is displayed by the flashing of display lights. If the air-conditioner is operated using the remote control 3 minutes or more after the emergency stop, the trouble display stops and the air-conditioner resumes operation. (1)

Indoor unit of RUN light	display panel TIMER light	Wired (2) remote control display	Description	Cause	Display (flashing) condition
1-time flash	ON	_	Heat exchanger sensor 1 error	Broken heat exchanger sensor 1 wire, poor connector connection Indoor unit PCB is faulty	When a heat exchanger sensor 1 wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of –28°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
2-time flash	ON	_	Room temperature sensor error	Broken room temperature sensor wire, poor connector connection Indoor unit PCB is faulty	When a room temperature sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of –45°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
3-time flash	ON	_	Heat exchanger sensor 2 error	Broken heat exchanger sensor 2 wire, poor connector connection Indoor unit PCB is faulty	When a heat exchanger sensor 2 wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -28°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
6-time flash	ON	E 16	Indoor fan motor error	Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When conditions for turning the indoor unit's fan motor on exist during air conditioner operation, an indoor unit fan motor speed of 300 min ⁻¹ or lower is measured for 30 seconds or longer. (The air-conditioner stops.)
Keeps flashing	1-time flash	E 38	Outdoor air temperature sensor error	Broken outdoor air temp. sensor wire, poor connector connection Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or -55°C or lower is detected for within 20 seconds after power ON. (The compressor is stopped.)
Keeps flashing	2-time flash	E 37	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor error	Broken heat exchanger sensor wire, poor connector connection Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or -55°C or lower is detected for within 20 seconds after power ON. (The compressor is stopped.)
Keeps flashing	4-time flash	E 39	Discharge pipe sensor error	Broken discharge pipe sensor wire, poor connector connection Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-25°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. (The compressor is stopped.)
ON	1-time flash	E 42	Current cut	Compressor locking, open phase on compressor output, short circuit on power transistor, service valve is closed	The compressor output current exceeds the set value during compressor start. (The air-conditioner stops.)
ON	2-time flash	E 59	Trouble of outdoor unit	Broken compressor wire Compressor blockage	When there is an emergency stop caused by trouble in the outdoor unit, or the input current value is found to be lower than the set value. (The air-conditioner stops.)
ON	3-time flash	E 58	Current safe stop	Overload operation Overcharge Compressor locking	When the compressor speed is lower than the set value and the current safe has operated. (The compressor stops)
ON	4-time flash	E 51	Power transistor error	Broken power transistor	When the power transistor is judged breakdown while compressor starts. (The compressor is stopped.)
ON	5-time flash	E 36	Over heat of compressor	Gas shortage, defective discharge pipe sensor, service valve is closed	When the value of the discharge pipe sensor exceeds the set value. (The air-conditioner stops.)
ON	6-time flash	E 5	Error of signal transmission	Defective power source, Broken signal wire, defective indoor/outdoor unit PCB	When there is no signal between the indoor unit PCB and outdoor unit PCB for 10 seconds or longer (when the power is turned on), or when there is no signal for 7 minute 35 seconds or longer (during operation) (The compressor is stopped).
ON	7-time flash	E 48	Outdoor fan motor error	Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When the outdoor unit's fan motor speed continues for 30 seconds or longer at 75 min ⁻¹ or lower. (3 times) (The air-conditioner stops.)
ON	Keeps flashing	E 35	Cooling high pressure protecton	Overload operation, overcharge Broken outdoor heat exchange sensor wire Service valve is closed	When the value of the outdoor heat exchanger sensor exceeds the set value.
2-time flash	2-time flash	E 60	Rotor lock	Defective compressor Open phase on compressor Defective outdoor unit PCB	If the compressor motor's magnetic pole positions cannot be correctly detected when the compressor starts. (The air-conditioner stops.)
4-time flash	ON	_	Trouble of wireless LAN interface	Defective wireless LAN interface boards, poor connector connection	When normal data cannot be received from wireless LAN interface for two minutes continuously
5-time flash	ON	E 47	Active filter voltage error	Defective active filter	When the wrong voltage connected for the power source. When the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.
7-time flash	ON	E 57	Refrigeration cycle system protective control	Service valve is closed. Refrigerant is insufficient	When refrigeration cycle system protective control operates.
_	_	E 1	Error of wired remote control wiring	Broken wired remote control wire, defective indoor unit PCB	The wired remote control wire Y is open. The wired remote control wires X and Y are reversely connected. Noise is penetrating the wired remote control lines. The wired remote control or indoor unit PCB is faulty. (The communications circuit is faulty.)
Stays OFF	Keeps flashing	_	Limit switch error	Defective limit switch Defective suction panel set Defective indoor unit control PCB	Actuation of limit switch

Notes (1) The air-conditioner cannot be restarted using the remote control for 3 minutes after operation stops.

⁽²⁾ The wired remote control is option parts.

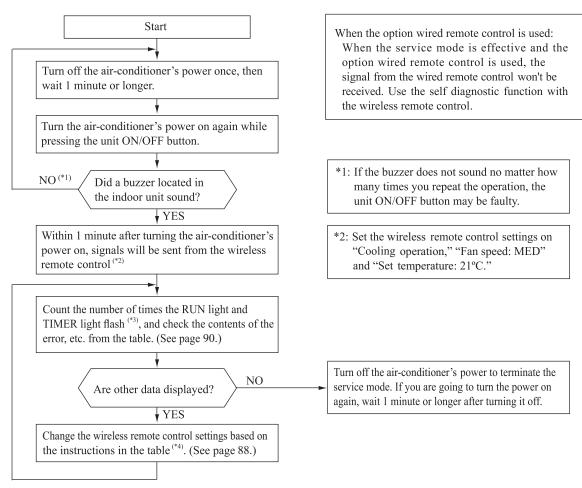
(6) Service mode (Trouble mode access function)

This air-conditioner is capable of recording error displays and protective stops (service data) which have occurred in the past. If self-diagnosis displays cannot be confirmed, it is possible to get a grasp of the conditions at the time trouble occurred by checking these service data.

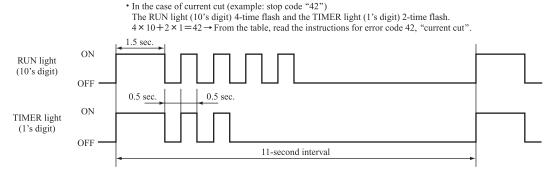
(a) Explanation of terms

Term	Explanation
Service mode	The service mode is the mode where service data are displayed by flashing of the display lights when the operations in item (b) below are performed with the indoor control.
Service data	These are the contents of error displays and protective stops which occurred in the past in the air-conditioner system. Error display contents and protective stop data from past anomalous operations of the air-conditioner system are saved in the indoor unit control's non-volatile memory (memory which is not erased when the power goes off). There are two types of data, self-diagnosis data and stop data, described below.
Self-diagnosis data	These are the data which display the reason why a stop occurred when an error display (self-diagnosis display) occurred in an indoor unit. Data are recorded for up to 5 previous occurrences. Data which are older than the 5th previous occurrence are erased. In addition, data on the temperature of each sensor (room temperature, indoor heat exchanger, outdoor heat exchanger, outdoor air temperature, discharge pipe), remote control information (operation switching, fan speed switching) are recorded when trouble occurs, so more detailed information can be checked.
Stop data	These are the data which display the reason by a stop occurred when the air-conditioning system performed protective stops, etc. in the past. Even if stop data alone are generated, the system restarts automatically. (After executing the stop mode while the display is normal, the system restarts automatically.) Data for up to 10 previous occasions are stored. Data older than the 10th previous occasion are erased. (Important) In cases where transient stop data only are generated, the air-conditioner system may still be normal. However, if the same protective stop occurs frequently (3 or more times), it could lead to customer complaints.

(b) Service mode display procedure



*3: To count the number of flashes in the service mode, count the number of flashes after the light lights up for 1.5 second initially (start signal). (The time that the light lights up for 1.5 second (start signal) is not counted in the number of flashes.)



*4: When in the service mode, when the wireless remote control settings (operation mode, fan speed mode, temperature setting) are set as shown in the following table and sent to the air-conditioner unit, the unit switches to display of service data.

(i) Self-diagnosis data

What are self-diagnosis data?

These are control data (reasons for stops, temperature at each sensor, wireless remote control information) from the time when there were error displays (abnormal stops) in the indoor unit in the past.

Data from up to 5 previous occasions are stored in memory. Data older than the 5th previous occasion are erased. The temperature setting indicates how many occasions previous to the present setting the error display data are and the operation mode and fan speed mode data show the type of data.

Wireless remote control setting		Combonto of output data
Operation mode	Fan speed mode	Contents of output data
	MED	Displays the reason for stopping display in the past (error code).
Cooling	HI	Displays the room temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.
AUTO		Displays the indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.
	LO	Displays the wireless remote control information at the time the error code was displayed in the past.
MED		Displays the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.
Heating	HI	Displays the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.
	AUTO	Displays the discharge pipe sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.

Wireless remote control setting	Indicates the number of occasions previous to the present
Temperature setting	the error display data are from.
21°C	1 time previous (previous time)
22°C	2 times previous
23°C	3 times previous
24°C	4 times previous
25°C	5 times previous

Only for indoor heat exchanger sensor 2

Wireless remote control setting	Indicates the number of occasions previous to the present					
Temperature setting	the error display data are from.					
26°C	1 time previous (previous time)					
27°C	2 times previous					
28°C	3 times previous					
29°C	4 times previous					
30°C	5 times previous					

(Example)

Wireless remote control setting			
Operation mode	Fan speed mode	Temperature setting	Displayed data
_		21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) the previous time an error was displayed.
		22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 2 times previous when an error was displayed.
Cooling	Cooling MED 23°C		Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 3 times previous when an error was displayed.
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 4 times previous when an error was displayed.
		25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 5 times previous when an error was displayed.

(ii) Stop data

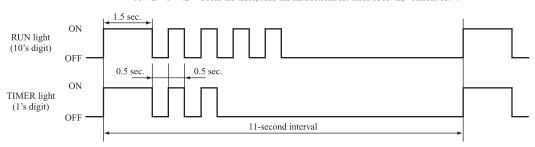
Wireless	Wireless remote control setting						
Operation mode	Fan speed mode	Temperature setting	Displayed data				
		21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) the previous time when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
		22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 2 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
		23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 3 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 4 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
Cooling	LO	25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 5 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
Cooming	LO	26°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 6 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop contr				
			Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 7 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
		28°C Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 8 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by prote					
			Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 9 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				
		30°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 10 times previous when the air-conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.				

(c) Error code, stop code table (Assignment of error codes and stop codes is done in common for all models.)

Number of flashes when in service mode Stop of		Stop code				F	A
RUN light	TIMER light (1's digit)	or Error code	Error content	Cause	Occurrence conditions	Error display	Auto
	OFF	0	Normal	_	_	_	-
OFF	1-time flash	01	Error of wired remote control wiring (When wired remote control was connected) (When wireless LAN interface was connected, refer to page 86.)	Broken wired remote control wire. defective indoor unit PCB	The wired remote control wire Y is open. The wired remote control wires X and Y are reversely connected. Noise is penetrating the wired remote control lines. The wired remote control or indoor unit PCB is faulty.	_	C
	5-time flash	05	Can not receive signals for 35 seconds (if communications have recovered)	Power source is faulty. Power source cables and signal lines are improperly wired. Indoor or outdoor unit PCB are faulty	When 35 seconds passes without communications signals from either the outdoor unit or the indoor unit being detected correctly.	0	_
	5-time flash	35	Cooling high pressure control	Cooling overload operation. Outdoor unit fan speed drops. Outdoor heat exchanger sensor is short circuit.	When the outdoor heat exchanger sensor's value exceeds the set value.		
	6-time flash	36	Compressor overheat 110°C	Refrigerant is insufficient. Discharge pipe sensor is faulty. Service valve is closed.	When the discharge pipe sensor's value exceeds the set value.	(2 times)	
3-time flash	7-time flash	37	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor is abnormal	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after intial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or-55°C lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after power ON.	(3 times)	
	8-time flash	8-time flash Outdoor air temperature sensor wire is disconnected. Connected. Consected continuousl within 40 minutes after intial detection of this anoma temperature. Or-55°C lower is detected for 5 seconds continuousl within 20 seconds after power ON.		Or-55°C lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously	(3 times)		
	9-time flash	39	Discharge pipe sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop)	Discharge pipe sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	–25°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after intial detection of this anomalous temperature.	(3 times)	
	OFF	40	Service valve (gas side) closed operation	Service valve (gas side) closed Outdoor unit PCB is faulty.	If the inverter output current value exceeds the setting value within 80 seconds after the compressor ON in the heating mode, the compressor stops.	(2 times)	
4-time flash	2-time flash	42	Current cut	Compressor lock. Compressor wiring short circuit. Compressor output is open phase. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty Service valve is closed. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Compressor is faulty.	Compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is current cut.	(2 times)	(
	7-time flash	47	Active filter voltage error	Defective active filter	When the wrong voltage connected for the power source. When the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.	0	-
	8-time flash	48	Outdoor unit's fan motor is abnormal	Outdoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	When the outdoor unit PCB is faulty. When a fan speed of 75 min ⁻¹ or lower continues for 30 seconds or longer.		
	1-time flash	51	Short circuit in the power transistor (high side) Current cut circuit breakdown	Outdoor unit PCB is faulty Power transistor is damaged.	When it is judged that the power transistor was damaged at the time the compressor started.	0	_
	7-time flash	57	Refrigeration cycle system protective control	Service valve is closed. Refrigerant is insufficient.	When refrigeration cycle system protective control operates.	(3 times)	(
5-time flash	8-time flash	58	Current safe	Refrigerant is overcharge. Compressor lock. Overload operation.	When there is a current safe stop during operation.	_	
	9-time flash	59	Compressor wiring is unconnection Voltage drop Low speed protective control	Compressor wiring is disconnected. Power transistor is damaged. Power source construction is defective. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty Compressor is faulty.	When the current is 1A or less at the time the compressor started. When the power source voltage drops during operation. When the compressor command speed is 1 ower than 32 rps for 60 minutes.	0	
	OFF	60	Rotor lock	Compressor is faulty. Compressor output is open phase. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Overload operation. Outdoor unit PCB is faulty	After the compressor starts, when the compressor stops due to rotor lock.	(2 times)	
6-time flash	1-time flash	61	Connection lines between the indoor and outdoor units are faulty	Connection lines are faulty. Indoor or outdoor unit PCB are faulty	When 10 seconds passes after the power is turned on without communications signals from the indoor or outdoor unit being detected correctly.	0	-
	2-time flash	62	Serial transmission error	Indoor or outdoor unit PCB are faulty Noise is causing faulty operation.	When 7 minute 35 seconds passes without communications signals from either the outdoor unit or the indoor unit being detected correctly.	0	_
	OFF	80	Indoor unit's fan motor is abnormal	Indoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Indoor unit PCB is faulty	When the indoor unit's fan motor is detected to be running at 300 min' or lower speed with the fan motor in the ON condition while the air-conditioner is running.	0	_
	2-time flash	82	Indoor heat exchanger sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop)	Indoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor.	When a temperature of -28°C or lower is sensed continuously for 40 minutes during heating operation. (The compressor stops).	0	-
8-time flash	4-time flash	84	Anti-condensation control	High humidity condition. Humidity sensor is faulty.	Anti-condensation prevention control is operating.	_	
	5-time flash	85	Anti-frost control	Indoor unit fan speed drops. Indoor heat exchanger sensor is broken wire.	When the anti-frost control operates and the compressor stops during cooling operation.	_	(
	6-time flash	86	Heating high pressure control	Heating overload operation. Indoor unit fan speed drops. Indoor heat exchanger sensor is short circuit.	When high pressure control operates during heating operation and the compressor stops.	_	

Notes (1) The number of flashes when in the service mode do not include the 1.5 second period when the lights light up at first (start signal). (See the example shown below.)

• In the case of current cut (example: stop code "42") The RUN light (10's digit) 4-time flash and the TIMER light (1's digit) 2-time flash. $4 \times 10 + 2 \times 1 = 42 \rightarrow$ From the table, read the instructions for error code 42, "current cut".



(2) Error display: - Is not displayed. (automatic recovery only)

 $\bigcirc \ Displayed.$

If there is a () displayed, the error display shows the number of times that an auto recovery occurred for the same reason has

reached the number of times in ().

If no () is displayed, the error display shows that the trouble has occurred once.

- Does not occur (3) Auto recovery:

O Auto recovery occurs.

(d) Operation mode, fan speed mode information tables

(i) Operation mode

Display pattern when in service mode RUN light (10's digit)	Operation mode when there is an abnormal stop
_	AUTO
1-time flash	DRY
2-time flash	COOL
3-time flash	FAN
4-time flash	HEAT

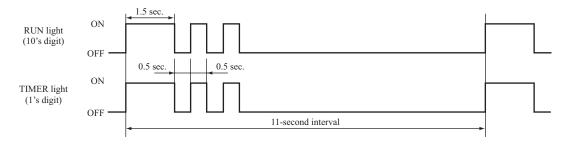
(ii) Fan speed mode

Display pattern when in service mode	Fan speed mode when
TIMER light (1's digit)	there is an abnormal stop
_	AUTO
2-time flash	HI
3-time flash	MED
4-time flash	LO
5-time flash	ULO
6-time flash	HI POWER
7-time flash	ECO

^{*} If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the information display in the operation mode and fan speed mode becomes as follows.

Mode	Display when error code is normal.
Operation mode	AUTO
Fan speed mode	AUTO

(Example): Operation mode: COOL, Fan speed mode: HI



(e) Temperatare information

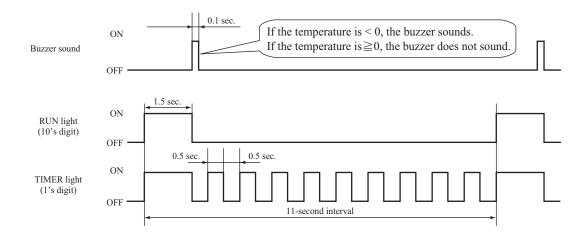
(i) Room temperature sensor, indoor heat exchanger sensor, outdoor air temperature sensor, outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature

										U	nit: °C
TIMER light (1's digit) RUN light (10's digit) Buzzer sound			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	6	-60	-61	-62	-63	-64					
	5	-50	-51	-52	-53	-54	-55	-56	-57	-58	-59
	4	-40	-41	-42	-43	-44	-45	-46	-47	-48	-49
Yes (sounds for 0.1 second)	3	-30	-31	-32	-33	-34	-35	-36	-37	-38	-39
(**************************************	2	-20	-21	-22	-23	-24	-25	-26	-27	-28	-29
	1	-10	-11	-12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	-18	-19
	0		-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	3	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
No	4	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
(does not sound)	5	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
	6	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
	7	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
	8	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
	9	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each temperature information becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Room temperature sensor	-64°C
Indoor heat exchanger sensor	-64°C
Outdoor air temperature sensor	-64°C
Outdoor heat exchanger sensor	-64°C

(Example) Outdoor heat exchanger temperature data: "-9°C"



(ii) Discharge pipe sensor temperature

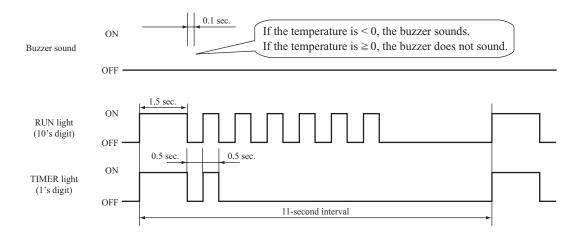
										Uı	nit: °C
RUN lig	TIMER light (1's digit)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
(10's digit) Buzzer sound		Ü	1	2	3	'	3	O	,	0	
	3	-60	-62	-64							
Yes	2	-40	-42	-44	-46	-48	-50	-52	-54	-56	-58
(sounds for 0.1 second)	1	-20	-22	-24	-26	-28	-30	-32	-34	-36	-38
	0		-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-12	-14	-16	-18
	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
	1	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38
	2	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58
No	3	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
(does not sound)	4	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
	5	100	102	104	106	108	110	112	114	116	118
	6	120	122	124	126	128	130	132	134	136	138
	7	140	142	144	146	148	150				

* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each temperature information becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Discharge pipe sensor	-64°C

(Example) Discharge pipe temperature data: "122°C"

* In the case of discharge pipe data, multiply the reading value by 2. (Below, $61 \times 2 = 122$ °C")



Service data record form

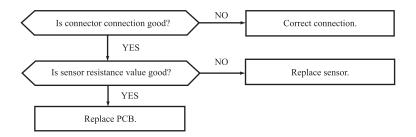
Customer				Model				
Date of inve	estigation							
Machine na								
Content of o	complaint							
Wireless r	emote contro	l settings				Display resul	ts	D: 1
Temperature setting		Fan speed mode	Content of displayed da	ata	Buzzer (Yes/No.)	RUN light (Times)	TIMER light (Times)	Display content
		MED	Error code on previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on previous occasi	on				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on previous of	ccasion				
21		LO	Wireless remote control information on previous occasion					
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on previous occasion					
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on previous or	ccasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on previous occasion					
26	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on previous of	ccasion				
		MED	Error code on second previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on second previous	occasion				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on second previ	ous occasion				
22		LO	Wireless remote control information on secon	nd previous occasion				
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on second pre	vious occasion				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on second pre	vious occasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on second previous occ	easion				
27	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on second occ	easion				
		MED	Error code on third previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on third previous of	ccasion				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on third previ-	ous occasion				
23		LO	Wireless remote control information on third	previous occasion				
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on third previ-	ous occasion				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on third previous	ous occasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on third previous occas	ion				
28	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on third occas	ion				
		MED	Error code on fourth previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on fourth previous	occasion				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on fourth prev	vious occasion				
24		LO	Wireless remote control information on four	th previous occasion				
	II. atio	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on fourth prev	rious occasion				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on fourth prev	rious occasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on fourth previous occa	asion				
29	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on fouth occa-	sion				
		MED	Error code on fifth previous occasion					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on fifth previous oc	ecasion				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on fifth previous	ous occasion				
25		LO	Wireless remote control information on fifth	previous occasion				
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on fifth previo	ous occasion				
		HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on fifth previous	ous occasion				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on fifth previous occas	ion				
30	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on fifth occasion					
21			Stop code on previous occasion					
22			Stop code on second previous occasion					
23			Stop code on third previous occasion					
24			Stop code on fourth previous occasion					
25	Cooling	LO	Stop code on fifth previous occasion					
26	Coomig		Stop code on sixth previous occasion					
27			Stop code on seventh previous occasion					
28			Stop code on eighth previous occasion					
29		Stop code on ninth previous occasion						
30			Stop code on tenth previous occasion					
Judgment								Examiner
Remarks								

Note (1) In the case of indoor heat exchanger sensor 2, match from 26 to 30 the temperature setting of wireless remote control. (Refor to page 88.)

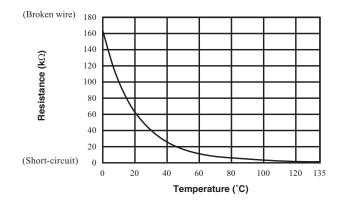
(7) Inspection procedures corresponding to detail of trouble

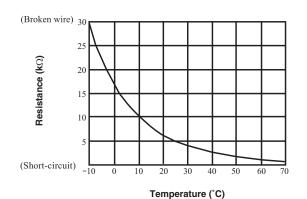
Sensor error

Broken sensor wire, connector poor connection



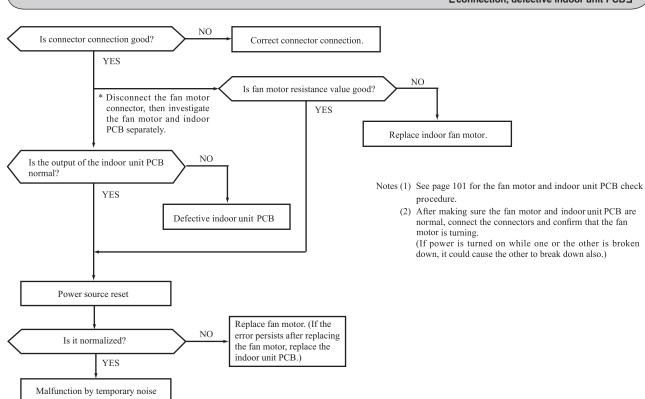
- **♦** Discharge pipe temperature sensor characteristics
- ◆ Temperature sensor characteristics (Room temperature, indoor heat exchanger temperature, outdoor heat exchanger temperature, outdoor air temperature)





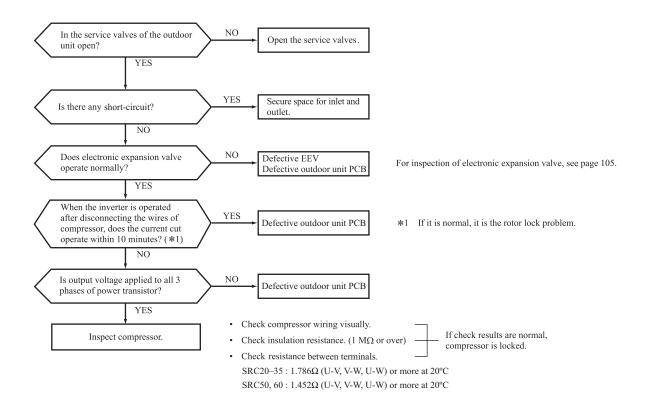
Indoor fan motor error

Defective fan motor, connector poor connection, defective indoor unit PCB



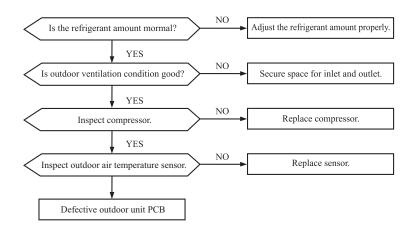
Current cut

Compressor lock, Compressor wiring short-circuit, Compressor output is open phase, Outdoor unit PCB is faulty, Service valve is closed, EEV is faulty, Compressor faulty.



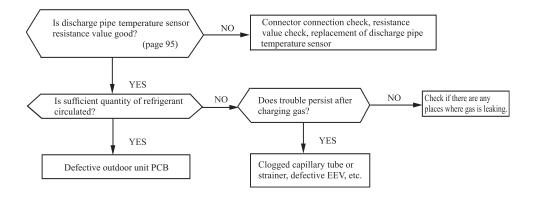
Current safe stop

Overload operation, compressor lock, overcharge



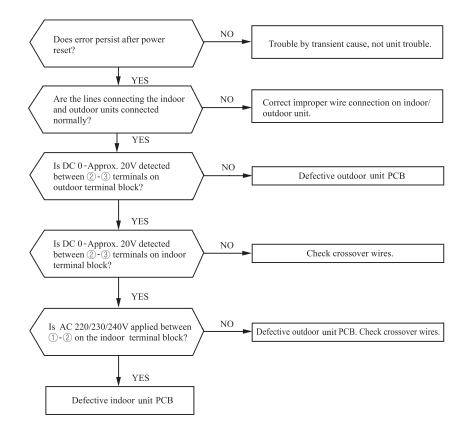
Overheat of compressor

Gas shortage, defective discharge pipe temperature sensor



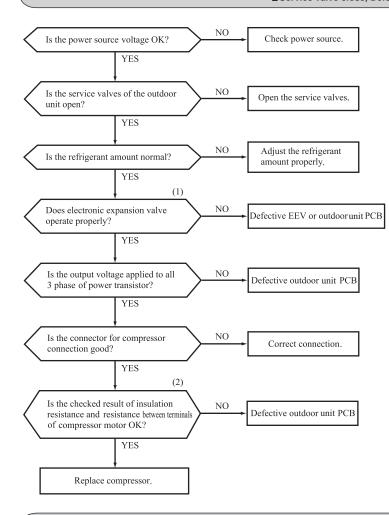
Error of signal transmission

Wiring error including power cable, defective indoor/ outdoor unit PCB



Trouble of outdoor unit

Insufficient refregerant amount, Faulty power transistor, Broken compressor wire Service valve close, Defective EEV, Defective outdoor unit PCB



Proper power source voltages are as follows.

(At the power source outlet) AC220V: AC198-242V AC230V: AC207-253V AC240V: AC216-264V

- ◆ Judgment of refrigerant quantity
- (1) Phenomenon of insufficient refrigerant
 - (a) Loss of capacity

NO

Replace outdoor fan motor.

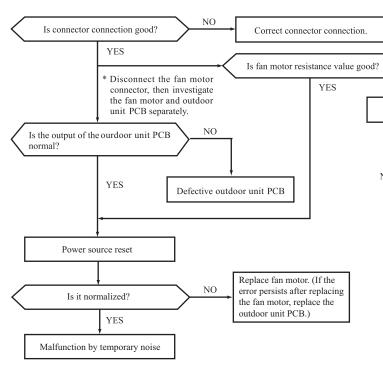
- (b) Poor defrost operation (Frost is not removed completely.)
- (c) Longer time of hot keep(5minutes or more)(Normal time: Approx. 1 1 minute and 30 seconds)

Notes (1) For inspection of electronic expansion valve, see page 105.

(2) Check resistance between terminals, see page 96.

Outdoor fan motor error

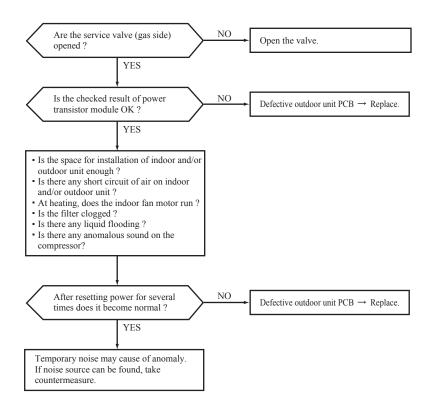
Defective fan motor, connector poor connection, defective outdoor unit PCB



- Notes (1) See page 105 for the fan motor and outdoor unit PCB check procedure.
 - (2) After making sure the fan motor and outdoor unit PCB are normal, connect the connectors and confirm that the fan motor is turning.
 - (If power is turned on while one or the other is broken down, it could cause the other to break down also.)

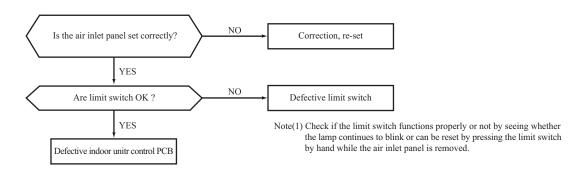
Service valve (gas side) closed operation

Service valve (gas side) closed,
Defective outdoor unit PCB



Limit switch anomaly

Defective limit switch, defective indoor control PCB, Defective air inlet panel set



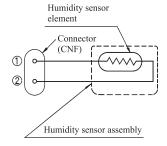
(8) Phenomenon observed after short-circuit, wire breakage on sensor

(a) Indoor unit

Sensor	Operation	Phenomenon		
Selisoi	mode	Short-circuit	Disconnected wire	
Room temperature Cooling		Release of continuous compressor operation command.	Continuous compressor operation command is not released.	
sensor	Heating	Continuous compressor operation command is not released.	Release of continuous compressor operation command.	
Heat exchanger temperature sensor	Cooling	Freezing cycle system protection trips and stops the compressor.	Continuous compressor operation command is not released. (Anti-frosting)	
	Heating	High pressure control mode (Compressor stop command)	Hot keep (Indoor fan stop)	
U.midib. concer	Cooling	Refer to the table below.	Refer to the table below.	
Humidity sensor	Heating	Normal system operation is possible.		

Humidity sensor operation

	Failure mode	Control input circuit reading	Air-conditioning system operation	
cted	① Disconnected wire			
Disconnected wire	② Disconnected wire	Humidity reading is 0%	Anti-condensation control is not done.	
Dis	①② Disconnected wire			
Short- circuit	1) and 2) are short- circuited	Humidity reading is 100%	Anti-condensation control keep doing.	



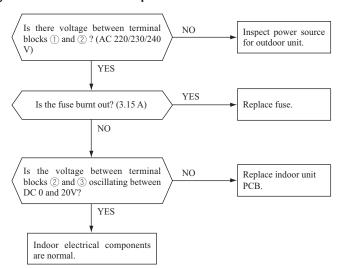
Remark: Do not perform a continuity check of the humidity sensor with a tester. If DC current is applied, it could damage the sensor.

(b) Outdoor unit

Camanu	Operation	Phenomenon		
Sensor	mode	Short-circuit	Disconnected wire	
Heat exchanger Cooling		Compressor stop.	Compressor stop.	
temperature sensor	Heating	Defrost operation is not performed.	Defrost operation is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 35 minutes.	
Ourdoor air	Cooling	The compressor cannot pick up its speed owing to the current safe so that the designed capacity is not achieved.	Compressor stop.	
temperature sensor	Heating	The compressor cannot pick up its speed owing to the heating overload protection so that the designed capacity is not achieved.	Defrost operation is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 35 minutes.	
Discharge pipe temperature sensor All modes		Compressor overload protection is disabled. (Can be operated.)	Compressor stop.	

(9) Checking the indoor electrical equipment

(a) Indoor unit PCB check procedure



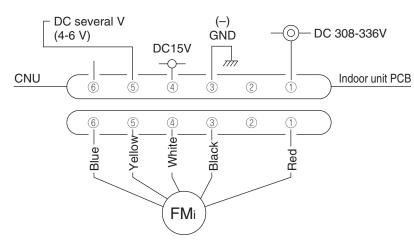
(b) Indoor fan motor check procedure

This is a diagnostic procedure for determining if the indoor unit's fan motor or the indoor unit PCB is broken down.

1) Indoor unit PCB output check

- a) Turn off the power.
- b) Remove the front panel, then disconnect the fan motor lead wire connector.
- c) Turn on the power. If the unit operates when the ON/OFF button is pressed, if trouble is detected after the voltages in the following figure are output for approximately 30 seconds, it means that the indoor unit PCB is normal and the fan motor is broken down.

If the voltages in the following figure are not output at connector pins No. ①, ④ and ⑤, the indoor unit PCB has failed and the fan motor is normal.



Measuring point	Voltage range when normal
1 - 3	DC 308-336V
4 - 3	DC 15V
5-3	DC several V (4-6V)

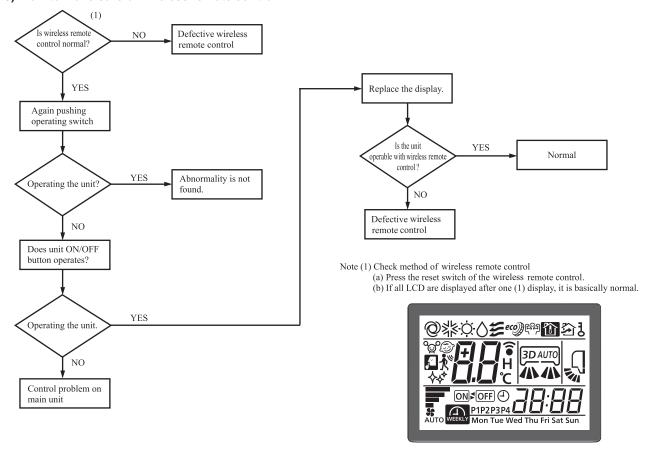
2) Fan motor resistance check

Measuring point	Resistance when normal
① - ③ (Red - Black)	$20 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ or higher
4 - 3 (White - Black)	20 k Ω or higher

Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it.

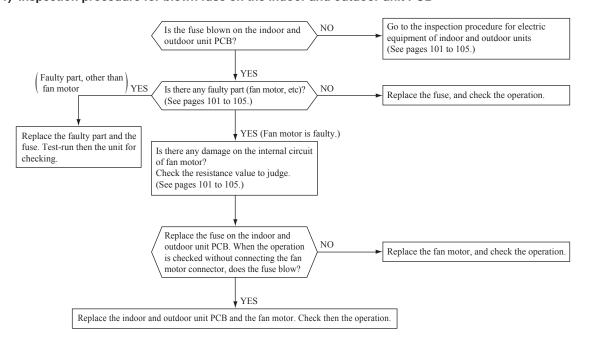
(2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means that the fan motor is faulty.

(10) How to make sure of wireless remote control



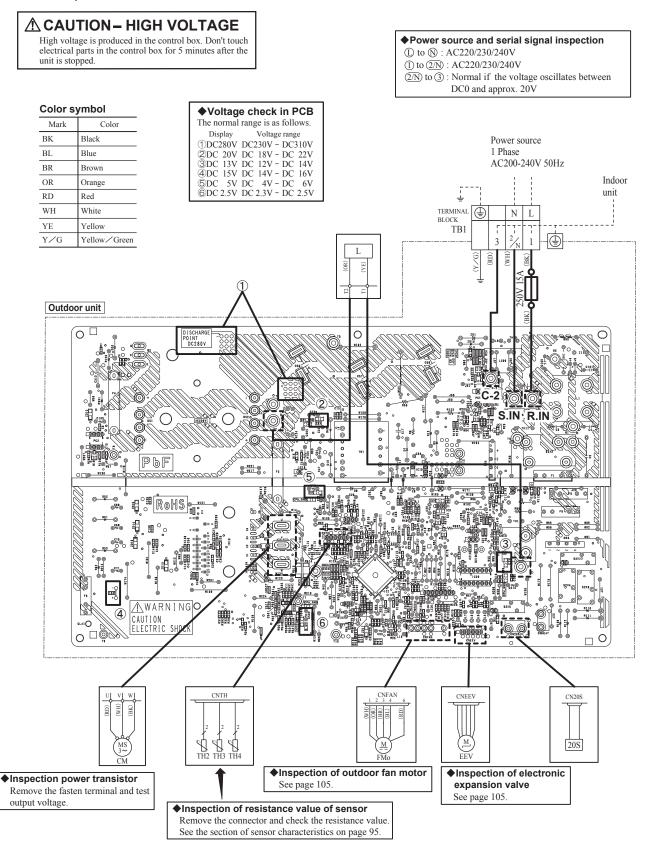
Simplified check method of wireless remote control It is normal if the signal transmission section of the wireless remote control emits a whitish light at each transmission on the monitor of digital camera.

(11) Inspection procedure for blown fuse on the indoor and outdoor unit PCB



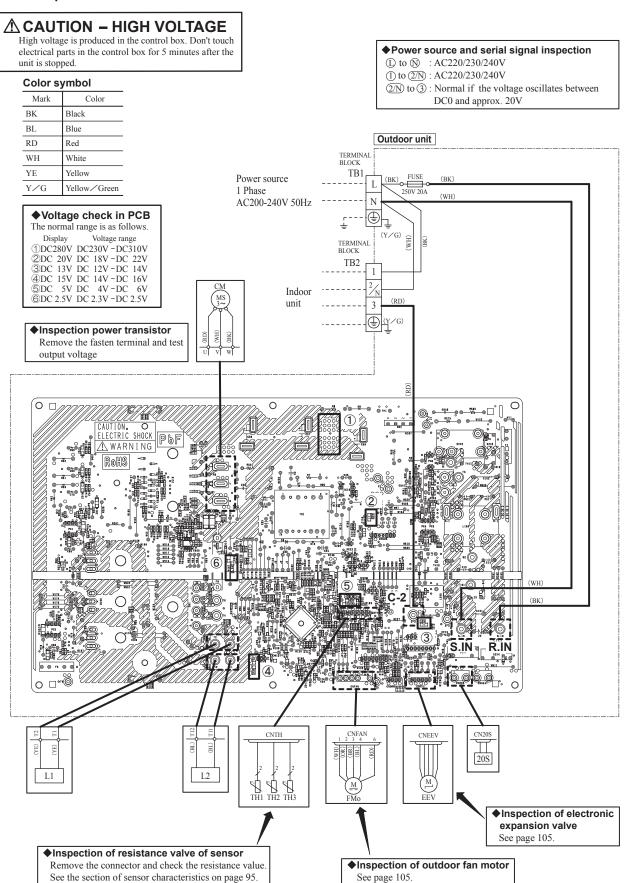
(12) Outdoor unit inspection points Models SRC20ZSX-W, 25ZSX-W, 35ZSX-W

♦Check point of outdoor unit



Models SRC50ZSX-W, -W1, -W2 SRC60ZSX-W, -W1

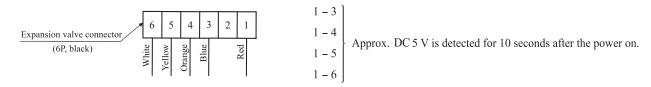
♦Check point of outdoor unit



(a) Inspection of electronic expansion valve

Electronic expansion valve operates for approx. 10 seconds after the power on, in order to determine its aperture. Check the operating sound and voltage during the period of time. (Voltage cannot be checked during operation in which only the aperture change occurs.)

- (i) If it is heard the sound of operating electronic expansion valve, it is almost normal.
- (ii) If the operating sound is not heard, check the output voltage.



- (iii) If voltage is detected, the outdoor unit PCB is normal.
- (iv) If the expansion valve does not operate (no operating sound) while voltage is detected, the expansion valve is defective.

• Inspection of electronic expansion valve as a separate unit

Measure the resistance between terminals with an analog tester.

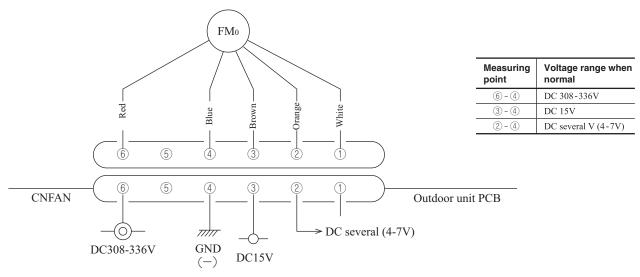
Measuring point	Resistance when normal
1-6	
1-5	$46\pm4\Omega$
1-4	(at 20°C)
1-3	

(b) Outdoor fan motor check procedure

- When the outdoor fan motor error is detected, diagnose which of the outdoor unit fan motor or outdoor unit PCB is defective.
- Diagnose this only after confirming that the indoor unit is normal.
- (i) Outdoor unit PCB output check
 - 1) Turn off the power.
 - 2) Disconnect the outdoor fan motor connector CNFAN.
 - 3) When the indoor unit is operated by inserting the power source plug and pressing (ON) the backup switch for more than 5 seconds, if the voltage of pin No. ② in the following figure is output for 30 seconds at 20 seconds after turning "ON" the backup switch, the outdoor unit PCB is normal but the fan motor is defective.

If the voltage is not detected, the outdoor unit PCB is defective but the fan motor is normal.

Note (1) The voltage is output 3 times repeatedly. If it is not detected, the indoor unit displays the error message.



(ii) Fan motor resistance check

Measuring point	Resistance when normal
⑥ - ④ (Red - Black)	$20~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ or higher
3 - 4 (White - Black)	20 k Ω or higher

Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it.

(2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means that the fan motor is faulty.

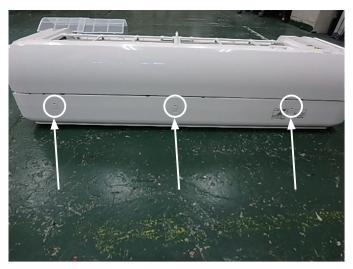
11. INDOOR UNIT DISASSEMBLY METHOD

(1) Remove the cover.



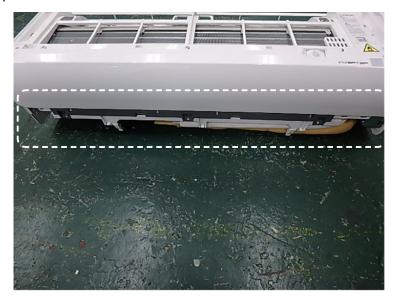


(2) Remove the screw (The following 3 places).

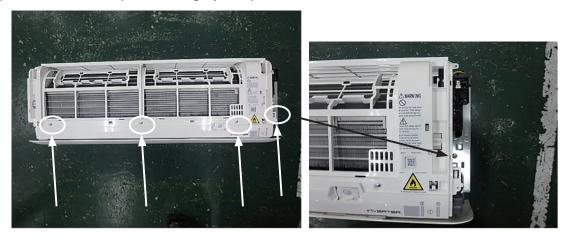




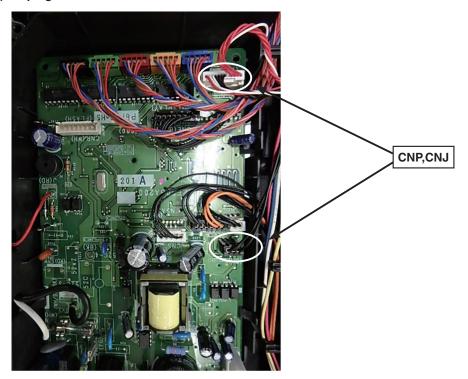
(3) Remove the end cover.



(4) Remove the screw (The following 4 places).



(5) Unplug the connector.



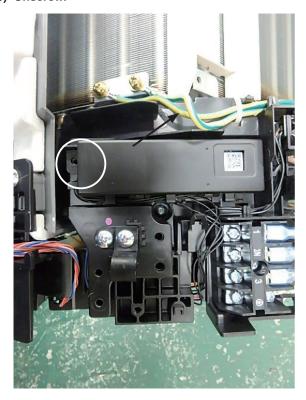
(6) Remove the cover.



(7) Unplug the connector.



(8) Unscrew.



(9) Pull out control.



SRK20-60ZSX-WF Operation table

ONCEPT ON	Function	Setting	Operation by remote control	Operation by Smart M-Air	Operation by wired remote control (SC-BIKN2) *1
OPERATION MODE select COOL	ON/OFF	ON	0	0	0
MODE select HEAT		OFF	0	0	0
MODE select	OPERATION	AUTO	0	0	0
HEAT	MODE select				
DRY					
FAN					
SELF CLEAN			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ALLERGEN CLEAR					
NIGHT SETBACK					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Home leave mode				 	
Vacant property mode					
Temperature adjustment 18°C - 30°C					
AUTO		Vacant property mode	_	U	
HIGH POWER		18°C – 30°C	0	0	0
Hi	FAN SPEED	AUTO	\circ	0	0
Me		HIGH POWER	0	× (Displayed as ■■■)	× (Displayed as Hi)
Lo		Hi	0	○ (Displayed as ■■■■)	(Displayed as PHi)
Uco		Me	0	○ (Displayed as ■■■)	(Displayed as Hi)
Uco		Lo	0		(Displayed as Me)
ECONO		ULo	0	<u> </u>	(Displayed as Lo)
Air flow direction adjustment Up/down (2 step)		ECONO			
direction adjustment Up/down (2 step)	Air flow			 	
Up/down (3 step)	direction	1 ' 17			0
Up/down (4 step)	adjustment				
Up/down (5 step)					
Up/down (swing)					
Up/down (flap stopped)					
Left/right (leftmost)					
Left/right (left)					
Left/right (middle)					
Left/right (right)		• , ,			
Left/right (rightmost)					
Left/right (wide)					
Left/right (spot) Left/right (swing) Left/right (louver stopped) 3D AUTO TIMER function WEEKLY TIMER MENU function MENU function MESU Silent setting Wireless LAN communication Ohter function Left/right (swing) Left/right (swing) X (Displayed as middle) A Displayed as middle) Y (Displayed as middle) Y (Displayed as middle) A Displayed as middle) Y (Displayed as middle) A Displayed as middle) Y (Displayed as middle) Y (Displayed as middle) A Displayed as middle) Y (Displayed as		_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Left/right (swing) Left/right (louver stopped) 3D AUTO TIMER function WEEKLY TIMER MENU function Fan control in heating thermo-OFF SELF CLEAN setting Wireless LAN connection setting Wireless LAN communication Ohter function Silent Initialization of wireless LAN Electricity bill display Left/right (swing) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) × (Displayed as middle) Nethers					
Left/right (louver stopped) 3D AUTO TIMER function WEEKLY TIMER MENU function Usiplay brightness adjustment Fan control in heating thermo-OFF SELF CLEAN setting Wireless LAN connection setting Wireless LAN communication Ohter function Initialization of wireless LAN Electricity bill display x (Displayed as middle) x (Displayed as middle				+	0
SD AUTO				Ŭ .	<u> </u>
TIMER Various TIMERS				× (Displayed as middle)	
function WEEKLY TIMER O O MENU function Display brightness adjustment O O function Fan control in heating thermo-OFF O O SELF CLEAN setting O O O Silent setting O O O Wireless LAN connection setting O O O Wireless LAN communication O O O Ohter function Installation location setting O O Initialization of wireless LAN O O O Electricity bill display O O O				0	
MENU Display brightness adjustment			0	_	0
function Fan control in heating thermo-OFF —				0	0
SELF CLEAN setting		Display brightness adjustment	0	_	_
Silent setting	function	Fan control in heating thermo-OFF	0	_	0
Wireless LAN connection setting		SELF CLEAN setting	0	_	_
Wireless LAN communication		Silent setting	_	_	_
Ohter function Installation location setting — — Silent — — Initialization of wireless LAN — — Electricity bill display — —		Wireless LAN connection setting	0	_	
function Silent — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Wireless LAN communication	0	_	_
function Silent Initialization of wireless LAN Electricity bill display Silent - Description Silent - Description Silent Description Description Silent Description Description	Ohter	Installation location setting	0	_	-
Initialization of wireless LAN	function		0	_	0
Electricity bill display –				_	
			-	_	\cap
		Shut-off reminder alert	_	0	

^{○ :} Operation/Setting Available
× : Operation/Setting/Display N/A
- : No function

^{*1} Option part

12. WIRELESS LAN INTERFACE SETTING MANUAL

- This document describes how to connect to network via Wireless LAN.
- Read this manual carefully, and store it in a safe place after reading.
- Be sure to also read the "Safety precautions" in the user's manual included with the product.
- The contents of the application "Smart M-Air" may change due to version upgrade.

Note on Wireless Communication (Radio Wave)

Wireless LAN and Radio Act

- This product has construction design certification. Therefore, application for the licence is not necessary.
- This product is certified to meet the technical standard as a wireless facility of a specified low-power radio station based on the Radio Act. Therefore, a radio station licence is not necessary when using this product.
- Wireless LAN may be subject to wiretapping or malicious access because it transmits and receives data using radio waves. Before using wireless LAN, thoroughly understand the risk. In addition, manage the SSID and KEY of this product and wireless LAN router and also the log-in ID and password for operation away from home so as to prevent them from being known by other people. In the event that the product is operated away from home by malicious access, turn OFF the function of the wireless LAN communication. (See the section "Wireless LAN communication setting" in the USER'S MANUAL.)
- This product cannot be connected directly to communication lines provided by telecommunication carriers. When connecting this product to the internet, be sure to connect it to the internet via a router.
- If a barrier that restricts radio waves (such as metal or reinforced concrete) is located between this product and a wireless LAN router the product may not operate due to interference, or a reduction in communication distance.
- Use of this product near a device emitting electric waves such as a microwave oven or cordless phone may affect communication via wireless LAN. If the product fails to communicate properly, or if a cordless phone fails to send/receive a call properly, be sure to use the product and the phone at least 1 metre away from each other.
- If you have any other problems, consult the sales outlet for the product.

RSA012A132

Preparation before connection

Prepare the following items.

- ☐ Smartphone (tablet PC) Supported OS Android™ 8 to 10 iOS 12 to 14
- □ Internet line and communication equipment (modem, router, ONU etc.)
- ☐ Router (wireless LAN access point) A product that supports a 2.4 GHz band
- ☐ SSID, KEY, and MAC address The SSID and KEY confirmation method is described in section 6
- ☐ Your home Wi-Fi network password



Wireless LAN router

System configuration (for remote control)

Connect the smartphone (tablet PC) to the router via Wi-Fi.

Open "Wi-Fi" on the settings screen of the smartphone, and select SSID of the router to be used. Then, establish the connection by entering the password of the router.

(1) Install the application.

How to install "Smart M-Air"

How to install the "Smart M-Air" smartphone application

For Android

- 1. Open [Google Play].
- 2. Search for [Smart M-Air].
- 3. Install the application according to the instructions on the screen.

For iOS (iPhone)

- 1. Open [App Store].
- 2. Search for [Smart M-Air].
- 3. Install the application according to the instructions on the screen.
- The application is free. Communication data charges by others are applied to download and operate.
- The application name "Smart M-Air" and download service names "Google Play" and "App Store" may be changed in the future.
- For the settings, contents, and latest supported OS of the application, refer to our home page or the User's Manual on our home page.

(2) Confirm connection method of router

WPS (Simple setting function): Add a new device to the network using WPS button on router.

AP: Add a new device to the network by connecting to the router using SSID and Key (Password).

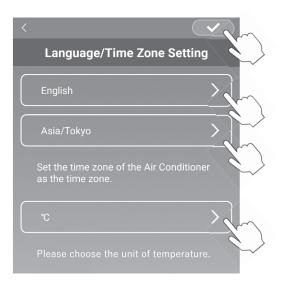
(3) Creating user account

Smartphone setting
 Turn on Wi-Fi of your smartphone and connect smartphone and router.



- Application initial setting Initial application settings and the application starts.
- 3) After startup, the "Language / Time Zone Setting" screen appears.



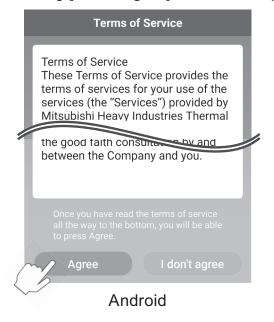


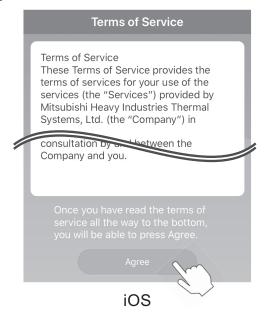
Select which language to use in the application.

Select the region in which the air conditioning unit is installed. Select the unit of temperature displayed in the application.

Finally, tap on the top right to complete the setting.

4) The "Terms of Service" screen appears. Read and check the statement in full. To consent and proceed with using the application tap [Agree]. Selecting [I don't agree] will exit the application.





5) The "Startup" screen appears. Tap [Operate Air Conditioner].

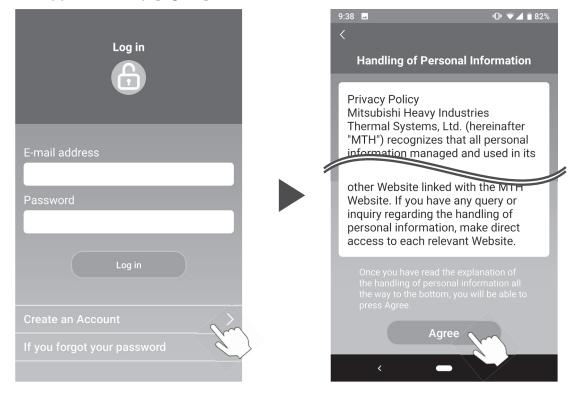


6) The "Log in" screen appears.

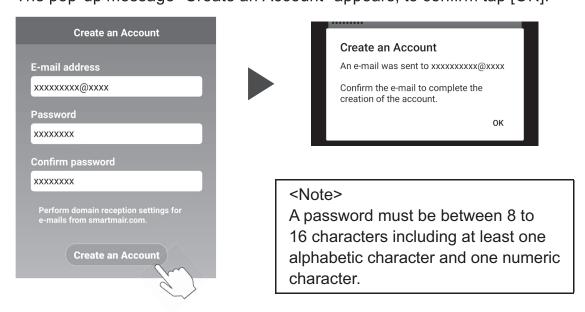
Tap [Create an Account].

The "Handling of Personal Information" screen appears.

Read and check the statement in full. To consent and proceed with using the application tap [Agree].

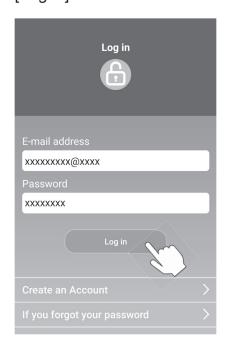


7) The "Create an Account" screen appears.
Enter your e-mail address and password
Tap the [Create an Account] button.
The pop-up message "Create an Account" appears, to confirm tap [OK].



An e-mail containing a link to confirm registration will be sent to the e-mail address provided which will expire after 24 hours. Click the link within the e-mail to complete account creation.

8) After creating an account the "Log in" screen is displayed when opening the application. Enter the registered e-mail address and password, and tap the [Log in] button.

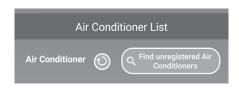


<Note>

To reset your password tap "If you forgot your password".

(4) Confirming the connection method with the wireless remote control (WPS/AP)

1) Please confirm the "Air Conditioner List" screen is displayed.



<Note>

If [Find unregistered Air Conditioners] button is not displayed confirm that section 3 step (1) has been performed correctly.

- 2) The Wireless LAN connection setting cannot be set whilst the unit is running. To turn off the air conditioner press the ON/OFF button on the wireless remote control.
- 3) Select the Wireless LAN connection setting "SL" by pressing the MENU switch on the wireless remote control.
- 4) Based on the router specifications confirmed in section 2, select "E1" (WPS mode) or "E2" (AP mode) using the ▲ and ▼ (TIMER) buttons on the wireless remote control.



<Note>

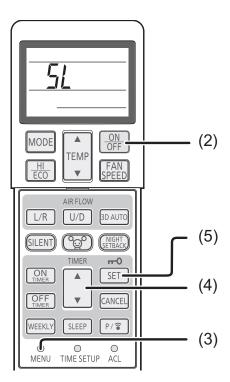
After performing step 5) below, it is necessary to complete up to step 5 (A) 3) within 2 minutes for WPS mode, and up to 5 (B) 3) within 5 minutes for AP mode.

Prepare the necessary information (SSID, KEY, MAC address, and your home Wi-Fi network password) in advance.

5) Press the SET button on the wireless remote control.

The indoor unit will emit "peep pip" to confirm setting of parameters, then the RUN and TIMER lights will also blink simultaneously at 1 second ON, 1 second OFF.

If no sound is emitted by the unit, return to step (3) and repeat the process.



Wireless remote control

(5) Connect the air conditioner to the network.

The connection process will vary depending on the router specifications (WPS/AP).

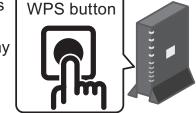
See item (A) for WPS, and item (B) for AP.

(A) Connect the air conditioner to the network with WPS function

1) Press the WPS button.

Press the WPS button on the router*. The buttons generally look like this.

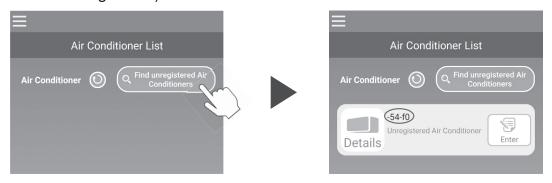
Operation to connect to the router using WPS may vary, refer to manufacturers installation guide for instructions.



- * If using an automatic connection function other than WPS, refer to manufacturers installation guide.
- 2) Use the "Air Conditioner List" screen to register an air conditioner to operate.

Tap the [Find unregistered Air Conditioners] button to display unregister air conditioners on the application.

The air conditioner name displays the last 6 digits of the SSID in the position indicated by in the image below. (Refer to section 6 for instructions on confirming SSID.)



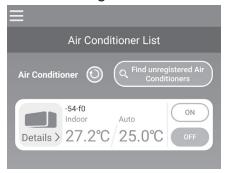
If it is not displayed, confirm again that the steps following section 4 have been performed properly.

- If it is not connected, wait at 2 minutes until the RUN and TIMER light on the indoor unit are no longer lit and repeat process from section 4.
- If the air conditioner still cannot be connected to the application, the number of devices connected with the wireless LAN router may have reached its upper limit, or the router may not be operating or may have failed. Therefore, check the wireless LAN router according to the user's manual of the router.
- If the air conditioner cannot be connected to the application even by following the setting procedure in this manual, refer to FAQ in the menu of the application.

3) Tap the [Enter] button to select the air conditioner you want to add. Tap the [YES] the displayed pop up message to confirm.



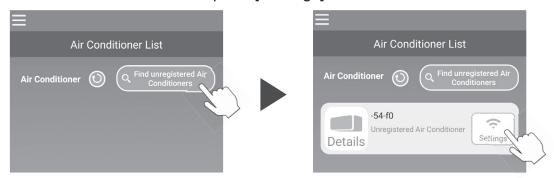
The following screen will be displayed when registration is complete.



(B) Connect the air conditioner to the network with AP

- 1) Change the Wi-Fi connection destination of your smartphone to enter "Smart M-Air-XXXX"* and KEY.
 - *XXXX indicates the last 4 digits of the MAC address for the air conditioner. KEY and MAC address confirmation method is described in section 6.
- 2) On the "Air Conditioner List" screen, tap the [Find unregistered Air Conditioners] button.

To add the air conditioner tap the [Settings] button.



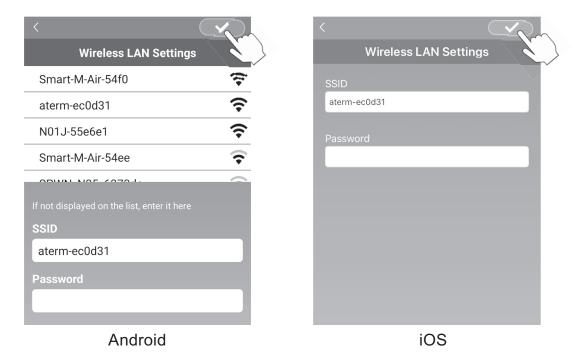
If the air conditioner is not displayed, repeat steps in section 4.

- If it is not connected, wait at 5 minutes until the RUN and TIMER light on the indoor unit are no longer lit and repeat process from section 4.
- If the air conditioner still cannot be connected to the application, the number of devices connected with the wireless LAN router may have reached its upper limit, or the router may not be operating or may have failed. Therefore, check the wireless LAN router according to the user's manual of the router.
- If the air conditioner still cannot be connected to the application after following the procedure in this manual, then refer to the FAQ section in the application menu.
- 3) If prompted to permit access to location information, please permit.

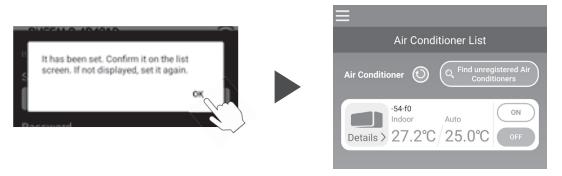
After selecting the network to connect to from the displayed list, the SSID will be pre-populated* in the entry field at the bottom of the screen.

Next, enter your home Wi-Fi network password and tap the at the top of the screen to confirm.

*If the home Wi-Fi network SSID number is not input automatically then it will need to be entered manually.



The pop-up screen will appear to confirm air conditioner has been added. Tap the [OK] button to continue, the following screen will then be displayed showing the unit has been added.



(6) SSID, KEY and MAC address confirmation method

SSID, KEY and MAC address are printed on the label attached to the front of the indoor unit. Attach the label to this manual and keep it. This can also be viewed by scanning the QR code on the label.

<Note>

There is also a label showing this information inside the inlet panel.

See the section "Name of each part and its function" in the USER'S MANUAL for label location.

See the section "Maintenance" in the USER'S MANUAL for instructions to open the inlet panel.

Label attachment position

Other company names and product names that appear in this manual are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

[&]quot;iPhone" is a trademark of Apple Inc. registered in the U.S. and other countries. App Store is a service mark of Apple Inc.

[&]quot;Android™" and "Google Play" are trademarks or registered trademarks of Google LLC.

13. APPLICATION OPERATION MANUAL

Smart M-Air

Operation Manual

Table of contents

(1) Application features	125
(2) Manipulation modes	127
Remote operation mode Home restricted mode Demo mode	127
(3) Preparation for use	128
Smartphone setting Application initial setting Creating user account Registering air conditioner Wireless LAN settings of air conditioner Naming air conditioner	128 130 133 134
(4) Basic usage	138
Starting / Stopping air conditioner operation Switching operation mode Changing temperature Changing fan speed and airflow direction Switching Vacant Property Mode	138 139 140
(5) Using Favourites	142
(6) Using Options	146
Shut-off reminder alert Air conditioner error notification Hi temp/low temp alert Watching function Home leave mode Cooling specific LED ON Number of smartphones	

(7)	Setting Weekly Timer	153
(8)	Setting Timer by Specifying Date via Calendar Clear the timer set from the calendar	
(9)	Displaying Electricity Bill Graph	158
(10)	Updating Firmware	159
(11)	Main Menu Canceling demo mode	
(12)	Checking Alerts	163
(13)	Changing Application Settings	165
	Switching to "Remote operation mode" Switching to "Home restricted mode" Reset Password Language/Time Zone Settings Application Initialization Application Version Display	166 167 169 171 172
(14)	Troubleshooting	175
	When the air conditioner that you want to register does not appear in the air conditioner list screen How to delete a registered air conditioner When an abnormality notification appears in the air conditioner list When you forget your password and cannot log in When operation is performed by another account When "Shut-off reminder alert" does not turn on	176 177 177
	(For Android OS)	178

(1) Application features

You can operate the air conditioner in each room at home or from outside.

- Setting operation reservation of every day of the week for each air conditioner
- Checking the power consumption of an air conditioner
- Setting the shut-off reminder alert
- · Alerting if an air conditioner is abnormal





Figure 1-1

Figure 1-2

Note

Depending on the function of the connected air conditioner, the following operation will not be reflected in the operation of the air conditioner.

· Left/Right, 3D AUTO, Home leave mode, Electricity Bill Graph

Depending on the function of the connected air conditioner, the following operation will not appear on the screen:

Home leave mode setting, LED ON

When the wireless LAN interface is connected, the timer setting is disabled on your home remote control depending on your air conditioner.

Please use the timer function of the application to set the timer.

(2) Manipulation modes

Remote operation mode

This mode allows you to operate the registered air conditioner via the smartphone application when you are out of the office.

Also, you can register and operate the air conditioner at home through a smartphone application.

Home restricted mode

This mode allows you to register and operate the air conditioner at home via the smartphone application.

You can operate without data communication to the server.

Operation is not available when you are out.

Demo mode

If you don't have an air conditioner compatible with a smartphone app, This mode allows you to experience the operation feel of remote operation mode.

(3) Preparation for use

Smartphone setting
 Turn on Wi-Fi of your smartphone.



Figure 3-1

Application initial setting
 Tap the Smart M-Air icon.

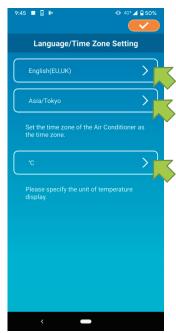


Figure 3-2



Figure 3-3

The application starts.



After startup, the "Language/Time Zone Settings" screen appears.

Select a language to use in the application.

Select a time zone. Select the time zone in which the air conditioner to operate via the application exists.

Choose the unit of temperature.

Finally, tap on the top right to complete the setting.

Figure 3-4

The "Terms of Service" screen appears.
Read the text to the bottom and check the description.
If you agree it and use the application, tap [Agree].
When you tap [I don't agree], the application exits.

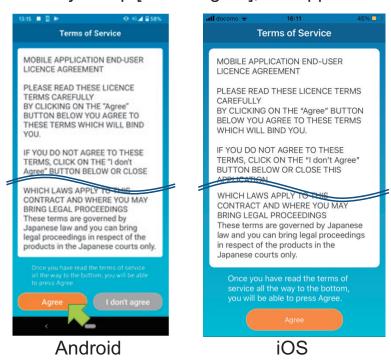


Figure 3-5

On the startup screen, select a mode to use.



Figure 3-6

Operate Air Conditioner (Remote operation mode)

Tap "Operate Air conditioner" for remote control or to use optional functions such as weekly timer.

- → To "Creating user account"
- Home Use Only (Home restricted mode)

Tap "Home Use Only" to operate only at home. Some functions are restricted, but you can change to remote operation mode at any time.

→ To "Registering air conditioner"

Switching operation mode

- → To "Changing Application Settings"
- Try a Demo (Demo Mode)

Tap "Try a Demo" to try out the app's features. (Some features only)

→ To <u>"4. Basic Usage"</u>

Creating user account

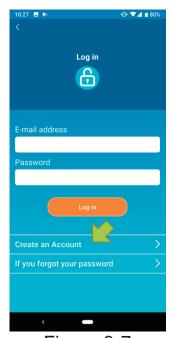


Figure 3-7

Tap [Create an Account].



Read the text of Handling of Personal Information to the bottom and check the description.

If you agree it and use the application, tap [Agree].

Figure 3-8

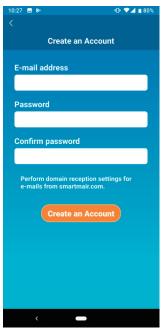


Figure 3-9

The "Create an Account" screen appears. Enter your e-mail address and password and tap the [Create an Account] button.

Note

 A password must be between 8 to 16 characters including at least one alphabetic character and one numeric character.

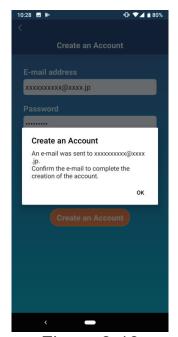


Figure 3-10

When the pop-up message "Create an Account" appears, tap [OK].

The email containing the URL of the authentication screen will be sent to the email address you entered, so please click the URL within 24 hours to complete the account creation.



Figure 3-11

After the account is created, the "Log in" Screen appears on the application.

Click the URL written in the e-mail, enter the registered e-mail address and password, and tap the [Log in] button.

If you forget your password and cannot log in, tap "If you forgot your password" and set a new password.

→ To "Reset Password"

Registering air conditioner



Figure 3-12

Use the "Air Conditioner List" screen to register an air conditioner to operate.

Tap the "Find unregistered Air Conditioners" button to display air conditioners that are not registered on your smartphone.

The air conditioner name (O locations) displays the last 6 digits of the SSID on the label of the wireless LAN interface.

Tap the [Enter] button.

- When the air conditioner is not displayed on the list screen
 - → To <u>"When the air conditioner that you want to register</u> does not appear in the air conditioner list screen"
- · To delete a registered air conditioner
 - → To "How to delete a registered air conditioner"

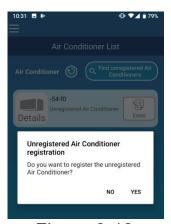


Figure 3-13

To register the air conditioner, tap [YES] on the pop-up message displayed.



Figure 3-14

Wireless LAN settings of air conditioner

If your wireless LAN router does not support WPS, manually make wireless LAN settings of your air conditioner.

Set the wireless LAN interface to the AP mode, and then change the Wi-Fi connection

destination of your smartphone to "Smart-M-Air-XXXX".

"XXXX" is the last 4 alphanumeric characters of the MAC address of the wireless LAN interface.



Figure 3-15

On the "Air Conditioner List" screen, tap the [Find unregistered Air Conditioners] button. The target air conditioner appears.

Tap the [Settings] button.



Figure 3-16

If you are prompted to permit access to location information, tap [Allow].

When you tap the network you want to set from the displayed list, the SSID appears in the "SSID" entry field at the bottom of the screen, enter "Your home Wi-Fi password" below it, and tap in the top right.

If the network you want to set is not displayed in the list, enter "SSID" and "Your home Wi-Fi password" directly, then tap on the top right to set.

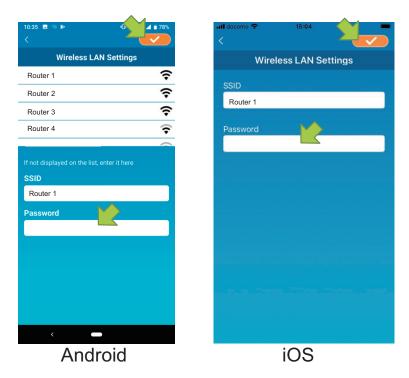


Figure 3-17



Figure 3-18

After the wireless LAN settings is completed, the air conditioner is registered.

Naming air conditioner



If you want to change the name of the air conditioner displayed in the application such as the air conditioner list screen, tap "Details" to display the detailed screen of the air conditioner.

Figure 3-19



Figure 3-20

Press and hold down (1 second) an air conditioner name. The "Edit Air Conditioner name" dialog appears. Use this to change the name.



Figure 3-21



Figure 3-22



Figure 3-23

Enter a new air conditioner name and tap [YES].

(4) Basic usage

Starting / Stopping air conditioner operation



Figure 4-1

To start or stop the operation, tap the [ON] / [OFF] button of the air conditioner that you want to operate on the "Air Conditioner List" screen.

When the button color changes, switching is complete. (Grayed out when off)

To update to the latest information, tap ().



Note

 When operating an air conditioner from an external location, it may take up to one minute to complete the air conditioner operation.

Switching operation mode



Figure 4-2

Tap an air conditioner that you want to switch the operation mode on the "Air Conditioner List" screen.



Figure 4-3

To change the "Operation mode", tap each mode from "Auto" to "Dry".

- ⇔ appears when the air conditioner is in clean mode. To cancel clean mode, tap
 ы
 ⇔
- appears when the weekly timer is set by this application.
- appears when the application is used at home where the air conditioner is set and connected to the application.

Changing temperature



Figure 4-4

To set a desired temperature, tap / . The current set temperature appears in the circle.



When the operation mode is Fan, Set temp. shows "-".

Tap / >> to change settings.

Figure 4-5

Changing fan speed and airflow direction



Figure 4-6

Switching Vacant Property Mode



Figure 4-7

When Vacant Property Mode is ON, operation mode and Set temp. can be set as follows.

- Cool: Set temp. 31°C to 33°C (at 1°C intervals)
- Heat: Set temp. 10°C to 17°C (at 1°C intervals)

Only "Cool" or "Heat" can be set as an operation mode.

(5) Using Favourites



Figure 5-1

Register your desired settings of "Set temp", "Operation mode", "Fan", "Up / Down" and "Left / Right" with Favourite. Tapping the [Favourite] button changes the current settings to the registered settings.

On the air conditioner details screen, press and hold down (1 sec) the [Favourite 1] or [Favourite 2] button. The "Favourite" screen appears.



Figure 5-2

Change each item to your favourite setting, and tap on the top right to add it to Favourites.

Press in the upper left of the screen to return to the operation screen.



Figure 5-3

When you tap the [Favourite 1] or [Favourite 2] button, the current settings are changed to the favourite settings you tapped.



To change the name of the "Favourite" button, press and hold down the "Favourite" button for approximately 1 second. "Edit Favourite name" dialog appears to change the name.

Figure 5-4



Figure 5-5



Enter the new favourite name and tap [YES].

Figure 5-6



Figure 5-7

(6) Using Options

You can make various option settings such as alerts and LED lighting, and check the number of accounts registered with an air conditioner.

Home restricted mode: Only "Home Leave Mode", "Cooling specific"

and "LED ON" are operable.

Demo mode : Options are not operable.

You can switch to remote operation mode using "Changing Application Settings" in the main menu.

→ To "Changing Application Settings"



Figure 6-1

Tap [Options] on the lower part of the air conditioner details screen.
The "Options" screen appears.

Only "LED ON" is ON by default.



Switch between [ON] and [OFF], and tap on the top right of the screen to save the settings you changed.

Note

 Shut-off reminder alert, AC error notification, Hi temp/low temp alert ,Watching function can be used with "Remote operation mode".

Figure 6-2

Shut-off reminder alert

If you are more than 1 km away from the air conditioner you are driving, you can receive a push notification to the smartphone application.

■ To receive alerts, tap [ON].



Figure 6-3

When the pop-up message appears, tap [YES] and then tap on the top right.

■ To not to receive alerts, tap [OFF].



When the pop-up message "If your external location is disabled, it cannot be retrieved. Do you want to disable the external location?" appears, tap [YES] and then tap on the top right.

Figure 6-4

Note

- Acquisition of location information is performed by using the location of your smartphone as the location of the air conditioner.
 Perform location information acquisition near your air conditioner.
- AC error notification (Air conditioner error notification)

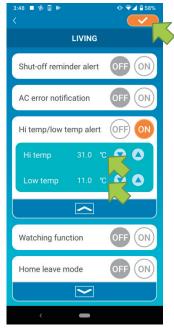
If any abnormality is detected in your air conditioner, an e-mail is sent to the registered e-mail address.

- → To " When an abnormality notification appears in the air conditioner list"
- To receive notifications, tap [ON] and then tap _____on the top right.
- To not to receive notifications, tap [OFF] and then tap _____ on the top right.

Hi temp/low temp alert

When the air conditioner reaches the specified high/low temperature condition, a push notification is sent to the smartphone application.

- To receive alerts, tap [ON] and enter the high and low temperatures and then tap on the top right.



Note

- When the room temperature is higher / lower than the temperature specified here, alerts are sent.
 - If you set the high temperature at 31°C, an alert is sent when the room temperature exceeds 31°C. No alert is sent at 31°C.
- Setting only either of high or low temperature receives alerts only for high or low temperature.

Figure 6-5

■ To not to receive alerts, tap [OFF] and then tap _____on the top right.

Watching function

When the air conditioner is controlled other than your smartphone, an e-mail is sent to the registered e-mail address.

Note

- The notification also applies to the operation with the timer of the air conditioner itself and the end of internal clean operation.
- To receive alerts, tap [ON] and then tap ——on the top right.
- To not to receive alerts, tap [OFF] and then tap _____ on the top right.

Home leave mode

When the room temperature is lower than a setting temperature, heating is turned on automatically.

When the room temperature is higher than a setting temperature, cooling is turned on automatically.

■ To use "Home leave mode", tap [ON].



Figure 6-6

When the pop-up message "It may not be Possible to use the Home leave mode even if it is turned ON." appears, tap [OK] and then tap on the top right.

Note

- There is no "Home leave mode" depending on the air conditioner connected.
 In this case, "ON" has no effect.
- To not to use "Home leave mode", tap [OFF] and then tap on the top right.

■ To change the setting of home leave mode, tap ____. To hide them, tap ____. The following settings can be changed.



Figure 6-7

 Determine temp: Set the preferred outside temperature to start the operation of the air conditioner in cooling/heating mode.

Allowable setting range in cooling: 26°C to 35°C (at 3°C intervals)
Allowable setting range in heating: 0°C to 15°C (at 5°C intervals)

• Set temp: Set the preferred indoor temperature to operate in cooling/heating mode.

Allowable setting range in cooling: 26°C to 33°C (at 1°C intervals)
Allowable setting range in heating: 10°C to 18°C (at 1°C intervals)

 Fan speed: Set the fan speed in cooling/heating mode.

[example]

Cooling → When you input the determine temp. as 32°C, set temp. as 26°C and the fan speed at the slowest, the air conditioner will start operating at 26°C with the slowest fan speed when the outside temperature reaches to 32°C.

Cooling specific

If you set it as an air conditioner for cooling only, you won't be able to use the heating in the smartphone application.

■ To use "Cooling specific", tap [ON] and then tap ——— on the top right.



 When "ON" is set or "Heat" is set to favourites, the pop-up message asking whether to initialize favourites appears.

If you tap [YES] on the pop-up message, the "Cooling specific" setting is turned "ON" to initialize the favourite with heating set.

Figure 6-8

■ To not to use "Cooling specific", tap [OFF] and then tap on the top right.

LED ON

Lights up the LED of the wireless LAN interface.

- To use LED lighting, tap [ON] and then tap ____ on the top right.
- To not to use LED lighting, tap [OFF] and then tap _____ on the top right.

Number of smartphones

Displays the number of smartphones registered with the air conditioner.

(7) Setting Weekly Timer

Makes the timer setting for every day of the week.



Tap [Weekly Timer] on the lower part of the air conditioner details screen.

The "Weekly Timer" screen appears.

Figure 7-1

Tap on the top right of the screen to save the settings you changed.



Figure 7-2

Tap the day of the week you want to set to display the timer list for that day of the week.

You can set up to six timers for each day of the week, but you cannot set the same time for the same day.



A disabled timer shows the time and operation mode only.

Tap the switch at to enable and edit.

Edit each item and tap on the top right to set the timer on the target day.

Figure 7-3



Figure 7-4

When at least one timer setting is ON, the timer icon appears on the air conditioner detail screen.

The timer you set here is applied to every week on that day.

To turn off the timer only on a certain day, or to apply the timer of another day, set individually from the "Calendar" screen.

(8) Setting Timer by Specifying Date via Calendar

When you set the weekly timer, the same timer is applied to the same day every week. To turn off the timer or set the timer of a different day on a certain day, set individually from the "Calendar" screen.



Figure 8-1

Tap [Calendar] on the lower part of the air conditioner details screen.

The [Calendar] screen appears.



Figure 8-2

Tap the date of the calendar. Select the timer of the day of the week that you want to apply from "Weekly Timer Settings" and tap on the top right of the screen.

If you select "OFF" from "Weekly Timer Settings", the weekly timer is not applied.

When the timer of a different day of the week is applied or the timer is turned off, the date appears in green.

Clear the timer set from the calendar



Figure 8-3

Tap the date whose timer you want to clear.



From "Weekly Timer Settings", select the same day of the week as the date to clear and tap

Figure 8-4



Figure 8-5

When cleared, the background of the date is displayed in white.

(9) Displaying Electricity Bill Graph

Displays an electricity bill by month on a graph. You can also set the electricity unit cost.



Note

Depending on the type of air conditioner you connect, the function may be disabled.

Tap [Electricity Bill Graph] on the lower part of the air conditioner details screen.

The "Electricity Bill Graph" screen appears.



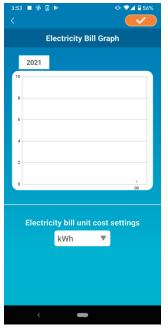


Figure 9-2

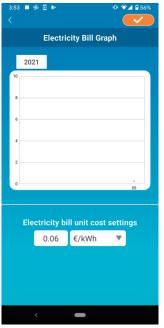


Figure 9-3

If you change the electricity bill unit cost settings, you can enter a unit price by changing the unit of measure.

After editing, tap _____ to save the setting.

(10) Updating Firmware

If the firmware of your wireless LAN interface is not up to date, an exclamation mark 1 appears on the "Air Conditioner List" screen.



Tap [Details] to display the air conditioner details screen.

Figure 10-1



Figure 10-2

Tap the [Firmware update] button.

Note

- Perform the firmware update in the same wireless LAN area as the air conditioner.
- Please turn off the air conditioner in advance.
- If firmware update is disabled, the button is not enabled.



Figure 10-3

Tap [YES] to update the firmware to the latest one.

The firmware update takes 10 minutes (Max). The operation from the application is not accepted during that period.

If after 10 minutes (Max) the "Firmware update" button appears, retry the firmware update.



Figure 10-4

When the firmware becomes up to date, the firmware version appears instead of the [Firmware update] button.

(11) Main Menu

Tap the menu button () that appears on the top left in the screen such as "Air Conditioner List", to display the main menu.

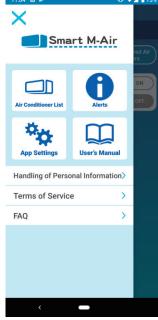


Figure 11-1

■ Air Conditioner List: Operates or sets an

Air conditioner.

■ Alerts : Checks alerts.

■ App Settings : Switches the operation

mode or sets the password.

■ User's Manual : Displays the user's

manual.

■ Handling of Personal Information

: Displays the handling of personal information.

■ Terms of Service : Displays the terms of

service.

■ FAQ : Displays the FAQ.

Canceling demo mode

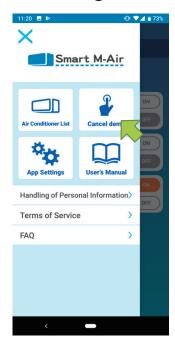


Figure 11-2

In the demo mode Cancel demo : Exits the demo mode.

(12) Checking Alerts



Open the main menu and tap [Alerts].

Figure 12-1



Figure 12-2

A list of alerts appears.

Tap each alert to display the alert details screen and check it.

appears to the alert that is not checked in the alert details screen.

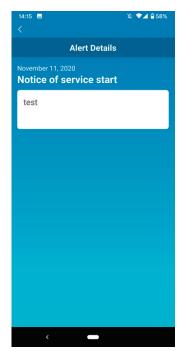
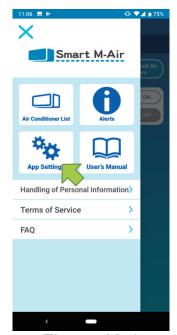


Figure 12-3

(13) Changing Application Settings



Open the main menu and tap [App Settings].

Figure 13-1

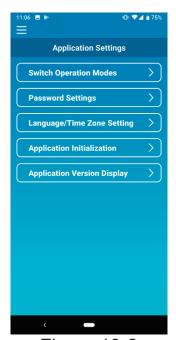


Figure 13-2

The "Application Settings" screen appears.

- Switch Operation Modes: Switches between the remote operation mode and home restricted mode.
 - → To <u>"Switch Operation Modes"</u>
- Password Settings: Sets a password.
 - → To <u>"Reset Password"</u>
- Language/Time Zone Settings: Sets a language to use in the smartphone application and a time zone for an air conditioner.
 - → To "Language/Time Zone Settings"
- Application Initialization: Initializes the smartphone application.
 - → To <u>"Application Initialization"</u>
- Application Version Display: Displays the version of your smartphone application.
 - → To "Application Version Display"

Note

In "Home restricted mode", you cannot operate "Password Settings".
 In "Try a Demo", only "Language/Time Zone Settings" and "Application Version Display" can be operated.
 Functions that cannot be operated are displayed in gray, and nothing is displayed even if you tap them.

Switch Operation Modes

You can see the current operation mode.

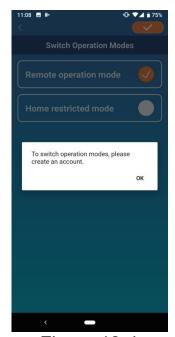
To switch the operation mode, select the desired mode and tap _____.

Switching to "Remote operation mode"



Figure 13-3

Tap [Remote operation mode] \rightarrow Tap on the top right to switch the mode.



When the account creation pop-up message appears, tap [OK], agree with the handling of personal information, and create an account.

→ To "Creating user account"

Figure 13-4

• Switching to "Home restricted mode"

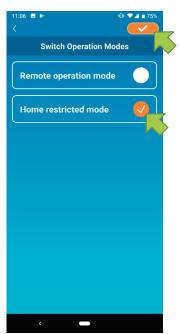


Figure 13-5

Tap [Home restricted mode] → Tap on the top right to switch the mode.

Note

 Note that if you switch the mode to "Home restricted mode", the account information used in "Remote operation mode" is deleted. The popup for remote control disabled and the popup for deleting server data will appear, so tap [YES].

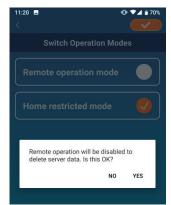


Figure 13-6



Figure 13-7

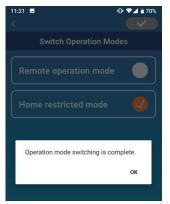


Figure 13-8

When the operation mode switching completion pop-up message appears, tap [OK].

Reset Password

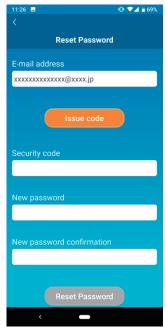


Figure 13-9

Enter the registered e-mail address and tap the [Issue code] button.

Note

 After tapping the [Issue code] button, keep this screen displayed until the password resetting is completed.

If you tap < and return to the previous screen, these operations are canceled.

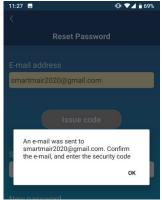


Figure 13-10

When the e-mail sending pop-up message appears, tap [OK].

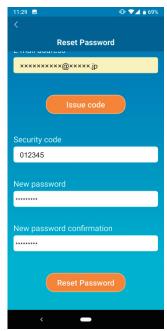


Figure 13-11

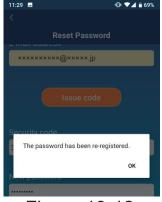


Figure 13-12

An e-mail with a security code will be sent to the e-mail address you entered. Enter "Security code" and "New password" and tap [Reset Password] to update your password.

Note

 A password must be between 8 to 16 characters including at least one alphabetic character and one numeric character.

Language/Time Zone Settings

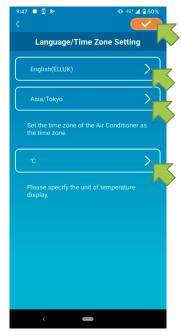


Figure 13-13

The "Language/Time Zone Settings" screen appears.

Select a language to use in the application.

Select a time zone. Select the time zone in which the air conditioner to operate via the application exists.

Choose the unit of temperature.

Finally, tap on the top right to complete the setting.

Application Initialization

Initializes the smartphone application.

Note

• Note that if you initialize the application in "Remote operation mode", the information of the account logged in is deleted.



Figure 13-14

Tap [Initialize the application].



When the pop-up message "Your account information will be deleted.

Do you want to initialize the application?" appears, tap [YES].

Figure 13-15

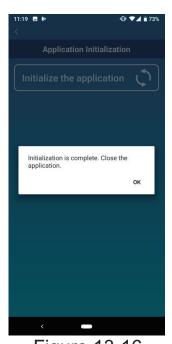


Figure 13-16

When the pop-up message "Initialization is complete. Close the application." appears, tap [OK] to close the application.

Application Version Display



Figure 13-17

Displays the version of your smartphone application.

(14) Troubleshooting

 When the air conditioner that you want to register does not appear in the air conditioner list screen



Tap the [Find unregistered Air Conditioners]

Button to search unregistered air conditioners and update the "Air Conditioner List" screen.

Figure 14-1

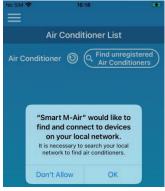


Figure 14-2

When asked for "search your local network" on iOS, tap the "OK" button.

If you accidentally tap the "Don't Allow" button, change the Smart M-Air's "local network" in the iOS app permission settings to "ON", then tap the "Find unregistered Air Conditioner" button again.

• How to delete a registered air conditioner



To delete a registered air conditioner, press and hold down (2 seconds) the icon of the target air conditioner.

Figure 14-3



Figure 14-4

When the deleting air conditioner pop-up Message appears, tap [YES].

When an abnormality notification appears in the air conditioner list



When an abnormality notification appears, air conditioner abnormality has been detected. Contact your dealer.

When "AC error notification" of the option settings is enabled, an e-mail is sent to the registered e-mail address.

Figure 14-5

When you forget your password and cannot log in

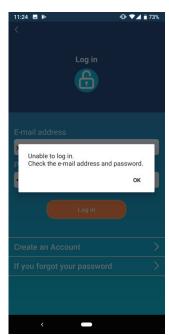


Figure 14-6

If you forgot your password and failed to log in, tap [OK] on the pop-up message, tap [If you forgot your password] to display the "Reset Password" screen, and set a new password.

→ To "Reset Password"

When operation is performed by another account



Figure 14-7

The message shows in the following cases:

- When the application is operated from other smartphones at the same time
- When the air conditioner is changing its operation status by its set control

The equipment is not malfunctioning, so please try again after a while.
(Approximately 1 minute)

 When "Shut-off reminder alert" does not turn on (For Android OS)



Figure 14-8

You must select "While using the app" when there is a request to allow access to your device information for this application.

If you accidentally tap other buttons such as "Only this time" or "Deny", you can change it to "While using the app" in Android OS Setting Screen.

14. OPTION PARTS

PJZ012A171 🛕

- (1) Wired remote control
- (a) Model RC-EX3A

1) Safety precautions

Please read this manual carefully before starting installation work to install the unit properly. Every one of the followings is important information to be observed strictly.

	≜ WARNING	Failure to follow these instructions properly may result in serious consequences such as death, severe injury, etc.
^ CAUTION		Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or property
	⚠ CAUTION	Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or proper damage.

It could have serious consequences depending on the circumstances.

The following pictograms are used in the text.



Keep this manual at a safe place where you can consult with whenever necessary. Show this manual to installers when moving or repairing the unit. When the ownership of the unit is transferred, this manual should be given to a new owner.

MARNING

- Consult your dealer or a professional contractor to install the unit.

 Improper installation made on your own may cause electric shocks, fire or dropping of the unit.
- Installation work should be performed properly according to this installation manual.

Improper installation work may result in electric shocks, fire or break-down.

- Be sure to use accessories and specified parts for installation work.
 Use of unspecified parts may result in drop, fire or electric shocks.
- Install the unit properly to a place with sufficient strength to hold the weight.

If the place is not strong enough, the unit may drop and cause injury.

Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.

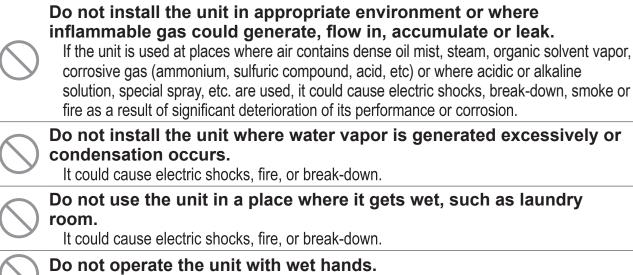
Power source with insufficient and improper work can cause electric shock and fire.

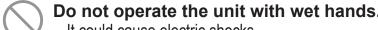
- Shut OFF the main power source before starting electrical work. Otherwise, it could result in electric shocks, break-down or malfunction.
- Do not modify the unit.

 It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.
- Be sure to turn OFF the power circuit breaker before repairing/inspecting the unit.

Repairing/inspecting the unit with the power circuit breaker turned ON could cause electric shocks or injury.

↑ WARNING





It could cause electric shocks.

Do not wash the unit with water. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.

Use the specified cables for wiring, and connect them securely with care to protect electronic parts from external forces.

Improper connections or fixing could cause heat generation, fire, etc.

Seal the inlet hole for remote control cable with putty.

If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

If dew or water enters the unit, it may cause screen display anomalies.

When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc.

The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication. equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.

Do not leave the remote control with its upper case removed. If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

ACAUTION

Do not install the remote control at following places.

- (1) It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
 - Where it is exposed to direct sunlight
 - Where the ambient temperature becomes 0 °C or below, or 40 °C or above
 - Where the surface is not flat
 - · Where the strength of installation area is insufficient
- (2) Moisture may be attached to internal parts of the remote control, resulting in a display failure.
 - Place with high humidity where condensation occurs on the remote control
 - · Where the remote control gets wet
- (3) Accurate room temperature may not be detected using the temperature sensor of the remote control.
 - · Where the average room temperature cannot be detected
 - Place near the equipment to generate heat
 - Place affected by outside air in opening/closing the door
 - Place exposed to direct sunlight or wind from air-conditioner
 - Where the difference between wall and room temperature is large

To connect to a personal computer via USB, use the dedicated software.

Do not connect other USB devices and the remote control at the same time.

It could cause malfunction or break-down of the remote control/personal computer.

2) Accessories & Prepare on site

Following parts are provided.

Accessories R/C main unit, wood screw (ø3.5 x 16) 2 pcs, Quick reference

Following parts are arranged at site. Prepare them according to the respective installation procedures.

Item name	Q'ty	Remark
Switch box For 1 piece or 2 pieces (JIS C 8340 or equivalent)	1	
Thin wall steel pipe for electric appliance directly on a wall. (JIS C 8305 or equivalent)	As required	These are not required when installing directly on a wall.
Lock nut, bushing (JIS C 8330 or equivalent)	As required	
Lacing (JIS C 8425 or equivalent)	As required	Necessary to run R/C cable on the wall.
Putty	Suitably	For sealing gaps
Molly anchor	As required	
R/C cable (0.3 mm ² x 2 pcs)	As required	See right table when longer than 100 m

When the cable length is longer than 100 m, the max size for wires used in the R/C case is $0.5\ \text{mm}^2$. Connect them to wires of larger size near the outside of R/C. When wires are connected, take measures to prevent water, etc. from entering inside.

≦ 200 m	0.5 mm ² x 2 cores
≦ 300m	0.75 mm ² x 2 cores
≦ 400m	1.25 mm ² x 2 cores
≦ 600m	2.0 mm ² x 2 cores

3) Installation place

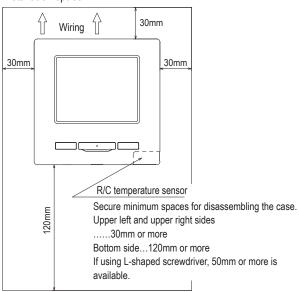
Secure the installation space shown in the figure.

For the installation method, "embedding wiring" or "exposing wiring" can be selected.

For the wiring direction, "Backward", "Upper center" or "Upper left" can be selected.

Determine the installation place in consideration of the installation method and wiring direction.

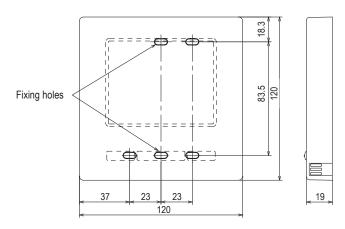
Installation space



4) Installation procedure

Perform installation and wiring work for the remote control according to the following procedure.

Dimensions (Viewed from front)



To disassemble the R/C case into the upper and lower pieces after assembling them once

 \cdot Insert the tip of flat head screwdriver or the like in the recess at the lower part of R/C and twist it lightly to remove. It is recommended that the tip of the screwdriver be wrapped with tape to avoid damaging the case.

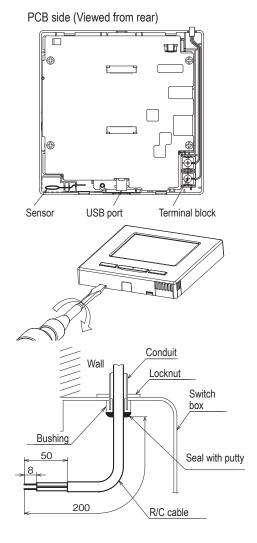
Take care to protect the removed upper case from moisture or dust.

In case of embedding wiring

(When the wiring is retrieved "Backward")

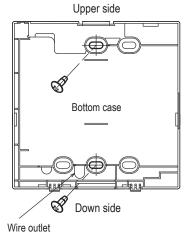
1) Embed the switch box and the R/C wires beforehand.

Seal the inlet hole for the R/C wiring with putty.

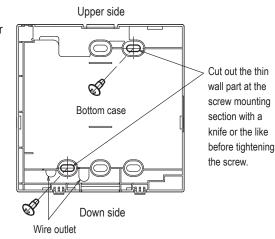


② When wires are passed through the bottom case, fix the bottom case at 2 places on the switch box.

Switch box for 1 pc.



Switch box for 2 pcs.

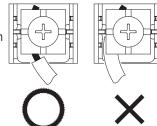


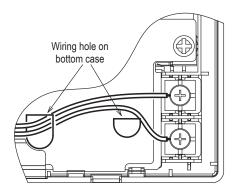
- ③ Connect wires from X and Y terminals of R/C to X and Y terminals of indoor unit. R/C wires (X, Y) have no polarity. Fix wires such that the wires will run around the terminal screws on the top case of R/C.
- 4 Install the upper case with care not to pinch wires of R/C.

Cautions for wire connection

Use wires of no larger than 0.5 mm² for wiring running through the remote control case. Take care not to pinch the sheath.

Tighten by hand $(0.7 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \text{ or less})$ the wire connection. If the wire is connected using an electric driver, it may cause failure or deformation.





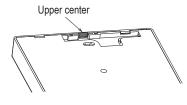
In case of exposing wiring

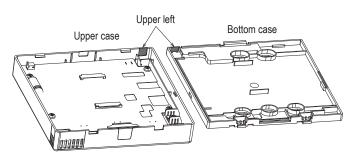
(When the wiring is taken out from the "upper center" or "upper left" of R/C)

1) Cut out the thin wall sections on the cases for the size of wire.

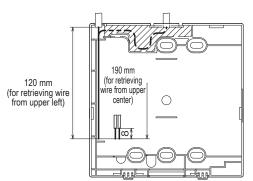
When taking the wiring out from the upper center, open a hole before separating the upper and bottom cases. This will reduce risk of damaging the PCB and facilitate subsequent work.

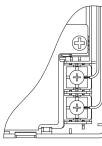
When taking the wiring out from the upper left, take care not to damage the PCB and not to leave any chips of cut thin wall inside.





- ② Fix the bottom R/C case on a flat surface with two wood screws.
- ③ In case of the upper center, pass the wiring behind the bottom case. (Hatched section)
- (4) Connect wires from X and Y terminals of R/C to X and Y terminals of indoor unit. R/C wires (X, Y) have no polarity. Fix wires such that the wires will run around the terminal screws on the top case of R/C.
- ⑤ Install the top case with care not to pinch wires of R/C.
- 6 Seal the area cut in 1 with putty.



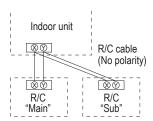


5) Main/Sub setting when more than one remote control are used

Up to two units of R/C can be used at the maximum for 1 indoor unit or 1 group.

One is main R/C and the other is sub R/C.

Operating range is different depending on the main or sub R/C.



R/C operation	ns		Main	Sub
Run/Stop, Ch Change flap speed operat	0	0		
High power of	0	0		
Silent mode	0	×		
Useful	Individual f	ap control	0	×
functions	Anti draft se	etting	0	×
	Timer		0	0
	Favorite se	tting	0	0
	Weekly tim	er	0	×
	Home leave	0	×	
	External ve	0	0	
	Select the I	0	0	
	Silent mode control		0	×
Energy-savin	g setting	0	×	
Filter	Filter sign reset			0
User setting	Initial settin	0	0	
	Administrator settings	Permission/ Prohibition setting	0	×
		Outdoor unit silent mode timer	0	×
		Setting temp. range	0	×
		Temp increment setting	0	×
		Set temp. display	0	0
		R/C display setting	0	0
		Change administrator password	0	0
		F1/F2 function setting	0	0

			o : operable x: r	ot ope	erable
R/C operat	ions			Main	Sub
Service	Installation	Installati	on date	0	×
setting	settings	Compan	y information	0	0
		Test run		0	×
		Static pr	essure adjustment	0	×
		Change	auto-address	0	×
		Address	setting of main IU	0	×
		IU back-	up function	0	×
		Motion s	ensor setting	0	×
	R/C function	Main/Su	b of R/C	0	0
	settings	Return a	nir temp.	0	×
		R/C sen	sor	0	×
		R/C sen	sor adjustment	0	×
		Operation	n mode	0	×
		°C / °F		0	×
		Fan spe	0	×	
		External	0	×	
		Upper/lo	0	×	
		Left/righ	t flap control	0	×
		Ventilation	0	×	
		Auto-res	0	×	
		Auto ten	np. setting	0	×
		Auto fan	speed	0	×
	IU settings		0	×	
	Service &	IU addre	ess	0	0
	Maintenance	Next ser	vice date	0	×
		Operation	n data	0	×
		Error	Error history	0	0
		display	Display/erase anomaly data	0	×
			Reset periodical check	0	0
		Saving I	U settings	0	×
		Special	Erase IU address	0	×
		settings	CPU reset	0	0
			Restore of default setting	0	×
			Touch panel calibration	0	0
		Indoor u	nit capacity display	0	×

Advice: Connection to personal computer

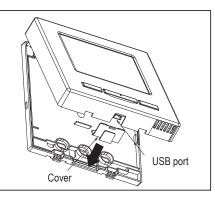
It can be set from a personal computer via the USB port (mini-B).

Connect after removing the cover for USB port of upper case.

Replace the cover after use.

Special software is necessary for the connection.

For details, view the web site.



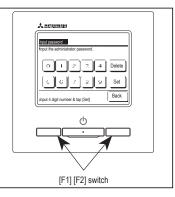
Advice: Initializing of password

Administrator password (for daily setting items) and service password (for installation, test run and maintenance) are used.

 The administrator password at factory default is "0000". This setting can be changed (Refer to User's Manual).

If the administrator password is forgotten, it can be initialized by holding down the [F1] and [F2] switches together for five seconds on the administrator password input screen.

Service password is "9999", which cannot be changed.
 When the administrator password is input, the service password is also accepted.



PJA012D730/B

(b) Model RC-E5

Read together with indoor unit's installation manual.

MARNING

- Fasten the wiring to the terminal securely and hold the cable securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.
 - Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.
- Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work.
 Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.

•

ACAUTION

- Do not install the remote control at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.
- (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
- (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
- (2) Places near heat devices
- (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly
- (3) High humidity places
- (6) Uneven surface



Do not leave the remote control without the upper case.

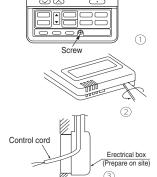
In case the upper cace needs to be detached, protect the remote control with a packaging box or bag in order to keep it away from water and dust.



Accessories	Remote control, wood screw (ø3.5×16) 2 pieces
Prepare on site	Remote control cord (2 cores) the insulated thickness in 1mm or more.
	[In case of embedding cord] Erectrical box, M4 screw (2 pieces)
	[In case of exposing cord] Cord clamp (if needed)

Installation procedure

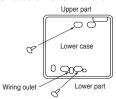
- Open the cover of remote control, and remove the screw under the buttons without fail.
- ② Remove the upper case of remote control. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the dented part of the upper part of the remote control, and wrench slightly.

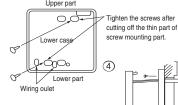


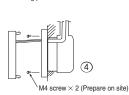
[In case of embedding cord]

3 Embed the erectrical box and remote control cord beforehand.

Prepare two M4 screws (recommended length is 12-16mm) on site, and install the lower case to erectrical box. Choose either of the following two positions in fixing it with screws.



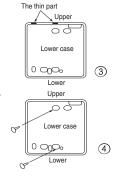




- S Connect the remote control cord to the terminal block. Connect the terminal of remote control (X,Y) with the terminal of indoor unit (X,Y). (X and Y are no polarity)
- Install the upper case as before so as not to catch up the remote control cord, and tighten with the screws.

[In case of exposing cord]

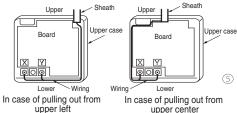
- ③ You can pull out the remote control cord from left upper part or center upper part. Cut off the upper thin part of remote control lower case with a nipper or knife, and grind burrs with a file etc.
- ④ Install the lower case to the flat wall with attached two wooden screws.



5 Connect the remote control cord to the terminal block.

Connect the terminal of remote control (X,Y) with the terminal of indoor unit (X,Y). (X and Y are no polarity)

Wiring route is as shown in the right diagram depending on the pulling out direction.



The wiring inside the remote control case should be within 0.3mm² (recommended) to 0.5mm². The sheath should be peeled off inside the remote control case.

The peeling-off length of each wire is as below.

Pulling out from upper left	Pulling out from upper center
X wiring : 215mm	X wiring : 170mm
Y wiring: 195mm	Y wiring: 190mm



- Install the upper case as before so as not to catch up the remote control cord, and tighten with the screws.
- In case of exposing cord, fix the cord on the wall with cord clamp so as not to slack.

Installation and wiring of remote control

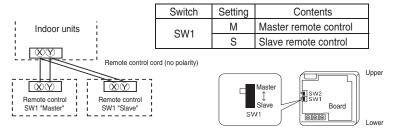
- ① Wiring of remote control should use 0.3mm² × 2 cores wires or cables. (on-site configuration)
- 2 Maximum prolongation of remote control wiring is 600 m.

If the prolongation is over 100m, change to the size below.

But, wiring in the remote control case should be under 0.5mm². Change the wire size outside of the case according to wire connecting. Waterproof treatment is necessary at the wire connecting section. Be careful about contact failure.

Master/ slave setting when more than one remote controls are used

A maximum of two remote controls can be connected to one indoor unit (or one group of indoor units.)



Set SW1 to "Slave" for the slave remote control. It was factory set to "Master" for shipment.

Note: The setting "Remote control sensor enabled" is only selectable with the master remote control in the position where you want to check room temperature.

The air-conditioner operation follows the last operation of the remote control regardless of the master/ slave setting of it.

The indication when power source is supplied

When power source is turned on, the following is displayed on the remote control until the communication between the remote control and indoor unit settled.

At the same time, a mark or a number will be displayed for two seconds first.

This is the software's administration number of the remote control, not an error cord.



When remote control cannot communicate with the indoor unit for half an hour, the below indication will appear

Check wiring of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit etc.



The range of temperature setting

When shipped, the range of set temperature differs depending on the operation mode as below.

Heating: 16-30°C (55-86°F)

Except heating (cooling, fan, dry, automatic): 18-30°C (62-86°F)

●Upper limit and lower limit of set temperature can be changed with remote control.

Upper limit setting: valid during heating operation. Possible to set in the range of 20 to 30°C (68 to 86°F). Lower limit setting: valid except heating (automatic, cooling, fan, dry) Possible to set in the range of 18 to 26°C (62 to 79°F).

When you set upper and lower limit by this function, control as below.

When ②TEMP RANGE SET, remote control function of function setting mode is "INDN CHANGE" (factory setting),
 If upper limit value is set]

During heating, you cannot set the value exceeding the upper limit.

[If lower limit value is set]

During operation mode except heating, you cannot set the value below the lower limit.

2. When ② TEMP RANGE SET, remote control function of function setting mode is "NO INDN CHANGE" [If upper limit value is set]

During heating, even if the value exceeding the upper limit is set, upper limit value will be sent to the indoor unit. But, the indication is the same as the temperature set.

[If lower limit value is set]

During except heating, even if the value lower than the lower limit is set, lower limit value will be sent to the indoor unit. But, the indication is the same as the temperature set.

How to set upper and lower limit value

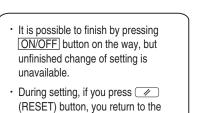
1. Stop the air-conditioner, and press (SET) and (MODE) button at the same time for over three seconds .

The indication changes to "FUNCTION SET ▼".

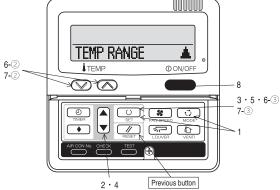
- 2. Press ▼ button once, and change to the "TEMP RANGE ▲ " indication.
- 3. Press (SET) button, and enter the temperature range setting mode.
- 4. Select "UPPER LIMIT \blacktriangledown " or "LOWER LIMIT \blacktriangle " by using $\boxed{\blacktriangle}$ $\boxed{\blacktriangledown}$ button.
- 5. Press (SET) button to fix.
- 6. When "UPPER LIMIT ▼" is selected (valid during heating)
 - ① Indication: " $\bigcirc \lor \land$ SET UP" \rightarrow "UPPER 30°C \lor "
 - ② Select the upper limit value with temperature setting button \(\subseteq \) \(\subseteq \). Indication example: "UPPER 26°C ∨ ∧" (blinking)
 - ③ Press ◯ (SET) button to fix. Indication example: "UPPER 26°C" (Displayed for two seconds)

 After the fixed upper limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will return to "UPPER LIMIT ▼".
- 7. When "LOWER LIMIT ▲" is selected (valid during cooling, dry, fan, automatic)
 - ① Indication: " $\bigcirc \lor \land \mathsf{SET} \mathsf{UP}" \to \mathsf{"LOWER} \mathsf{18}^\circ\mathsf{C} \land \mathsf{"}$
 - ② Select the lower limit value with temperature setting button $\boxed{\lor}$ $\boxed{\land}$. Indication example: "LOWER 24°C \lor \land " (blinking)
 - ③ Press (SET) button to fix. Indication for example: "LOWER 24°C" (Displayed for two seconds)

 After the fixed lower limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will return to "LOWER LIMIT"."
- 8. Press ON/OFF button to finish.



previous screen.



The functional setting

The initial function setting for typical using is performed automatically by the indoor unit connected, when remote control and indoor unit are connected.

As long as they are used in a typical manner, there will be no need to change the initial settings. If you would like to change the initial setting marked "C", set your desired setting as for the selected item. The procedure of functional setting is shown as the following diagram.

[Flow of function setting] Record and keep the setting Consult the technical data etc. for each control details

Stop air-conditioner and press

Stop air-conditioner and press

(MODE) buttons at the same time for over three seconds

Note 1: The initial setting marked * * * is decided by connected indoor and outdoor unit, and is automatically defined as following table.

Function No.	Item	Detault	Model
Remote control	AUTO RUN SET	AUTO RUN ON	"Auto-RUN" mode selectable indoor unit.
function02		AUTO RUN OFF	Indoor unit without "Auto-RUN" mode
Remote control	352FAN SPEED S₩	டு⊠ VALID	Indoor unit with two or three step of air flow setting
function06		ర్జు INVALID	Indoor unit with only one of air flow setting
Remote control	☑ LOUVER SW	& E⊒ VALID	Indoor unit with automatically swing louver
function07		& ☑ INVALID	Indoor unit without automatically swing louver
Remote control	I/U FAN	HI-MID-LO	Indoor unit with three step of air flow setting
function13		HI-LO	Indoor unit with two step of air flow setting
		HI-MID	
		1 FAN SPEED	Indoor unit with only one of air flow setting
Remote control	MODEL TYPE	HEAT PUMP	Heat pump unit
function15		COOLING ONLY	Exclusive cooling unit

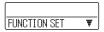
Note 3: As for plural indoor unit, set indoor functions to each master and slave indoor unit.

But only master indoor unit is received the setting change of indoor unit function "05 EXTERNAL INPUT" and "06 PERMISSION / PROHIBISHION".

			Indoor unit	No. are indicated only who	en	Note2: Fan s	etting of *HIC				
N ▼ (Remote control fun	iction)		(Indoor unit function) I/U FUNCTION ▲ plural indoor	r units are connected.		Fan	tan		oor unit air flow s		
			`	Function			-up	8aff - 8af - 8af - 8af	Staff - Staff - Staff	20 mm - 20 m.)	8at -
Function	setting			02 FAN SPEED SET	setting	FAN	STANDARD	UH - Hi - Me - Lo	Hi - Me - Lo	Hi - Lo	Hi - I
01 -500 EFSE		ΙO	Validate setting of ESP:External Static Pressure 17/0001 ≠		STANDARD X HIGH SPEED 1 X	SPEED	HIGH				
	ASTRA ESP VALID.	1	Invalidate setting of ESP		HIGH SPEED 2	SET	SPEED1. 2	UH - UH - Hi - Me	UH - Hi - Me	UH - Me	UH -
02 AUTO RUN SET		_	I/U004 \$	03 FILTER SIGN SET		Initial function	setting of s	ome indoor unit is "HIGH	SPEED*.	1	_
	AUTO RUN ON	*			INDICATION OFF			ter running for 180 hours.			
03 I ☑☑ TEMP SW	AUTO RUN OFF	*	Automatical operation is impossible		TYPE 1 O			ter running for 600 hours.			
0.0	S⊠⊠ VALID S⊠⊠ INVALID	0	To set other indoor unit, press		TYPE 3	The filter sign is	indicated aff	ter running for 1000 hours	i.		
a . I com wood ou	-5⊠⊠ INVALID		Temperature setting button is not working AIR CON No. button, which		TYPE 4	The filter sign is	indicated aff	ter running for 1000 hours	, then the indoor u	nit will be stop	ped by
04 ES MODE SW	Lawrest UALTD	10	allows you to go back to the indoor	04 등급POSITION		compulsion afte					
	응답 VALID 응답 INVALID	-	unit selection screen Mode button is not working (for example: I/I 000 A)	04 % TUSTITON	7			ction "04 등급 POSITION control function "14 등급		linely	
05 © ON/OFF SW			I (for example: I/U 000 ▲).		4POSITION STOP O	You can select t	he louver sto	op position in the four.	TOOLITON BUCOID	myry.	
	⊕ © VALID	0	la .av	as Ingressia tunur	FREE STOP	The louver can:	stop at any p	osition.			
06 I⊠EIFAN SPEED SWI	⊕	_	On/Off button is not working	05 EXTERNAL INPUT	ILEVEL INPUT I O						
OB LESS HIN OF ELD OW	(ALIVALED	1 ×	1		PULSE INPUT						
	송환 VALID 송환 INVALID	*	Fan speed button is not working	06 OFFERTOMPTOMESSON/TRANSITION							
07 🖾 LOUVER SW					INVALID O						
	SEZ INVALID	×	Laures button is not westing	A7 IDEDCEMOV STOD	VALID	Permission/prof	ibition contro	ol of operation will be valid	i.		
OR TO TIMER SW	THAHLID	*	Louver button is not working	07 EMERGENCY STOP	INVALID O						
00 1-22 111111101	eo valid eo invalid	0			VALID	With the VRF ≈	eries, it is use	ed to stop all indoor units	connected with the	same outdoor	r unit imm
	⊕@INVALID		Timer button is not working			When stop sign	al is inputed	from remote on-off termin	al "CNT-6", all indo	or units are st	topped in
09 SENSOR SET	I merueon orr	10	B								
	SENSOR OFF SENSOR ON	10	Remote thermistor is not working. Remote thermistor is working.		OFFSET +3.0%	To be reset for	roducina +2	I.0°C increase in temperat	ure during heating		
	■SENSOR +3.0%		Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing +3.0°C increase in temperature.		OFFSET +2.0%			1.0°C increase in temperat			
	■SENSOR +2.0%			O8 ★ SP OFFSET	OFFSET +1.0%	To be reset for p	oroducing +1	.0°C increase in temperat	ure during heating		
	☐ SENSOR + 1.0 ℃	-	Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing +1.0°C increase in temperature. Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing -1.0°C increase in temperature.		NO OFFSET						
	SENSOR -2.05	\vdash	Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing -1.0 C increase in temperature.		OFFSET +2.0%	To be recet pro-	fucina (2.0°)	C increase in return air ter	monature of indee	runit	
	SENSOR -3.0%		Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing -3.0°C increase in temperature.		OFFSET +1.5%			C increase in return air ter			
10 AUTO RESTART		_	*	09 RETURN AIR TEMP	OFFSET +1.0%			C increase in return air ter			
	INVALID VALID	0			NO OFFSET O						
11 I VENT LINK SET	AHTID	_	i		OFFSET - 1.0%	To be reset production	ducing -1.0°C	increase in return air ten increase in return air ten	nperature of indoor	unit.	
. III I ACIAL CTIAN OCT	I NO VENT	Ю	1		OFFSET -2.05			increase in return air ten increase in return air ten			
		T-	In case of Single split series, by connecting ventilation device to CNT of the	10 X FAN CONTROL						uni.	
	VENT LINK		indoor printed circuit board (in case of VRF series, by connecting it to CND of the		LOW FAN SPEED	When heating th	nermostat is	OFF, fan speed is low spe	ed.		
			indoor printed circuit board), the operation of ventilation device is linked with the operation of indoor unit.		SET FAN SPEED	When heating th	nermostat is	OFF, fan speed is set spe	ied.		
			In case of Single split series, by connecting ventilation device to CNT of the indoor printed		INTERNITTENCE	When heating th	nermostat is	OFF, fan speed is operate	ed intermittently.		
	NO VENT LINK		circuit board (in case of VRF series, by connecting it to CND of the indoor printed circuit		FAN OFF	When heating th	nermostat is	OFF, the fan is stopped.			
12 TEMP RANGE SET		_	board), you can operate /stop the ventilation device independently by (VENT) button.			When the remot	e thermistor	is working, "FAN OFF" is the indoor unit's thermist	set automatically.		
12 TEMP KANGE SET		T -	If you change the range of set temperature, the indication of set temperature			DU HULSEL FAIN	OFF WIEII	tile indoor unit's tremiist	or is working.		
	INDN CHANGE	0	will vary following the control.	11 FROST PREVENTION TEMP		Change of indo	or heat excha	anger temperature to start	frost prevention of	ontrol.	
	NO INDN CHANGE		If you change the range of set temperature, the indication of set temperature		TEMP HIGH						
te It areas			will not vary following the control, and keep the set temperature.		TEMP LOW O						
13 I/UFAN	HI-MID-LO	l ×	Air flow of fan becomes the three speed of %all -%all -%all or%all -%all	1.0 TRRICT PREVENTION CONTROL		Working only wi	th the Cinele	anti ancian			
	HI-LO	*	Air flow of fan becomes the two speed of ***********************************	TE I MONTH TO THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER	FAN CONTROL ON			i split series. he indoor fan tap is raisec	ı.		
	HI-MID		Air flow of fan becomes the two speed of *ant - *ant].		FAN CONTROL OFF						
	1 FAN SPEED	*	Air flow of fan is fixed at one speed.	13 DRAIN PUMPLINK	In In						
14 S→POSITION			If you change the remote control function "14 > POSITION",		© O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	Drain pump is ru		oling and dry. oling, dry and heating.			
14 1 N - 10011104	1		you must change the indoor function "04 "> POSITION" accordingly.		© O AND XX AND RE	Drain pump is ru	an during coo	oling, dry and neating. oling, dry, heating and fan			
	4POSITION STOP	0	You can select the louver stop position in the four.	L	SOAND≅	Drain pump is ru	ın during coo	oling, dry and fan.			
15 I MODEL TYPE	FREE STOP		The louver can stop at any position.	14 © FAN REMAINING	INO REMAINING O						
15 I HUUEL ITPE	HEAT PUMP	1 ×			0.5 HOUR	After cooling is :	stopped is O	FF, the fan does not perfo FF, the fan perform extra	orm extra operation	i. In hour	
	COOLING ONLY	*			1 HOUR			FF, the fan perform extra			
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET		_			6 HOUR	After cooling is	stopped is O	FF, the fan perform extra	operation for six h	ours.	
	INDIVIDUAL	0	If you input signal into CnT of the indoor printed circuit board from external, the	15 × FAN REMAINING	INO REMAINING IO						
	FOR ALL UNITS	H	indoor unit will be operated independently according to the input from external. If you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board from external, all units which		NO REMAINING O	After heating is	stopped or h	eating thermostat is OFF, eating thermostat is OFF,	the fan does not p	ertorm extra o	peration.
	TOWNER ORE TO		connect to the same remote control are operated according to the input from external.		2 HOUR			eating thermostat is OFF, eating thermostat is OFF,			
17 ROOM TEMP INDICATION SET			I see the second of the second		6 HOUR			eating thermostat is OFF,			
	INDICATION OFF	0		16 X FAN INTERMITTENCE	Inn presentation 1.0						
	INDICATION ON	1	In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is indicated instead of air flow.		NO REMAINING O	During heating i	s stonned or	heating thermostat is OF	F. the fan perform	intermittent on	eration fo
18 XMSINDICATION			(Only the master remote control can be indicated.)		zominOFF sminON			nty minutes' OFF.	. , iun pononn		
	INDICATION ON	0			sninOFF sninON	During heating i	s stopped or	heating thermostat is OF	F, the fan perform	intermittent op	eration fo
1	INDICATION OFF		Heating preparation indication should not be indicated.	47 Incompt court	ANTIDIT DITTOIT	with low fan spe	ed after five	minutes' OFF.			
1				17 PRESSURE CONTROL	STANDARD						
19 ℃/% SET					TO TURNSHIP #						
19 %/% SET	ò	0	Temperature indication is by degree C.			Connected "OA	Processina"	type indoor unit, and is a	utomatically define	d.	
19 b/≒ SET	č F	0	Temperature indication is by degree C. Temperature indication is by degree F.		TYPEI *	Connected "OA	Processing*	type indoor unit, and is a	utomatically define	d.	

How to set function

Stop air-conditioner and press ○ (SET) (MODE) buttons at the same time for over three seconds, and the "FUNCTION SET ▼" will be displayed.



- 2. Press (SET) button.
- Make sure which do you want to set, "

 FUNCTION ▼"

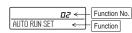
 (remote control function) or "I/U FUNCTION ▲" (indoor unit function).
- Press ▲ or ▼ button.
 Selecct [®] FUNCTION ▼ " (remote control function) or "I/U FUNCTION ▲ " (indoor unit function).



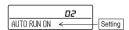
5. Press (SET) button.

- 6. [On the occasion of remote control function selection]

 - Press ▲ or ▼ button. *No. and function*are indicated by turns on the remote control function table, then you can select from them. (For example)



Press ()(SET) button. The current setting of selected function is indicated. (for example) "AUTO RUN ON" — If "02 AUTO RUN SET" is selected



Press or button. Select the setting.



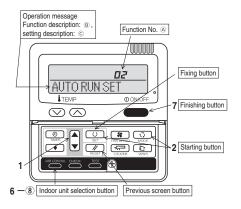
⑤ Press 〇 (SET)

"SET COMPLETE" will be indicated, and the setting will be completed.

Then after "No. and function" indication returns, Set as the same procedure if you want to set continuously ,and if to finish, go to 7.



7. Press ON/OFF button. Setting is finished.



[On the occasion of indoor unit function selection]

"DATA LOADING" (Blinking for 2 to 23 seconds to read the data)
 Indication is changed to "02 FAN SPEED SET".
 Go to ②.

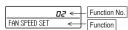
[Note]

 If plural indoor units are connected to a remote control, the indication is "I/U 000" (blinking) ← The lowest number of the indoor unit connected is indicated.



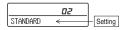
- (2) Press ▲ or ▼ button. Select the number of the indoor unit you are to set If you select "ALL UNIT ▼", you can set the same setting with all unites.
- (3) Press (SET) button.
- ② Press ▲ or ▼ button.

"No. and function" are indicated by turns on the indoor unit function table, then you can select from them.
(For example)



③ Press O (SET) button.

The current setting of selected function is indicated. (For example) "STANDARD" ← If "02 FAN SPEED SET" is selected.



- ④ Press ▲ or ▼ button. Select the setting.
- Press (SET) button. "SET COMPLETE" will be indicated, and the setting will be completed.

Then after "No. and function" indication returns, set as the same procedure if you want to set continuously , and if to finish, go to 7.



When plural indoor units are connected to a remote control, press the AIR CON No. button, which allows you to go back to the indoor unit selection screen. (example "I/U 000 ▲")

- It is possible to finish by pressing ON/OFF button on the way, but unfinished change of setting is unavailable.
- During setting, if you press (//)(RESET) button, you return to the previous screen.
- Setting is memorized in the control and it is saved independently of power failure.

[How to check the current setting]

When you select from "No. and function" and press set button by the previous operation, the "Setting" displayed first is the current setting.

(But, if you select "ALL UNIT f v ", the setting of the lowest number indoor unit is displayed.)

(c) Operation and setting from wired remote control

Blank : Not compatible

— : No function on remote control

○ : Correspondence

△ : Corresponding part

Setting & display item			Description	RC-EX3A	RC-E5
	mote control network	v a single remote control	A remote control can control plural indeer units up to 16 (in one group of semate control actually		
L	Main/sub setting of remote c		An address is set to each indoor unit.	0	0
	P scrren, Switch manipulation		A pair of remote controls (including optional wireless remote control) can be connected within the remote control network. Set one to "Main" and the other to "Sub".	0	0
	Menu	OII	"Control" "State" or "Details" can be selected (3-8)	0	<u> </u>
	Operation mode			Ö	0
	Set temp.		"Set temperature" can be set by 0.5°C interval.	Ŏ	Ŏ
4 /	Air flow direction		"Air flow direction" [Individual flap control] can be set.	0	Δ
5 I	Fan speed			0	0
	Timer setting	etting "Timer operation" can be set.		0	Ō
	ON/OFF			0	0
	F1 SW	A remote control A pair of remote control can control plural indoor units up to 16 (in one group of remote control network). An address is set to each indoor unit. A pair of remote controls (including optional witeless remote control) can be connected within the remote control extends. Set one to "Salm" and the other to "Salm". **Control", "Salme," or "Details" can be selected (3-8) **Control", "Hasting," "Fam," "Dry" or "Audic can be set. **Set temperature" can be set by 0.5 (Sc interval). **Air Mor direction" [Individual flap control] can be set. **Set temperature" can be set by 0.5 (Sc interval). **Air Mor direction" [Individual flap control] can be set. **Select Enable or Disable for the "3D AUTO". **Fan speed" can be set. **On O'II operation of the system" can be done. The system operates and is controlled according to the function specified to the F1 switch. The system operates and is controlled according to the function specified to the F2 switch. **The moving range (the positions of upper limit and lower limit) of the flap for individual flap can be set. When the panel with the anti draft function is assembled, select to Enable or Disable the anti draft setting for each operation mode and for each blow outlet. **The period of sit time ach blow outlet. The period of sit time can be set time and the speed at starting operation can be set. **The period of sit time can be set them, and final speed at starting operation can be set. The period of sit time can be set with minutes interval). **The clock time to start operation after starting can be set. **The period of sit time can be set with minutes interval. **The set clock time can be set by 3 minutes interval. **The period of sit time and be set them and final speed at starting operation can be set. **The period of sit time and be set them and final speed at starting operation can be set. **The period of sit time and be set them and in appead at starting operation can be set. **The period of sit time can be set by 3 minutes interval		0	
	F2 SW		The system operates and is controlled according to the function specified to the F2 switch.	0	-
	eful functions ndividual flap control		The maying range (the positions of upper limit and lower limit) of the flan for individual flan can be set		
2	Anti draft setting	i-draft function is assembled	When the panel with the anti draft function is assembled, select to Enable or Disable the anti draft setting for each		
-	Fimer settings	(· · · ·	The period of time to start operation after stopping can be set.		
			The operation mode, set temp. and fan speed at starting operation can be set.	Δ	_
		Set Off timer by hour		0	0
		Set On timer by clock			
			[Once (one time only)] or [Everyday] operation can be switched.	Δ	0
		Set Off timer by clock	The set clock time can be set by 5 minutes interval.	0	0
		Confirmation of times			-
1	Favorite setting	Confirmation of timer settings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	 -
[Administrator password]		Set them for the Favorite set 1 and the Favorite set 2 respectively.	0	_
5	Weekly timer				
			The setting clock time can be set by 5 minutes interval. Holiday setting is available.	0	0
6 I	me leave mode				
[Administrator password]		• The judgment to switch the operation mode (Cooling ⇔ Heating) is done by the both factors of the set temp. and outdoor	0	_
			• The set temp. and fan speed can be set.		
	External Ventilation When the ventilator is combi	ined.	It is necessary to set from [Menu] \Rightarrow [Service setting] \Rightarrow [R/C function settings] \Rightarrow [Ventilation setting].	0	0
8 5	Select the language		Select the language to display on the remote control. Select from English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Turkish, Portuguese, Russian,	0	_
91	Look, look			Δ	T _
-	Power consumption indication	on	1 1 1 1		
	,		yesterday, last week and last year.	0	-
En:	ergy-saving setting				1
	Sleep timer		To prevent the timer from keeping ON, set hours to stop operation automatically with this timer. • The selectable range of setting time is from 30 to 240 minutes. (10 minutes interval)	0	-
2 I	Peak-cut timer		Power consumption can be reduced by restructing the maximum capacity. Set the [Start time], the [End time] and the capacity limit % (Peak-cut %).		
	Peak-cut timer Power consumption can be reducted Set the [Start time], the [End time] and 4-operation patterns per day cannot be changed to the setting time can be changed the setting time can be changed to the setting time to the setting time can be caused to the setting time time time time time time time time		The setting time can be changed by 5-minutes interval. The selectable range of capacity limit % (Peak-cut %) is from 0% to 40-80% (20% interval). Holiday setting is available.	0	_
3	Automatic temp. set back		After the elapse of the set time period, the current set temp. will be set back to the [Set back time.] The setting can be done in cooling and heating mode respectively. Selectable range of the set time is from 20 min. to 120 min. (10 min. interval).	0	-
V	infrared sensor control (Moti When the panel with the infrassembled.	ion sensor control) ared sensor (motion sensor) is	 Set the [Set back temp.] by 1°C interval. When the infrared sensor (motion sensor) is used, it is necessary to set Enable or Disable for the "Power control" and the "Auto-off". 	0	-
.Filt					
	Filter sign reset	Filter sign reset	The filter sign can be reset.		
		Setting next cleaning date	The next cleaning date can be set.		
г	er setting internal settings	Clock setting	The current date and time can be set or revised.		l _
1	go	Date and time display	If a power failure continues no longer than 80 hours, the clock continues to tick by the built-in power source. Display or Hidel the date and/or time can be set and [12H] or [24H] display can be set.	0	_
		Summer time	[Display] or [Hide] the date and/or time can be set, and [12H] or [24H] display can be set. When select [Enable], the +1hour adjustment of current time can be set. When select [Disable], the [Summer time]	0	_
		Contract	adjustment can be reset. The contrast of LCD can be adjusted higher or lower.	0	<u> </u>
		Contrast Backlight	Switching on/off a light can be set and period of the lighting time can be set within the range of 5sec-90 sec (5sec interval).	0	 -
			portioning on our angle can be set and period of the righting time can be set within the range of 35cc-30 sec (38cc litterval).		
		Control sound	It can set with or without [Control sound (beep sound)] at touch panel.		_

	Setting & dis	splay item	Description	RC-EX3A	RC-E5
2	Administrator settings	Permission/Prohibition setting	Permission/Prohibition setting of operation can be set. [On/Off] [Change set temp] [Change operation mode] [Change flap direction] [Change fan speed] [High power operation]		
	[Administrator password]		[Change set emp] [Change operation mode] [Change hap direction] [Change han speed] [Figh power operation] [Energy-saving operation] [Timer] Request for administrator can be set. [Individual flap control] [Weekly timer] [Select the language] [Anti draft setting]	0	_
		Outdoor unit silent mode timer	The period of time to operate the outdoor unit by prioritizing the quiteness can be set. The [Start time] and the [End time] for operating outdoor unit in silent mode can be set. The period of the operation time can be set once aday by 5 minutes interal.	0	0
		Setting temp. range	The upper/lower limit of temp. setting range can be set. • The limitation of indoor temp. setting range can be set for each operation mode in cooling and heating.	0	0
		Temp increment setting	The temp increment setting can be changed by 0.5°C or 1.0°C.	0	0
		Set temp. display	Ways of displaying setting temperatures can be selected.	0	0
		R/C display setting	Register [Room name] [Name of I/U] Display [Indoor temp. display] or not. Display [Error code display] or not. Display [Heating stand-by display] [Defrost operation display] [Auto cooling/heating display] [Display temp of R/C, Room, Outdoor] or not	0	_
		Change administrator password	The administrator password can be changed. (Default setting is "0000") The administrator password can be reset.	0	-
		F1/F2 function setting	Functions can be set for F1 and F2. Selectable functions: [High power operation], [Energy-saving operation], [Silent mode cont.], [Home leave mode], [Favorite set 1], [Favorite set 2] and [Filter sign reset].	0	-
	rvice setting				
1	Installer settings [Service password]	Installation date	The [Installation date] can be registed. When registering the [Instaration date], the [Next service date] is displayed automatically. (For changing the [Next service date], please refer the item of [Service & Maintenance])	0	_
		Company information	The [Company information] can be registed and can be displayed on the R/C. • The [Company] can be registered within 26 characters. • The [Phone No.] can be registed within 13 digits.	0	_
		Test run	On/Off operation of the test run can be done.		
		Cooling test run Drain pump test run	The [Cooling test run] can be done at 5°C of set temp. for 30 minutes. Only drain pump can be operated.	0	0
		Static pressure adjustment	In case of combination with only the ducted indoor unit which has a function of static pressure adjustment, the static pressure is adjustable.		-
		Change auto-address	It can be set for each indoor unit individually. The set address of each indoor unit decided by auto-address setting method can be changed to any other address.		_
7.Sern 1 II [5] 2 R [5] 3 II		Address setting of main IU	Main indoor unit address can be set.		
		Hilbert on Courting	Only the Main indoor unit can change operation mode and the Sub indoor units dominated by the Main indoor shall follow. The Main indoor unit can domain 10 indoor units at a maximum. The Main indoor unit can domain 10 indoor units at a maximum.		_
		IU back-up function	When a pair of indoor units (2 groups) is connected to one unit of remote control, it can be set Enable or Disable for the [IU rotation], [IU capacity back-up] and [IU fault back-up]	0	-
		Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) When the panel with the infrared sensor (motion sensor) is assembled.	Set Enable or Disable for the infrared sensor detectors of indoor units connected to the remote control. If Disable is selected, it cannot be control the infrared sensor control for the energy-saving setting.	0	-
		Grill lifting operation	Set enable for automatic lifting panel operation. When automatic lifting panel is assembled.		
2	R/C function setting	Main/Sub R/C	The R/C setting of [Main/Sub] can be changed.	0	_
	[Service password]	Return air temp.	When two or more indoor units are connected to one unit of remote control, suction sensors, which are used for the judgement by thermostat, can be selected. It can be selected from [Individual], [Master IU] and [Average temp].	0	-
		R/C sensor	It can be set the mode to switch to the remote control sensor. It can be selected from cooling and heating.	0	Δ
		R/C sensor adjustment	The offset value of [R/C sensor] sensing temp. can be set respectively in heating and cooling.	0	Δ
		Operation mode °C / °F	Enable or Disable can be set for each operation mode. Set the unit for setting temperatures.	0	Δ
			• °C or °F can be selected.	0	0
		Fan speed External input	Fan speeds can be selected. When two or more indoor units are connected to one unit of remote control, the range to apply CnT inputs can be set.	0	- 0
		Upper/lower flap control	[Stop at fixed position] or [Stop at any position] can be selected for the upper and lower louvers.	ő	Ö
		Left/right flap control	[Fixed position stop] or [Stop at any position] can be selected for the right and left louvers.	0	_
		Ventilation setting Auto-restart	Combination control for ventilator can be set. The operation control method after recovery of power failure happened during operation can be set.	0	0
		Auto temp. setting	[Enable] or [Disable] of [Auto temp. setting] can be selected.	ŏ	_
2	IU settings	Auto fan speed Fan speed setting	[Enable] or [Disable] of [Auto fan speed] can be selected. The fan speed for indoor units can be set.	0	_
,	10 settings	Filter sign	The setting of filter sign display timer can be done from following patterns.		-
	[Service password]	External input 1	The connect of control by external input 1 can be changed.	Δ	Δ
		External input 1 signal External input 2	The type of external input 1 signal can be changed. The connect of control by external input 2 can be changed.	0	0
		External input 2 signal	The type of external input 2 signal can be changed.		_
		Heating thermo-OFF temp. adjustment	The judgement temp. of heating themo-off can be adjusted within the range from 0 to +3°C (1°C interval).		
		Return temperature adjustment Fan control in cooling thermo-OFF	The sensing temp. of return air temp. sensor built in the indoor unit can be adjusted within the range of ±2°C. Fan control, when the cooling thermostat is turned OFF, can be changed.		
			Fan control, when the leating thermostat is turned OFF, can be changed. Fan control, when the heating thermostat is turned OFF, can be changed.	Δ	Δ
		Anti-frost temp.	Judgment temperature for the anti-frost control during cooling can be changed.		
		Anti-frost control Drain pump operation	When the anti-frost control of indoor unit in cooling is activated, the fan speed can be changed. In any operation mode in addition to cooling and dry mode, the setting of drain pump operation can be done.		
		Keep fan operating after cooling is stopped	The time period residual fan operation after stopping or thermo-off in cooling mode can be set.		
		is stopped	The time period residual fan operation after stopping or thermo-off in heating mode can be set.		
		Intermittent fan operation in heating	The fan operation rule following the residual fan operation after stopping or themo-off in heating mode can be set.		
		Fan circulator operation Control pressure adjust	In case that the fan is operated as the circulator, the fan control rule can be set. When only the OA processing units are operated, control pressure value can be changed.		
		Auto operation mode	The [Auto rule selection] for switching the operation mode automatically can be selected from 3 patterns.		
		Thermo. rule setting Auto fan speed control	When selecting [Outdoor air temp. control], the judgment temp can be offset by outdoor temp Auto switching range for the auto fan speed control can be set.		
		IU overload alarm	If the difference between the setting temperature and the suction temperature becomes larger than the temperature difference set for the overload alarm, at 30 minutes after the start of operation, the overload alarm signal is transmitted from the external	0	_
		External output setting *1	output (CnT-5). Functions assigned to the external outputs 1 to 4 can be changed.	Δ	_

Setting & d	lisplay item	Description	RC-EX3A	RC-E5
4 Service & Maintenance [Service password]	IU address	Max 16 indoor units can be connected to one remote control, and all address No. of the connected indoor units can be displayed. The indoor unit conforming to the address No. can be identified by selecting the address No. and tapping [Check] to operate the indoor fan.	0	-
[service password]	Next service date	The [Next service date] can be registered. • The [Next service date] and [Company information] is displayed on the message screen.	0	-
	Operation data	The [Operation data] for indoor unit and outdoor unit can be displayed.	0	0
	Error display			
	Error history	The error history can be displayed.		1
	Display anomaly data	The operation data just before the latest error stop can be displayed.		
	Erase anomaly data	Anomaly operation data can be erased.		1
	Reset periodical check	The timer for the periodical check can be reset.		
	Saving IU settings	The I/U settings memorized in the indoor PCB connected to the remote control can be saved in the memory of the remote control.	0	_
	Special settings	[Erase IU address] [CPU reset] [Restore of default setting] [Touch panel calibration]	0	Δ
	Indoor unit capacity display	Address No. and capacities of indoor units connected to the remote control are displayed.	0	-
8.Contact company		Shows registered [Contact company] and [Contact phone].	0	_
9.Inspection				
Confirmation of Inspection	1	This is displayed when any error occurs.	0	_
10.PC connection				
USB connection		Weekly timer setting and etc., can be set from PC.	0	_

[♦] Listed items may not function depending on the specifications of indoor and outdoor units which are combined.

^{*1} It supports only following functions.

Operation output / Heating output / Compressor ON output / Inspection (Error) output / Cooling output / Fan operation output 1 / Fan operation output 2 / Fan operation output 3 / Defrost/oil return output

(2) Interface kit (SC-BIKN2-E)

When RC-EX3A is connected, please use SC-BIKN2-E by all means.

RKZ012A099

Accessories included in package

Be sure to check all the accessories included in package.

No.	Part name				
1	Indoor unit's connection cable (cable length: 1.8m)	1			
2	Wood screws (for mounting the interface: ø4x 25)	2			
3	Tapping screws (for the cable clump and the interface mounting bracket)	3			
4	Interface mounting bracket	1			
⑤	Cable clamp (for the indoor unit's connection cable)	1			
6	CnT terminal connection cable (total cable length: 0.5m)	1			

Safety precautions

Before use, please read these Safety precautions thoroughly before installation

● All the cautionary items mentioned below are important safety related items to be taken into consideration, so be sure to observe them at all times.

Incorrect installation could lead to serious consequences such as death, major injury or environmental destruction.

Symbols used in these precautions



Always go along these instruction.

● After completed installation, carry out trial operation to confirm no anomaly, and ask the user to keep this installation manual in a good place for future reference.

Æ

Warnings



●Installation must be carried out by a qualified installer.

If you install it by yourself, it may cause an electric shock, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.

Install it in full accordance with the installation manual.

Incorrect installation may cause an electric shock, fire and personal injury.

● Electrical work must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with the technical standard for electrical equipment, the indoor wiring standard and this installation manual.

Incorrect installation may cause an electric shock, fire and personal injury.

Use the specific cables for wiring. And connect all the cables to terminals or connectors securely and clamp them with cable clamps in order for external forces not to be transmitted to the terminals directly.

Incomplete connection may cause malfunction, and lead to heat generation and fire.

●Use the original accessories and specified components for installation.

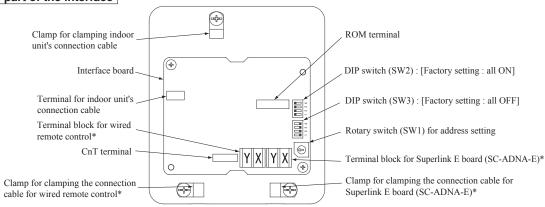
If the parts other than those prescribed by us are used, it may cause an electric shock, fire and sersonal injury.

Connecting the indoor unit's connection cable to the interface

- (1) Remove the upper case of the interface.
- Remove 2 screws from the interface casing before removal of upper casing. ②Connect the indoor unit's connection cable to the interface.
- Connect the connector of the indoor unit connection cable to the
- connector on the interface's circuit board.
- (3) Fix the indoor unit's connection cable with the cable clamp.
 - Cable can be brought in from the top or from the back.
 - · Cut out the punch-outs for the connection cables running into the casing with cutter.
- (4) Connect the indoor unit's connection cable to the indoor control PCB.
 - Connect the indoor unit's connection cable to the indoor control PCB securely.
 - Clamp the connection cable to the indoor control box securely with the cable clamp provided as an accessory.
 - Regarding the cable connection to the indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for

Wiring inlet (top or back) 3 Fix the cable with the cable clamp 2 Connect the indoor unit's connection cable (1)Remove the upper case

Name of each part of the interface



*Either the connection cables of Superlink E board (SC-ADNA-E) or of wired remote control is connectable.

Switch	Setting	Function	Switch	Setting	Function		
SW2-1	ON**	CnT level input	SW2-3	ON**	External input (CnT input)		
	OFF	CnT pulse input		OFF	Operation permission/prohibition (CnT input)		
SW2-2	ON**	Wired remote control : Enable	SW2-4	ON**	Annual cooling : Enable***		
	OFF	Wired remote control : Disable		OFF	Annual cooling : Disable***		

^{**} Factory setting

*** Indoor fan control at low outdoor air temperature in cooling

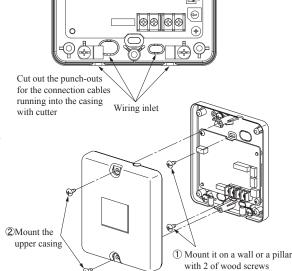
Wiring inlet

Installation of the interface

- Install the interface within the range of the connection cable length (approximately 1.3m) from the indoor unit.
- Be sure not to extend the connection cable on site. If the connection cable is extended, malfunction may occur.
- Fix the interface on the wall, pillar or the like.
- Don't install the interface and wired remote control at the following places.
 - OPlaces exposed to direct sunlight
 - OPlaces near heating devices
 - OHigh humidity places
 - OSurfaces where are enough hot or cold to generate condensation
 - OPlaces exposed to oil mist or steam directly
 - OUneven surface

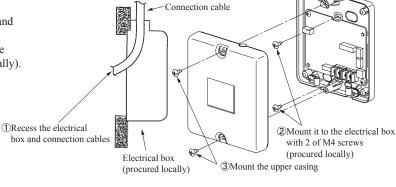
Mounting the interface directly on a wall

- ①Mount the lower casing of the interface on a flat surface with wood screws provided as standard accessory.
- 2 Mount the upper casing.



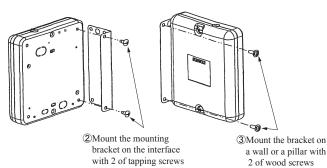
Recessing the interface in the wall

- ①Recess the electrical box (procured locally) and connection cables in the wall.
- ②Mount the lower casing of the interface to the electrical box with M4 screws (procured locally).
- 3 Mount the upper casing.



Mounting the interface with the mounting bracket

- ①Mount the upper casing.
- ②Mount the mounting bracket to the interface with tapping screws provided as standard accessory.
- 3Mount the mounting bracket on wall or the like with wood screws provided as standard accessory.



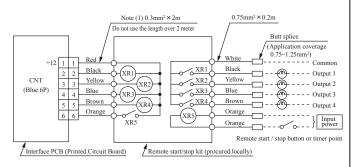
Installation check items

- ☐ Are the connection cables connected securely to the terminal blocks and connectors?
- ☐ Are the thickness and length of the connection cables conformed with the standard?

Functions of CnT connector

It is available to operate the air-conditioner and to monitor the operation status with the external control unit (remote display) by sending the input/output signal through CnT connector on the indoor control PCB.

- ①Connect a external remote control unit (procured locally) to CnT terminal.
- ②In case of the pulse input, switch OFF the DIP switch SW2-1 on the interface PCB.
- When setting operation permission/prohibition mode, switch OFF the DIP switch SW2-3 on the interface PCB.

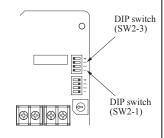


Input/	г .:	Output	signal	Gtt	
Output	Function	Relay	ON/OFF	Content	
Output 1	Operation output	XR1 ON		During air-conditioner operation	
Output 2	Heating output	ting output XR2 Of		During heating operation	
Output 3	Compressor operation output	XR3	ON	During compressor running	
Output 4	Malfunction output	XR4	ON	During anomalous stop	

- ■XR₁₋₄ are for the DC 12V relay
- XR5 is a DC 12/24V or AC 220-240V relav
- ●CnT connector (local) maker, model

Connector	Molex	5264-06
Terminals	Molex	5263T

Input/ Output		SW2-1				SW2-3	Air- conditioner	Operation by remote control	
	Function	Setting		Satting	Input signal				Contont
				Setting	Level/Pulse	XR5	Content	Conditioner	Temote control
				ON*	Level	OFF→ON	External input	ON	
	External control input	Ĩ	Laval input			ON→OFF		OFF	Allowed
			Level input	OFF		OFF→ON	Operation permission	OFF	
Input						ON→OFF	Operation prohibition	OFF	Not allowed
				ON*	Pulse	OFF→ON	External input	OFF→ON	
			Pulse input					ON→OFF	Allowed
				OFF	Level	OFF→ON	Operation permission	ON	
						ON→OFF	Operation prohibition	OFF	Not allowed



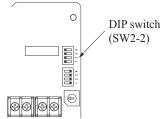
In case of the remote control (RC-EX3 or later model), the external outputs (1-4) and the external input can be changed using the function setting of remote control. For the setting method, refer to the installation manual. Also refer to the technical manual to know how it is adapted to the function setting for the external outputs and input, at the indoor unit side.

Connection of Superlink E board

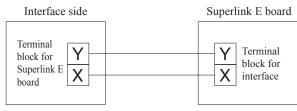
Regarding the connection of Superlink E board, refer to the installation manual of Superlink E board. For electrical work, power source for all of units in the Superlink system must be turned OFF.

①Switch ON the DIP switch SW2-2 (Factory setting: ON) on the interface PCB.

Caution: Wireless remote control attached to the indoor unit can be used in parallel, after connecting the wired remote control. However, some of functions other than the basic functions such as RUN/STOP, temperature setting, etc. may not work properly and may have a mismatch between the display and the actual behavior.



②Wiring connection between the interface and the Superlink E board.



INO.	Names of recommended signar wires
1	Shielded wire
2	Vinyl cabtyre round cord
3	Vinyl cabtyre round cable
4	Vinyl insulated wire vinyl sheathed cable for control
4	Vinyl insulated wire vinyl sheathed cable for cont

Within 200 m $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$ Within 300 m $0.75 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$

Within 400 m 1.25 mm² \times 2 cores Within 600 m 2.0 mm² \times 2 cores

3Clamp the connection cables with cable clamps.

^{*} Factory setting

0

DIP switch

(SW2-2)

Connection of wired remote control

Regarding the connection of wired remote control, refer to the installation manual of wired remote control. ①Switch ON the DIP switch SW2-2 (Factory setting: ON) on the interface PCB.

Caution: Wireless remote control attached to the indoor unit can be used in parallel, after connecting the wired remote control. However, some of functions other than the basic functions such as RUN/STOP, temperature setting, etc. may not work properly and may have

a mismatch between the display and the actual behavior.

②Wiring connection between the interface and the wired remote control.

Installation and wiring of wired remote control

- (A) Install the wired remote control with reference to the attached installation manual of wired remote control.
- [®] 0.3mm² x 2 cores cable should be used for the wiring of wired remote control.
- © Maximum length of wiring is 600m.

If the length of wiring exceeds 100m, change the size of cable as mentioned below.

100m-200m: $0.5\text{mm}^2 \times 2$ cores, 300m or less: $0.75\text{mm}^2 \times 2$ cores, 400m or less: $1.25\text{mm}^2 \times 2$ cores, 600m or less: $2.0\text{mm}^2 \times 2$ cores However, cable size connecting to the terminal of wired remote control should not exceed 0.5mm². Accordingly if the size of connection cable exceeds 0.5mm², be sure to downsize it to 0.5mm² at the nearest section of the wired remote control and waterproof treatment should be done at the connecting section in order to avoid contact failure.

- Don't use the multi-core cable to avoid malfunction.
- (E) Keep the wiring of wired remote control away from grounding (Don't touch it to any metal frame of building, etc.).
- © Connect the connection cables to the terminal blocks of the wired remote control and the interface securely (No polarity).
- (3) Clamp the connection cables with cable clamps.

Control of multiple units by a single wired remote control

Multiple units (up to 16) can be controlled by a single wired remote control. In this case, all units connected with a single wired remote control will operate under the same mode and same setting temperature.

- ①Connect all the interface with 2 cores cables of wired remote control line.
- ②Set the address of indoor unit for remote control communication from "0" to "F" with the rotary switch SW1 on the interface PCB.
- 3 After turning the power ON, the address of indoor unit can be displayed by pressing AIR CON No. button on the wired remote control. Make sure all indoor units connected are displayed in order by pressing ▲ or ▼ button.

Master/Slave setting wired when 2 of wired remote control are used

Maximum two wired remote control can be connected to one indoor unit (or one group of indoor units)

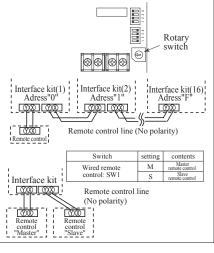
- ①Set the DIP switch SW1 on the wired remote control to "Slave" for the slave remote control. (Factory setting: Master)
 - O Caution: Remote control sensor of the slave remote control is invalid.
- When using the wireless remote control in parallel with the wired remote control; Since temperature setting range of wired remote control is different from that of wireless remote control, please adjust the setting range of wired remote control to be the same setting range of wireless remote control by following procedure. (The set temperature may not be displayed correctly on the wireless remote control, unless change of temperature setting range is done.) Changing procedure of temperature setting range is as follows.

How to set upper and lower limit of temperature setting range

- 1. Stop the air-conditioner, and press (SET) and (MODE) button at the same time for 3 seconds or more.
 - The indication changes to "FUNCTION SET▼"
- Press **▼** button once, and change to the "TEMP RANGE **△**" indication.
- Press (SET) button, and enter the temperature range setting mode.
- Confirm that the "Upper limit ▼" is shown on the display.
- Press (SET)button to fix.
 - ①Indication: "ⓑ∨∧SET UP"→"UPPER 28°C ∨∧"
 - ②Select the upper limit value 30°C with temperature setting button △."UPPER30°C∨"
 - ③Press (SET) button to fix. "UPPER 30°C" (Displayed for two seconds) After the fixed upper limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will returm to"UPPER LIMIT ▼'
- 7. Press **▼**button once, "LOWER LIMIT ▲" is selected, press (SET) button to fix. ①Indication: " $\bigcirc \lor \land SET UP" \rightarrow "LOWER 20°C \lor \land "$
 - ②Select the lower limit value 18°C with temperature setting button ☑."LOWER18°C∧"
 - ③Press (SET) button to fix. "LOWER 18°C" (Displayed for two seconds) After the fixed lower limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will returm to"LOWER LIMIT
- 8. Press ON/OFF button to finish.

Temperature setting range

Mode	Temperature setting range
Cooling, Heating, Dry, Auto	18-30°C

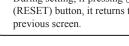


• It is possible to quit in the middle by pressing ON/OFF button, but the change of setting is incompleted.

Previous button

ШШ

 During setting, if pressing (RESET) button, it returns to the previous screen



TEMP RANG

(3) Superlink E board (SC-ADNA-E)



- Read and understand the instructions completely before starting installation.
- Refer to the instructions for both indoor and outdoor units.

Safety precautions

- Carefully read "Safety precautions" first. Follow the instructions for installation.
- Precautions are grouped into "Warning 🕰 " and "Caution 🖈". The "Warning 🛧 " group includes items that may lead to serious injury or death if not observed. The items included
- in the "Caution A" group also may lead to serious results under certain conditions. Both groups are crucial for safety installation. Read and understand them carefully.

 After installation, conduct the test operation of the device to check for any abnormalities. Describe how to operate the device to the customer following the installation instruction manual. Instruct the customer to keep this installation instruction for future reference.

.♠Warning

- This device should be installed by the dealer where you purchase the device or a licensed professional shop. If the device is incorrectly installed by the
- customer, it may result in electric shock or fire.

 Install the device carefully following the installation instruction. If the device is incorrectly installed, it may result in electric shock or fire.
- Use the accessory parts and specified parts for installation. If any parts that do not match the specifications are used, it may result in electric shock or fire.
- A person with the electrical service certification should conduct the service based on the "Technical standards for electrical facilities", "Electrical Wiring Code", and the installation instruction. If the work is done incorrectly, it may result in electric shock or fire.
- Wiring should be securely connected using the specified types of wire. No external force on the wire should be applied to any terminals. If a secure connection is not achieved, it may result in electric shock or fire.

5 Connection outline

Provide ground connection.

uncontrollable.

Note for setting the address

Do not install the device in the following locations.

Set the address between 00 and 47 for the previous Superlink connection and between 000 and 127 for the new Superlink connection. (*1)

∴Caution

The ground line should never be connected to the gas supply piping, the water

These may interfere with the control system resulting in the device becoming

4. Where flammable volatile materials such as paint thinner and gasoline

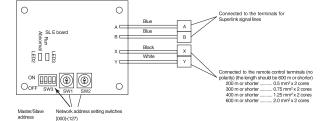
supply piping, the lightning conductor rod, nor the telephone ground. If the grounding is improper, it may result in electric shock.

1.Where there is mist/spray of oil or steam such as kitchens. 2.Where there is corrosive gases such as sulfurous acid gas.

3. Where there is a device generating electromagnetic waves

may exist or where they are handled. This may cause a fire

Do not set the address overlapping with those of the other devices in the network. (The default is 000)



(*1) Whether the actual link is either the new Superlink or the previous Superlink depends on the models of the connected outdoor and indoor units. Consult the agent or the dealer.

1 Application

Indoor-to-outdoor three core communication specification type 3 (since

Accessories

SL E board	Metal box	Metal cover	Screw for ground
	[2]		M4×8 2 pieces
Pan head screws	Locking supports	Binding band	Grommet
ø4×8 2 pieces	To secure the print board and the metal box Made of nylon 4 pieces	68	

3 Function

Allowing the central control SL1N-E, SL2NA-E, and SL4-AE/BE to control and monitor the commercial air-conditioner unit.

Control switching

Settings can be changed by the DIP switch SW3 on the SL E board as in the following

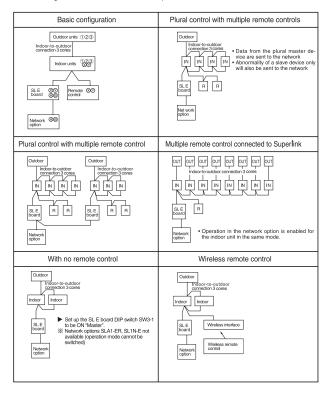
Switch	Symbol	Switch	Remarks			
		ON	Master			
SW3	,	OFF (default)	Slave			
		ON	Fixed previous protocol			
	2	OFF (default)	Automatic adjustment of Superlink protocol			
	3	ON	Indicates the forced operation stop when abnormality has occurred.			
	3	OFF (default)	Indicates the status of running/stop a it is, when abnormality has occurred.			
	4	ON	The hundredth address activated "1"			
	4	OFF (default)	The hundredth address activated "0"			

Signal line specification

Communication method	Previous Superlink	New Superlink
Line type	MVVS	MVVS
Line diameter	0.75 - 1.25mm ²	0.75/1.25mm ²
Signal line (total length)	up to 1000m	up to 1500/1000m (*2)
Signal line (maximum length)	up to 1000m	up to 1000m

- (*2) Up to 1500 m for 0.75 mm², and up to 1000 m for 1.25 mm². Do not use 2.0 mm². It may cause an error.
- (*3) Connect grounding on both ends of the shielding wire. For the grounding method, refer to the section "6 Installation".

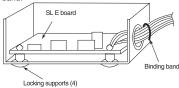
- Set the Superlink network address with SW1 (tens place), SW2 (ones place), and SW3 (hundreds place).
- (2) Set the SL E board SW3-1 to be ON (Master) when using this without any remote control (no wired remote controller nor wireless remote control).
- (3) Set up the plural master/slave device using the DIP switches on the indoor unit board.
- (4) Set up the remote control master/slave device using the slide switch on the remote control board.
- (5) Set up "0" to "F" using the address rotary switch on the indoor unit board when controlling the indoor unit with the multiple remote control.



6 Installation

- 1. When using the metal box (mounted on the indoor unit / mounted on the back of the remote control):
 - (1) Mount the SL E board in the metal box using the locking supports.
 - (2) Wiring should go through the provided grommet since then through the wiring to the hole on the Metal box.

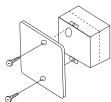
Secure the grommet after inserting the grommet into the Metal box as shown in below figure, then tie the wiring at the outlet of the unit using a binding band.



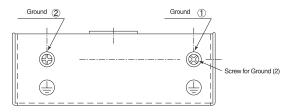
▲ When installed outside the indoor unit, put the metal cover on.



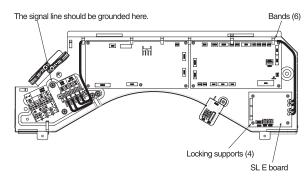
▲ When installed on the back of the remote control, mount it directly on the remote control bottom case.



Connect grounding. Connect grounding for the power line to Ground ①, and grounding for the signal line to Ground ② or to the Ground on the indoor unit control box.



- 2. When connecting to the indoor unit control box (ceiling-concealed type and FDT type only):
 - (1) Mount the SL E board in the control box using the locking supports.
 - (2) Remove 6 bands from the box and put the wiring through the bands to be secured.



Electrical shock hazard make sure to turn the power off for servicing. Be cautious so that no abnormal force should be applied to the wiring. Do not let the SL E board hung by the wiring. Do not damage the board with a screwdriver.

The board is sensitive to static electricity. Release the static electricity of your body before servicing.

(You can do this by touching the control board which is grounded).

Location of installation

Install the device at the location where there are no electromagnetic waves nor where there is water and dust. The specified temperature range of the device is 0 to 40°C. Install the device at the location where the ambient temperature stays within the range. If it exceeds the specification, make sure to provide solution such as installing a cooling fan. When used outside of the range, it may cause abnormal operation.

7 Indicator display

Check the LED 3 (green) and LED 2 (red) on the SL E board for flashing.

SL E boa	ard LEDs		Display on the
Red	Green	Inspection mode	integrated network control device
Off	Flashing	Normal communication	
Off	Off	Disconnection in the remote control communication line (X or Y) Short-circuit in the remote control communication line (between X and Y) Faulty indoor unit remote control power Faulty remote control communication circuit Faulty CPU on SL E board	No corresponding unit number
One flash	Flashing	Disconnection in the Superlink signal line (A or B) Short-circuit in the Superlink signal line (between A and B) Faulty Superlink signal circuit	
Two flashes	Flashing	Faulty address setting for the SL E board (Set up the address for previous SL E board : more than 48 new SL E board : more than 128)	
Three flashes	Flashing	SL E board parent not set up when used without a remote control Faulty remote control communication circuit	E1
Four flashes	Flashing	Address overlapping for the SL E board and the Superlink network connected indoor unit	E2
Off	Flashing	Number of connected devices exceeds the specification for the multiple indoor unit control	E10

15. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Model SRK20ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to which			15 5	mation includes beating, Indicate the book		h a
				unction includes heating: Indicate the heat	-	
Indoor unit model name	SRK20ZS			ormation relates to. Indicated values should		
Outdoor unit model name	SRC20ZS	X-W	hea	iting season at a time. Include at least the	heating sea	son 'Average'.
Function(indicate if present)			Ave	erage(mandatory)	Yes	
cooling	Yes		Wai	rmer(if designated)	Yes	
heating	Yes		Cold	der(if designated)	No	
	•			•	•	
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	n	symbol	value class
Design load				asonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla		
cooling	Pdesigno	2.00 kW	coo		SEER	10.00 A+++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	2.80 kW		ating / Average	SCOP/A	5.20 A+++
	-		1 1	•	SCOP/W	6.70 A+++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh		1 1	ating / Warmer		
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- kW	hea	ating / Colder	SCOP/C	
						unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	0		1 1	ck up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	ture Tdesigr	
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	2.80 kW	hea	ating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	3.70 kW	hea	ating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	hea	ating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW
, ,				,		
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor te	mnerature 27/1	0\°C and	Dec	clared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor ter	nnerature 2	7/10\°C and
outdoor temperature Tj	imporatare 27 (1	o) o una		door temperature Tj	iiperatare 2	(10) o ana
	D.I.	0.00	1 1		EED4	0.45
Tj=35°C	Pdc	2.00 kW		35°C	EERd	6.45
Tj=30°C	Pdc	1.47 kW		30°C	EERd	9.29 -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.25 kW	Tj=2	25°C	EERd	13.90 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.36 kW	Tj=2	20°C	EERd	20.70 -
					_	
Declared capacity for heating / Average se	eason, at indoo	r	Dec	clared coefficient of performance / Averag	e season, at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature				perature 20°C and outdoor temperature T		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	2.40 kW		-7°C	COPd	3.20 -
1 *			11,			
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.48 kW	Tj=2		COPd	5.31
Tj=7°C	Pdh	0.96 kW	Tj=7		COPd	6.49 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	0.96 kW	Tj=1	12℃	COPd	8.28 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	2.80 kW	Tj=t	bivalent temperature	COPd	2.79 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	2.80 kW	11.	operating limit	COPd	2.79 -
r) specialists				- p		
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer se	asson at indoo	r	Doc	clared coefficient of performance / Warme	r coacon at	indoor
						iiidooi
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur		0.70		perature 20°C and outdoor temperature T		0.40
Tj=2°C	Pdh	3.70 kW	Tj=2		COPd	3.40 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.40 kW	Tj=7	7°C	COPd	6.16 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.10 kW	Tj=1	12℃	COPd	8.21 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.70 kW	Tj=t	bivalent temperature	COPd	3.40 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.70 kW	11.	operating limit	COPd	3.40 -
rj operating innit		00		operating innit	00. 0	1 0
Declared capacity for heating / Colder sea	son at indoor		Dec	clared coefficient of performance / Colder	easean at it	ndoor
						idooi
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur				perature 20°C and outdoor temperature T		
Tj=-7℃	Pdh	- kW	11.	-7°C	COPd	<u> </u>
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=2	2°C	COPd	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=7	7°C	COPd	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=1	12℃	COPd	
1.1 0	Pdh	- kW	I I⊤i=t	bivalent temperature	COPd	<u> </u>
1 *		- kW	11,	operating limit	COPd	<u> </u>
Tj=bivalent temperature			Ti=c	operating infint		
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh			1F°0	COD4	
Tj=bivalent temperature		- kW		-15°C	COPd	
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C	Pdh		Tj=-		COPd	
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	- kW	Tj=-	erating limit temperature		
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average	Pdh Pdh Tbiv	- kW	Tj=- Ope	erating limit temperature ting / Average	Tol	10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	- kW	Tj=- Ope	erating limit temperature		
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average	Pdh Pdh Tbiv	- kW	Tj=- Ope hea hea	erating limit temperature ting / Average	Tol	10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv	- kW	Tj=- Ope hea hea	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer	Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv	- kW	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea	erating limit temperature uting / Average uting / Warmer uting / Colder	Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	- kW	Ope hea hea hea	erating limit temperature atting / Average atting / Warmer atting / Colder	Tol Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C	Ope hea hea hea for conforce	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling	Tol Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	- kW	Ope hea hea hea for conforce	erating limit temperature atting / Average atting / Warmer atting / Colder	Tol Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C	Ope hea hea hea hea for control for the hear hear for the hear hear hear hear hear hear hear he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating	Tol Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW	Ope hea hea hea for the for the Deg	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient	Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C	Ope hea hea hea for the for the Deg	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating	Tol Tol Tol	-10 °C C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW	Ope hea hea hear hear hear hear hear Deg hear hear hear hear hear hear hear hear	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing	Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25	Ope hea hea hear hear hear hear hear Deg hear hear hear hear hear hear hear hear	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient	Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW	Ope hea hea hear hear hear hear hear Deg hear hear hear hear hear hear hear hear	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing total electricity consumption	Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Coc Pcycc Pcych Cdc	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25	Tj=- Openheea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing total electricity consumption	Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature sting / Average sting / Warmer sting / Colder scling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient sting specific consumption specific cons	Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 11 W	Tj=- Ope head head head head head head head hea	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption ling liting / Average titing / Warmer	Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope head head head head head head head hea	erating limit temperature sting / Average sting / Warmer sting / Colder scling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient sting specific consumption specific cons	Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 11 W	Tj=- Ope head head head head head head head hea	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption ling liting / Average titing / Warmer	Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Ptc(cooling) Ptc(heating) Pck	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption lling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder	Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Ptc(cooling) Ptc(heating) Pck	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea Cyc for c for hea hea Ann cool hea hea	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cooling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption liling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder	Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C - °C - °C - °C - °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Ptc(cooling) Ptc(heating) Pck	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea Cyc for c for hea hea Ann cool hea hea	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption lling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder	Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Ptc(cooling) Ptc(heating) Pck	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea Oth Sou	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cooling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption liling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder	Tol Tol Tol COPeyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C - °C - °C - °C - °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Peyce Peych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck Ons)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption ling titing / Average titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder ere items and power level(indoor) und power level(outdoor)	Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C - °C - °C °C °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck Ons)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption lling titing / Average titing / Average titing / Colder Liting / Colder Liting / Warmer titing / colder Liting / colder Liting /	Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck ons)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption liling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder er items and power level(indoor) and power level(outdoor) bal warming potential ted air flow(indoor)	Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck Ons)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption lling titing / Average titing / Average titing / Colder Liting / Colder Liting / Warmer titing / colder Liting / colder Liting /	Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 °C
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc Than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck Ons)	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 - ode' 4 W 4 W 11 W 14 W 0 W	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption ling titing / Average titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder ere items and power level(indoor) und power level(outdoor) bal warming potential ted air flow(indoor) ted air flow(outdoor)	Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc Than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pc(heating) Pck Ons) No No No Yes and address of	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 11 W 14 W 0 W the manufacture	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing nual electricity consumption liling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder er items and power level(indoor) and power level(outdoor) bal warming potential ted air flow(indoor)	Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck ons) No No Yes and address of	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 11 W 14 W 0 W the manufacture B.V.	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cooling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption liling titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder ere items and power level(indoor) and power level(outdoor) bal warming potential ted air flow(indoor) ted air flow(outdoor) horised representative.	Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck ons) No No Yes and address of	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 11 W 14 W 0 W the manufacture B.V.	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea hea he	erating limit temperature titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient titing mual electricity consumption ling titing / Average titing / Average titing / Warmer titing / colder ere items and power level(indoor) und power level(outdoor) bal warming potential ted air flow(indoor) ted air flow(outdoor)	Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three opti fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name (EU)MH Herik	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck Ons) No Yes and address of IIAE SERVICES erbergweg 238,	- kW -10 °C 2 °C - °C - kW - kW 0.25 ode' 4 W 11 W 14 W 0 W the manufacture B.V.	Tj=- Ope hea hea hea hea Cyc for of for hea hea hea Oth Sou Gold Rate Rate Or of its auth	erating limit temperature string / Average string / Average string / Colder Cling interval efficiency cooling heating gradation coefficient string string / Colder Gradation coefficient string string / Average string / Average string / Warmer string / Colder	Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 °C 2 °C - °C - °C -

Model SRK25ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to v	which the information	n relates to:	If function includes heat	ting: Indicate the heating season	the		
Indoor unit model name	SRK25ZSX	-WF	information relates to. Ir	information relates to. Indicated values should relate to one			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC25ZSX	-W	heating season at a time	e. Include at least the heating sea	ason 'Average'.		
	,			-	-		
Function(indicate if present)			Average(mandatory)	Yes			
cooling	Yes		Warmer(if designated)	Yes			
heating	Yes		Colder(if designated)	No			
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	symbol	value class		
Design load			Seasonal efficiency and	energy efficiency class			
cooling	Pdesignc	2.50 kW	cooling	SEER	10.30 A+++		
heating / Average	Pdesignh	3.00 kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	5.20 A+++		
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	4.20 kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	6.60 A+++		
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C			
		•			unit		
Declared capacity at outdoor temperatu	ure Tdesignh		Back up heating capacit	ty at outdoor temperature Tdesig			
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	3.00 kW	heating / Average (-10°0		0 kW		
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	4.20 kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0 kW		
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)		- kW		
g : 22:22: (== 2)					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor	temperature 27(19	9)°C and	Declared energy efficier	ncy ratio, at indoor temperature 2	7(19)°C and		
outdoor temperature Tj	tomporataro 27 (11	,, • a	outdoor temperature Tj	io, ratio, at macor temperature 2	(10) 0 and		
Tj=35°C	Pdc	2.50 kW	Ti=35°C	EERd	5.68 -		
Tj=30°C	Pdc	1.84 kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	8.75 -		
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.27 kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	14.10 -		
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.40 kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	20.40		
1J-20 C	Fuc	1.40	[1]-20 C	EERU	20.40 -		
Declared capacity for booting / Asserts	a cascan at indees		Declared coefficient of	performance / Average coocer :	at indoor		
Declared capacity for heating / Average temperature 20°C and outdoor 20°C and 00°C and			temperature 20°C and o	performance / Average season, a	IL II IUUUI		
Tj=-7°C		2.61 kW	11 '		3 15		
	Pdh		Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.15		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.59 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.30		
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.03 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.58		
Tj=12°C	Pdh	0.96 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.30 -		
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.00 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature		2.69 -		
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.00 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.69 -		
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer				performance / Warmer season, a	t indoor		
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			temperature 20°C and o				
Tj=2°C	Pdh	4.20 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.30 -		
Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.70 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.90 -		
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.20 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.31 -		
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.20 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.30 -		
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.20 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.30 -		
		•			•		
Declared capacity for heating / Colder s	season, at indoor		Declared coefficient of p	performance / Colder season, at i	indoor		
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			temperature 20°C and o				
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd			
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- kW	∏j=2°C	COPd			
Tj=7°C	Pdh	- kW	Ti=7°C	COPd			
Tj=12°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=12°C	COPd			
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	- kW	Tj=bivalent temperature				
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	- kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd			
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd			
IJ=-15 C	Pun	- KVV	IJ=-15 C	COPa	<u> </u>		
Divisiont tomorphism			On anoting limit towns and	4			
Bivalent temperature	This	40 00	Operating limit temperat	Tol	40 ℃		
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	-10 °C	heating / Average heating / Warmer		-10 °C 2 °C		
heating / Warmer	Thiv		II ~	Tol			
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- ℃	heating / Colder	Tol	- °C		
Cualing interiol			Cuellandinto 1 65				
Cycling interval capacity	D	lux	Cycling interval efficienc				
for cooling	Pcycc	- kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-		
for heating	Pcych	- kW	for heating	COPcyc	<u> </u>		
			16				
Degradation coefficient	0.1		Degradation coefficient				
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -	heating	Cdh	0.25 -		
Electric according to the second control of	h 4h 1 4h	4-1	[A - - - - - - -				
Electric power input in power modes of			Annual electricity consul	'	05 1340 /		
off mode	Poff	4 W	cooling	Qce	85 kWh/a		
standby mode	Psb	4 W	heating / Average	Qhe	808 kWh/a		
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	11 W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	891 kWh/a		
	Pto(heating)	14 W	heating / colder	Qhe	- kWh/a		
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0 W					
Capacity control(indicate one of three of	options)	·	Other items				
			Sound power level(indoo	•	55 dB(A)		
			Sound power level(outde	oor) Lwa	57 dB(A)		
fixed	No		Global warming potentia	al GWP	675 kgCO₂eq.		
staged	No		Rated air flow(indoor)	-	732 m³/h		
variable	Yes		Rated air flow(outdoor)		1860 m³/h		
	•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Contact details for obtaining Nan	ne and address of t	he manufacturer	or of its authorised representative	ve.			
	MHIAE SERVICES E						
			M Amsterdam, Netherlands. P.O.B	ox 23393 1100 DW Amsterdam, Ne	therlands		
	Mitsubishi Heavy Ind						
			iddlesex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdo	m			

Model SRK35ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to wh	nich the information	on relates to:	If function includes heating: Indicate th	e heating season t	he	
Indoor unit model name	SRK35ZSX		information relates to. Indicated values should relate to one			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC35ZSX		heating season at a time. Include at least the heating season 'Average'.			
Catacor and modername	10.11000202		I meaning educer at a time, molade at let	act and modaling ood	oon / wordgo .	
Function(indicate if present)			Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes		Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes		Colder(if designated)	No		
rieating	162		Colder (II designated)	140		
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	symbol	value class	
Design load	Symbol	value unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficier		value olass	
cooling	Pdesignc	3.50 kW	cooling	SEER	9.50 A+++	
heating / Average	Pdesignh	3.40 kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	5.10 A+++	
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	4.70 kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	6.50 A+++	
_	-	- kW		SCOP/C	0.30 A	
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- KVV	heating / Colder	3007/0		
Declared capacity at outdoor temporatur	o Tdooianh		Book up hosting consoity at outdoor to	mporatura Tdaaiar	unit	
Declared capacity at outdoor temperatur		2.40	Back up heating capacity at outdoor te			
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	3.40 kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW	
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	4.70 kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu 	0 kW	
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW	
			1 -			
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor t	emperature 27(19	9)°C and	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind	oor temperature 27	7(19)℃ and	
outdoor temperature Tj			outdoor temperature Tj			
Tj=35°C	Pdc	3.50 kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.73 -	
Tj=30°C	Pdc	2.58 kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	7.29 -	
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.66 kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	12.43 -	
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.38 kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	19.00 -	
Declared capacity for heating / Average	season, at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance / A	Average season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	2.95 kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.10 -	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.77 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.18 -	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.20 kW	Ti=7°C	COPd	6.46 -	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.00 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.10 -	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.40 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.61 -	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.40 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.61 -	
1]-operating limit	Full	J.40 KVV	1j-operating limit	COFU	2.01	
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer s	season at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance / V	Narmer season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		IIIdooi	
	•	4.70 kW			2.40	
Tj=2°C	Pdh		Tj=2°C	COPd	3.10	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.00 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.82 -	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.30 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.20 -	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.70 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.10 -	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.70 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.10 -	
			1			
Declared capacity for heating / Colder se			Declared coefficient of performance / C		ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	ure Tj		temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ature Tj		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=2°C	COPd		
Tj=7℃	Pdh	- kW	Tj=7°C	COPd		
Tj=12°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=12°C	COPd		
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	- kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd		
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	- kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd		
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd		
1, 1, 1, 1			1 1 1 1 1		!!	
Bivalent temperature			Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10 °C	heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C	
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2 °C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2 ℃	
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- °C	, i	Tol	- °C	
ricating / Coluct	I DIV	- 10	heating / Colder	101	- 10	
Cycling interval capacity			Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc	- kW	for cooling	EEDovo		
_			11	EERcyc	 -	
for heating	Pcych	- kW	for heating	COPcyc	<u> </u>	
Degradation coefficient			Degradation coefficient			
ı ~	Cda	0.05	11 *	Calle	0.05	
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -	heating	Cdh	0.25 -	
Clastria nauvar innut in nauvar madas ath	an than lasting ma	dal	Annual alestricity consumention			
Electric power input in power modes other			Annual electricity consumption	0	120 134/6/5	
off mode	Poff	4 W	cooling	Qce	129 kWh/a	
standby mode	Psb	4 W	heating / Average	Qhe	934 kWh/a	
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	11 W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1013 kWh/a	
1	Pto(heating)	14 W	heating / colder	Qhe	- kWh/a	
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0 W	J			
			1.			
Capacity control(indicate one of three op	tions)		Other items			
			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	58 dB(A)	
			Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	61 dB(A)	
fixed	No		Global warming potential	GWP	675 kgCO₂eq.	
staged	No		Rated air flow(indoor)	-	786 m³/h	
variable	Yes		Rated air flow(outdoor)	<u> </u>	2160 m³/h	
Contact details for obtaining Name	and address of t	the manufacturer or of	its authorised representative.			
	IHIAE SERVICES I	B.V.				
Her	ikerbergweg 238, L	una ArenA, 1101 CM Am	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 E	OW Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
		dustries Air-Conditioning E				
			ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK50ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to which t	ha informati	on rolaton t	0:	If function includes heating: Indicate the heat	ing accoon t	tho	
			0.	Ŭ	0		
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZSX			information relates to. Indicated values should			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS)	X-W		heating season at a time. Include at least the	heating sea	ison 'Average'.	
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
riodanig	1 .00			colaci (ii accigilatoa)			
Itom	ovembol	volue	unit	Itom	svmbol	volue e	loco
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item		value c	lass
Design load			٦	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla			
cooling	Pdesignc	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
		•				Ш	nit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tde	esianh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	ture Tdesign		
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	-	W
			-			\vdash	
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu 	-	W
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- k	W
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temper	erature 27(1	9)℃ and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor te	mperature 27	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj				outdoor temperature Tj			
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1 -	
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9 -	
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9	
1 7			-	1 1		$\overline{}$	
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2 -	
Declared capacity for heating / Average seas		r		Declared coefficient of performance / Average		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3 -	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64 -	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64 -	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.06	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	
1 7			-	1 7		-	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64 -	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64 -	
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season	on, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Warme	er season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	i			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	ī		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01 -	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35 -	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	
1 7			-	*		-	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01 -	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01 -	
Declared capacity for heating / Colder seasor	ı, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Colder	season, at it	ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	j			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Īj		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd		
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Ti=7°C	COPd		
1 *			-	*			
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd		
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	<u> </u>	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd		
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd		
			•				
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	7°c	heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C	С
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	 c	heating / Warmer	Tol	2 %	
			÷ c			- %	
heating / Colder	Tbiv		10	heating / Colder	Tol	<u> </u>	
Ovella e letera el				Overline internal ""			
Cycling interval capacity	_		T	Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc		
for heating	Pcych	<u></u>	kW	for heating	COPcyc		
ioi rieating							
loi rieating				·			
Degradation coefficient			_	Degradation coefficient			
Degradation coefficient	Cdc	0.25	7-	Degradation coefficient heating	Cdh	0.25 -	
	Cdc	0.25]-		Cdh	0.25	
Degradation coefficient cooling		•]	heating	Cdh	0.25 -	
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that	an 'active mo	ode']-]w	heating Annual electricity consumption			Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode	an 'active mo	ode']-]w	Annual electricity consumption cooling	Qce	211 k	Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode	an 'active mo Poff Psb	ode' 4 4	w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	Qce Qhe	211 k	Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode	an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	ode' 4 4 12	w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Qce Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k	Wh/a Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	Qce Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k	Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode	an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	ode' 4 4 12	w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Qce Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k	Wh/a Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Qce Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k	Wh/a Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Qce Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k	Wh/a Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items	Qce Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A)
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options	an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A)
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged	n 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	de' 4 4 12 14	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes	de' 4 4 12 14 0	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(outdoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes	de' 4 4 12 14 0	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and	Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes	ode'	w w w	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(outdoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and more information (EU)MHIAE	an 'active mo Poff Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes address of	dde' 4 4 12 14 0	W W W	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(outdoor)	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m 2340 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name and (EU)MHIAE Herikerbr	an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes address of SERVICES ergweg 238, L	de' 4 4 12 14 0	W W W	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) as authorised representative.	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m 2340 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.
Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other that off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name and (EU)MHIAE Herikerby (UK)Mitsub (UK)Mitsub (UK)Mitsub	an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes address of SERVICES SERVICES SERVICES Statishi Heavy India	the manufa B.Vuna ArenA, dustries Air-C	W W W W Cturer or of it	heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) as authorised representative.	Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP	211 k 1341 k 1427 k - k 59 d 63 d 675 k 858 m 2340 m	Wh/a Wh/a Wh/a B(A) B(A) gCO ₂ eq.

Model SRK50ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to which t	ha informati	on rolaton t	0:	If function includes heating: Indicate the heat	ina acceon i	the	
* ' '			0.	Ü	Ü		
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS			information relates to. Indicated values shou			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS	A-VV1		heating season at a time. Include at least the	neating sea	son 'Averag	je".
				,			
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load				Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla	iss		
cooling	Pdesignc	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89	A+++
	-		-	•			Α
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
				15			unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Td	-		٦	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	-		T
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
			-				
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temp	erature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor te	mperature 2	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj		,		outdoor temperature Tj		(- /	
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1	T
			kW	1 1 1			+
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	_	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9	4⁻
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9	↓ -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2	-
				-			
Declared capacity for heating / Average seas		r		Declared coefficient of performance / Average		t indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Гј		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3	T-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64	†₋
			-	1 1 7			+
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64	 ⁻
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.06	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	↓ -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64	<u></u> -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer seas	on, at indoor	r		Declared coefficient of performance / Warme	er season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	ï			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Гі		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01	T_
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35	┪
			-	1 1 7			-{-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	↓ -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01	<u>l</u> -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01	-
Declared capacity for heating / Colder season	n, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Colder	season, at it	ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			
Tj=-7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	T.
1 *	Pdh		kW	Ti=2°C	COPd	_	†
Tj=2°C			_	1 7		-	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	1 ⁻
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	<u>↓</u> -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	<u>l</u> -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	T-
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	1-
,			1	17 10 2			
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10]℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10	°c
		2	⊣ ુ			2	°C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv			heating / Warmer	Tol		-∔
heating / Colder	Tbiv		°C	heating / Colder	Tol		°C
				O 11 1 1 1 11 11 11 1			-
Cycling interval capacity	Device		LAM	Cycling interval efficiency	EED-		
for cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	<u> </u> -
	Pcycc Pcych	-	kW kW		EERcyc COPcyc	-	-
for cooling for heating			_	for cooling for heating		-	-
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient	Pcych	-	_	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient	COPcyc	-	- - -
for cooling for heating			_	for cooling for heating		- 0.25	- - - -
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pcych	0.25	_	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating	COPcyc	0.25	- - -
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other tha	Pcych Cdc an 'active me	0.25	kw -	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient	COPcyc]-
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pcych	0.25	_	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating	COPcyc	0.25	- - - - kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other tha	Pcych Cdc an 'active me	0.25	kw -	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption	COPcyc		- - kWh/a kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode	Pcych Cdc an 'active mo	0.25]-]w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling	COPcyc Cdh Qce	211	→
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode	Cdc Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	0.25 ode' 4 4	kw - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	211 1341	kWh/a kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pcych Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe	211 1341	kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode	Cdc Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	0.25 ode' 4 4	kw - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	211 1341	kWh/a kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pcych Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	211 1341	kWh/a kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pcych Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe	211 1341 1427 -	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pcych Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa	211 1341 1427 -	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A)
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A)
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pcych Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa	211 1341 1427 -	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq.
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A)
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675 858	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq. m³/h
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed	Cdc an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14	kw - - w w w	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq.
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes	- 0.25 ode' 4 4 4 12 14 0		for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675 858	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq. m³/h
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes	- 0.25 ode' 4 4 11 12 14 0		for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675 858	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq. m³/h
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and more information (EU)MHIAE	Cdc an 'active mo Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pck No No Yes d address of E SERVICES	0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14 0		for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Che Che Che Che Che Che Che Che Che C	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675 858 2340	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq. m³/h
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name and (EU)MHIAE Herikerb	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes d address of E SERVICES ergweg 238, I	- 0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14 0 0 the manufa B.V. u.una ArenA,	W W W W W	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) ts authorised representative. sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DW Am	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Che Che Che Che Che Che Che Che Che C	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675 858 2340	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq. m³/h
for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other the off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name and (EU)MHIAE Herikerb (UK)Mitsub	Cdc an 'active me Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes d address of E SERVICES ergweg 238, I shish Heavy In-	- 0.25 ode' 4 4 12 14 0 the manufa B.V. Luna ArenA, dustries Air-C	W W W W W W	for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) ts authorised representative. sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DW Am	COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Che Che Che Che Che Che Che Che Che C	211 1341 1427 - - 59 63 675 858 2340	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO ₂ eq. m³/h

Model SRK50ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to which the	ao informati	on rolatoo ta		If function includes heating: Indicate the heat	na sosson t	ho	
			J.	If function includes heating: Indicate the heati	-		
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS			information relates to. Indicated values should			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS	K-W2		heating season at a time. Include at least the	neating sea	son Averag	e.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load				Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency clas-	SS		
cooling	Pdesignc	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89	A+++
	-		-	-			A
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	
				15			unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tde	-		ا	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	•		1
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temper	erature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor ter	nperature 27	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj	`	,		outdoor temperature Tj		, ,	
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1	I.
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9	ł
			-	Ti=25°C			-
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	*	EERd	9.9	-
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2	-
				I F=			
Declared capacity for heating / Average sease		r		Declared coefficient of performance / Average		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	j		_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3	ļ-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64]-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Ti=7°C	COPd	5.64	1.
		1.06	kW	11.		7.2	ł
Tj=12°C	Pdh		-	Tj=12°C	COPd		ľ
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64	ļ-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season	on, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Warme	r season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	i		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01]-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35	i_
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	ł
1.*			-	11.			ļ ⁻
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01	-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01	-
Declared capacity for heating / Colder season	, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Colder	season, at ir	ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	j		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	I-
Tj=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	i_
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Ti=7°C	COPd	_	f
Tj=12°C		<u> </u>	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd		ł
1 *	Pdh		-	1			-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh		kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-]-
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	-
				•			
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10] ℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10	℃
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	©	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Warrier	Tbiv	<u> </u>	c	heating / Colder	Tol		°C
neating / Coluct	IUIV		ı ·	ricating / Coluct	101		
Cycling interval conseits			-	Cycling interval officiones			
Cycling interval capacity	D		J	Cycling interval efficiency	FFD		ī
for cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	-
for heating	Pcych	<u> </u>	kW	for heating	COPcyc		
Degradation coefficient			_	Degradation coefficient			
cooling	Cdc	0.25	-	heating	Cdh	0.25	-
Electric power input in power modes other that	n 'active mo	ode'		Annual electricity consumption			
off mode	Poff	4	w	cooling	Qce	211	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	w	heating / Average	Qhe	1341	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12	w	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427	kWh/a
		14	w	heating / colder	Qhe	1721	kWh/a
arankasas hastar mad-	Pto(heating)		-	ricating / coluct	QIIC .		rvvil/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
				Lau v			
Capacity control(indicate one of three options)			Other items			1
1				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59	dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	63	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	858	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)		2340	m³/h
variable	162			i rated all how(outdoor)	-	2340	pii /ii
Contact details for abtaining	oddraa *	the marrie	oturos se ef "	to authorized concessitative			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			cturer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
	SERVICES		4404 0** *	Andrew Netherlands D.C.D. 00000 1100 Time			
				sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DW Am	sterdam, Neth	ieriands	
			Conditioning E				
5 The Sq	uare, Stockle	y Park, Uxbr	idge, Middlese	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK60ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to whi	ch the information	on relates to:	If function includes heating: Indicate th	e heating season th	ne
Indoor unit model name	SRK60ZS)		information relates to. Indicated values	-	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC60ZSX		heating season at a time. Include at lea		
Catagor and modername	10.1000202			act and modaling code	zon zworago .
Function(indicate if present)			Average(mandatory)	Yes	
cooling	Yes		Warmer(if designated)	Yes	
heating	Yes		Colder(if designated)	No	
neating	163		Colder(II designated)	140	
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	symbol	value class
Design load	Symbol	value unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficier		value olass
cooling	Pdesigno	6.1 kW	cooling	SEER	7.80 A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	5.2 kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70 A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6.8 kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.79 A+++
	-	- kW		SCOP/C	5.75 A
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- KVV	heating / Colder	3007/0	
Declared conscitu at outdoor temperature	Tdooignh		Back up hosting conscitu at outdoor to	mporatura Tdaniani	unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature		F 2 100/	Back up heating capacity at outdoor te		
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	5.2 kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6.8 kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW
			T		
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor te	mperature 27(1	9)°C and	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind	oor temperature 27	(19)°C and
outdoor temperature Tj			outdoor temperature Tj	ı	
Tj=35°C	Pdc	6.1 kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	3.6 -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	4.5 kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.4 -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.9 kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.6 kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.4 -
Declared capacity for heating / Average s	eason, at indoor	-	Declared coefficient of performance / A	Average season, at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	re Tj		temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ature Tj	
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	4.7 kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.1 -
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.8 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.65 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.8 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.86 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.1 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.13 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	5.2 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.45 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.2 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.45 -
T) operating in the	1 011	0.2	T) operating inne	001 0	2.40
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer so	eason at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance / V	Narmer season, at i	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		ilidool
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6.8 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	2.7 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	4.37 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.16 -
			11.	l l	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.94 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.31 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.8 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.7 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6.8 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.7 -
			15	2.11	
Declared capacity for heating / Colder sea			Declared coefficient of performance / C		door
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	- kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	- kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	
				,	•
Bivalent temperature			Operating limit temperature		
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10 °C	heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2 ℃	heating / Warmer	Tol	2 ℃
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- ℃	heating / Colder	Tol	- ℃
_					
Cycling interval capacity			Cycling interval efficiency		
for cooling	Pcycc	- kW	for cooling	EERcyc	
for heating	Pcych	- kW	for heating	COPcyc	
	,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		20.0,0	
Degradation coefficient			Degradation coefficient		
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -	heating	Cdh	0.25 -
Electric power input in power modes othe	r than 'active mo	ode'	Annual electricity consumption		
off mode	Poff	4 W	cooling	Qce	274 kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4 W	heating / Average	Qhe	1551 kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12 W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1645 kWh/a
l mode	Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	14 W	heating / warrier	Qhe	- kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pto(heating) Pck	0 W	ricating / colder	QIIC	- NVVIII/d
orankoase neater mode	1° UN	1 0 IAA	_		
Canacity control/indicate and of three ant	iono)		Other items		
Capacity control(indicate one of three opt	10113)		Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	dB(A)
			11		dB(A)
fixed	A1 -		Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	
fixed	No		Global warming potential	GWP	675 kgCO ₂ eq.
staged	No		Rated air flow(indoor)	-	m³/h
variable	Yes		Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	m³/h
Control details ()			Characteristics of a second		
			f its authorised representative.		
I I	HIAE SERVICES			DM/ A	
			msterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 [Jvv Amsterdam, Neth	eriands
		dustries Air-Conditioning			
5 In	e oquare, Stockle	y mark, uxbridge, Middle	esex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom		

Model SRK60ZSX-WF

Information to identify the model(s) to which	ch the information	on relates to:		If function includes heating: Indicate the h	eating season the	he
Indoor unit model name	SRK60ZS)			information relates to. Indicated values sh	ould relate to or	ne
Outdoor unit model name	SRC60ZS)	(-W1		heating season at a time. Include at least	the heating sea	son 'Average'.
	•				_	-
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes	
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes	
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No	
Item	symbol	value ur	nit	Item	symbol	value class
Design load				Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency		
cooling	Pdesignc	6.1 kV		cooling	SEER	7.80 A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	5.2 kV		heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70 A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6.8 kV		heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.79 A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- k\	N	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	
						unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature				Back up heating capacity at outdoor temp	-	
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	5.2 kV		heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6.8 kV		heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- k\	N	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW
		2100		D		7/40\00
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor te	mperature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor	temperature 27	(19)°C and
outdoor temperature Tj	Dile	u	,,	outdoor temperature Tj	EED.	
Tj=35°C	Pdc	6.1 kV		Tj=35°C	EERd	3.6
Tj=30°C	Pdc	4.5 kV		Tj=30°C	EERd	5.4
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.9 kV		Tj=25°C	EERd	9 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.6 kV	N	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.4 -
Declared conscibutor to the state of Acco				Declared coefficient of a set of the set of		ladass
Declared capacity for heating / Average so				Declared coefficient of performance / Ave		шиоог
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur	•	47 113	,, l	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	•	2.4
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	4.7 kV		Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.1
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.8 kV		Tj=2°C	COPd	4.65
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.8 kV		Tj=7°C	COPd	5.86 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.1 kV		Tj=12°C	COPd	7.13 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	5.2 kV		Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.45 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.2 kV	N	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.45 -
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer se				Declared coefficient of performance / Wa		indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatu		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6.8 kV		Tj=2°C	COPd	2.7 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	4.37 kV		Tj=7°C	COPd	5.16 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.94 kV		Tj=12°C	COPd	7.31 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.8 kV	N	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.7 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6.8 kV	N	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.7 -
Declared capacity for heating / Colder sea				Declared coefficient of performance / Colo		idoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- k\		Tj=-7°C	COPd	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- k\	N	Tj=2°C	COPd	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	- k\	N	Tj=7°C	COPd	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	k\	N	Tj=12°C	COPd	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	k\	N	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	- k\	N	Tj=operating limit	COPd	
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- k\	N	Tj=-15°C	COPd	
						•
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature		
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10 °C		heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2 ℃		heating / Warmer	Tol	2 ℃
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- ℃	;	heating / Colder	Tol	- ℃
Cycling interval capacity	_			Cycling interval efficiency		
for cooling	Pcycc	- k\		for cooling	EERcyc	
for heating	Pcych	- k\	N	for heating	COPcyc	- -
5				6		
Degradation coefficient	04-	0.05		Degradation coefficient	0-11-	0.05
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -		heating	Cdh	0.25 -
Electric power input in power modes other	r than lactive ma	nde'		Annual electricity consumption		
off mode	Poff	4 W	,	cooling	Oce	274 kWh/a
standby mode	Porr Psb	4 W		heating / Average	Qce Qhe	1551 kWh/a
thermostat-off mode						
memiostat-on mode	Pto(cooling)	12 W		heating / Warmer	Qhe	1645 kWh/a
arankasaa haataa maada	Pto(heating)	14 W		heating / colder	Qhe	- kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0 W				
Congoity control/indicate and of the control	iono)			Other items		
Capacity control(indicate one of three opti	10118)			Other items	Luc	dD(A)
				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	dB(A)
c				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675 kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	m³/h
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			rer or of it	s authorised representative.		
	HIAE SERVICES		4.014.	Andrew Makedee I BOB	A	
				sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DW	Amsterdam, Neth	ieriands
	tsubishi Heavy Ind					
5 l he	e oquare, Stockle	y raik, UXDIIdge	e, iviladiese	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom		

Model SRK20ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to			:	If function includes heating: Indicate the	e heating season th	ne	
Indoor unit model name	SRK20ZSX			information relates to. Indicated values			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC20ZSX	(-W		heating season at a time. Include at lea	ast the heating seas	son 'Averag	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	Delaniana	0.00	Land	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficien	•	40.00	1
cooling	Pdesigno		kW kW	cooling	SEER SCOP/A	10.00 5.20	A+++ A+++
heating / Average heating / Warmer	Pdesignh Pdesignh		kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	6.70	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh		kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C		-
				g. Co.do.			unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temper	ature Tdesignh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor ter	mperature Tdesign	h	_
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh		kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh		kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indo	oor temperature 27/10	0)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at inde	oor temperature 27	7(10)°C and	1
outdoor temperature Tj	on temperature 27(18	e) C and		outdoor temperature Tj	Joi temperature 21	(19) C and	1
Tj=35°C	Pdc	2.00	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	6.45	7-
Tj=30°C	Pdc		kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	9.29	7-
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.25	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	13.90] -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.36	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	20.70	-
Declared capacity for heating / Avera				Declared coefficient of performance / A		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature 7°C	Pdh	2.40	kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	COPd	3.20	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.31	┪_
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.49	1-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	0.96	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.28	7-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	2.80	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.79] -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	2.80	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.79]-
				I -			
Declared capacity for heating / Warr				Declared coefficient of performance / V		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor 20°C and outdoo	Pdh	3.70	kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	COPd	3.40	T ₋
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.16	┪_
Tj=12°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.21	┪_
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh		kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.40	† -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.70	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.40	<u> </u>
Declared capacity for heating / Colde				Declared coefficient of performance / C		idoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor 20°C and outdoo	erature 1j Pdh		kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	COPd	_	7
Tj=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C	COPd	<u> </u>	-[
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=12°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	┪_
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	7-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-] -
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	-
Bivalent temperature heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	l℃	Operating limit temperature heating / Average	Tol	-10	T°c
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	- C
heating / Colder	Tbiv	<u> </u>	°C	heating / Colder	Tol	-	°C
g. Datas			_	······································			
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			_
for cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	
for heating	Pcych	-	kW	for heating	COPcyc		-
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
cooling	Cdc	0.25	L	heating	Cdh	0.25	⊤ ₋
Cooming	Out	0.20		ricumg	Odii	0.20	1
Electric power input in power modes	other than 'active mo	ode'		Annual electricity consumption			
off mode	Poff		W	cooling	Qce	70	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb		W	heating / Average	Qhe	754	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)		W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	774	kWh/a
	Pto(heating)		W	heating / colder	Qhe	-	kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
Capacity control(indicate one of thre	e ontions)			Other items			
l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	(**********************************			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	53	dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	56	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	678	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)		1860	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining N	ame and address of t	the manufac	turer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
	EU)MHIAE SERVICES E			o admonisca representative.			
			101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 D)W Amsterdam, Neth	erlands	
[(u	JK)Mitsubishi Heavy Inc	dustries Air-C	onditioning E	urope, Ltd			
	5 The Square, Stockley	y Park, Uxbri	dge, Middlese	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK25ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to	which the information	on relates to	o:	If function includes heating: Indicate the	heating season to	he	
Indoor unit model name	SRK25ZS)	(-WFB		information relates to. Indicated values	should relate to or	ne	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC25ZS)	(-W		heating season at a time. Include at lea	st the heating sea	son 'Averag	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load			,	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency	•		
cooling	Pdesignc	2.50	kW	cooling	SEER	10.30	A+++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	3.00	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	5.20	A+++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	4.20	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	6.60	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
							unit
Declared capacity at outdoor tempera	-		,	Back up heating capacity at outdoor ten			7
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	3.00	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	4.20	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				1.			
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoo	or temperature 27(1)	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indo	or temperature 27	′(19)°C and	I
outdoor temperature Tj			-	outdoor temperature Tj			-
Tj=35°C	Pdc	2.50	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	5.68	_ -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	1.84	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	8.75	
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.27	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	14.10	
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.40	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	20.40]-
Declared capacity for heating / Average	ge season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / A	verage season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	rature Tj		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	2.61	kW	Tj=-7℃	COPd	3.15	T-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.59	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.30	7-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.03	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.58	1 ₋
Tj=12°C	Pdh	0.96	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.30	1 ₋
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.00	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.69	┦_
Tj=blvalcht temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.00	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.69	+[
1)-operating innit	Full	3.00	KVV	Tj-operating iiniit	COFU	2.03	J-
Declared capacity for heating / Warme	or accoon at indeer			Declared coefficient of performance / W	larmar access at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper				temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		IIIuuui	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	4.20	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.30	٦
			-	*	COPd		- ⁻
Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.70	kW	Tj=7°C		5.90	- -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.20	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.31	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.20	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.30	<u>-</u>
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.20	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.30	-
<u></u>							
Declared capacity for heating / Colder				Declared coefficient of performance / C		idoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper			-	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			-
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	T-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	7-
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	7-
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	¹୯ ା	heating / Average	Tol	-10	l°c
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	℃	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Colder	Tbiv	<u> </u>	°C	heating / Colder	Tol		°C
	. 517		, -		. 51	1	1 -
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc	Г.	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	_	7.
for heating	Pcych	<u> </u>	kW	for heating	COPcyc		1 ₋
.c. nouting	i cycli		Perr	.o. nodding	OOI- CyC		1
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
cooling	Cdc	0.25	٦	heating	Cdh	0.25	٦
Cooling	Cuc	0.23	I ^r	rieating	Cuii	0.23	I ^r
Electric power input in power modes of	ther than 'active me	ndo'		Annual electricity consumption			
off mode	Poff	4	lw	cooling	Oce	85	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qce Qhe	808	kWh/a
			-	ů ů			-
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	11	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	891	kWh/a
arankasaa hastaa aasta	Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe		kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W	I			
				I I - · · ·			
Capacity control(indicate one of three	options)			Other items			T ID (A)
1				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	55	dB(A)
1				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	57	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	732	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	1860	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining Na	me and address of	the manufac	cturer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
more information (EL	J)MHIAE SERVICES I	B.V.					
				sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 D	W Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
	K)Mitsubishi Heavy Inc						
	The Square, Stockle	y Park, Uxbri	idge, Middles	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK35ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to w	hich the information	on relates to	D:	If function includes heating: Indicate the	e heating season to	he	
Indoor unit model name	SRK35ZS	K-WFB		information relates to. Indicated values	-		
Outdoor unit model name	SRC35ZS			heating season at a time. Include at lea	ast the heating sea	son 'Avera	qe'.
					· ·	`	
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
				, , ,			
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	,			Seasonal efficiency and energy efficien	ncy class		
cooling	Pdesignc	3.50	kW	cooling	SEER	9.50	A+++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	3.40	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	5.10	A+++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	4.70	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	6.50	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh		kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	_	-
nearing / coluct	, acoigini		1	noung, colds.	000.70		unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperatu	re Tdesignh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor ter	mperature Tdesign	h	unit
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	3.40	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	4.70	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
		- 4.70	kW	11 -			→
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	<u> </u>	KVV	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
		0).00				1/40\00	
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor	temperature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at inde	oor temperature 27	(19)°C and	l
outdoor temperature Tj			7	outdoor temperature Tj			7
Tj=35°C	Pdc	3.50	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.73	- -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	2.58	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	7.29	_ -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.66	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	12.43	<u> </u>
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.38	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	19.00	-
Declared capacity for heating / Average		r		Declared coefficient of performance / A		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ature Tj		_
Tj=-7℃	Pdh	2.95	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.10	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.77	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.18	-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.20	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.46	7-
rj=12°C	Pdh	1.00	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	8.10	† ₋
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.40	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.61	† ₋
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.40	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.61	+
1)-operating littlit	Full	3.40	KVV	rj-operating limit	COFU	2.01	<u> </u>
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer	accoon at indeer			Declared coefficient of performance / V	Normar aggen at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera				temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		IIIuuui	
		4.70	kW			2.40	7
Tj=2°C	Pdh		-	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.10	- -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.00	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.82	4⁻
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.30	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.20	- -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.70	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.10	_ -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.70	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.10	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Colder s	eason, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / C	Colder season, at ir	ıdoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ture Tj		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ature Tj		_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	† ₋
Tj=operating limit	Pdh		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	_	┪
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	— <u> </u>	+
1]=-13 0	Full		IVAA	1]=-13 C	COFU		Į-
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10] ℃	Operating limit temperature	Tol	-10	T°c
				heating / Average			
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Colder	Tbiv		°C	heating / Colder	Tol	<u> </u>	°C
L				10			
Cycling interval capacity	5		7,,,,,	Cycling interval efficiency			7
for cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	վ-
for heating	Pcych		kW	for heating	COPcyc		-
				1			
Degradation coefficient			-	Degradation coefficient			7
cooling	Cdc	0.25	-	heating	Cdh	0.25	-
Electric power input in power modes oth	ner than 'active mo	ode'	_	Annual electricity consumption			_
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	129	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	934	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	11	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1013	kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14	Tw .	heating / colder	Qhe	-	kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	w				•
		•	•	•			
Capacity control(indicate one of three o	ptions)			Other items			
, 11 1, 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	58	dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	61	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged				Rated air flow(indoor)	-	786	m³/h
	No.			I rated all how(indoor)	-	100	→
voriable	No			Dotod oir flour/outdoor		0400	
variable	No Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	2160	m³/h
	Yes	the reserve	otures e C'		-	2160	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining Nam	Yes e and address of		cturer or of i	Rated air flow(outdoor) ts authorised representative.	-	2160	lm³/h
Contact details for obtaining Nammore information (EU)	Yes e and address of MHIAE SERVICES	B.V.		ts authorised representative.)W Ametordam N-W	•	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining Nam more information (EU)	Yes e and address of MHIAE SERVICES rikerbergweg 238, I	B.V. .una ArenA,	1101 CM Am:	ts authorised representative.	- DW Amsterdam, Neth	•	Jm ³ /h
Contact details for obtaining more information (EU) He (UK)	Yes e and address of MHIAE SERVICES crikerbergweg 238, L Witsubishi Heavy Inc	B.V. ∟una ArenA, dustries Air-0	1101 CM Am: Conditioning E	ts authorised representative.	- DW Amsterdam, Neth	•]m ³ /h

Model SRK50ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to w	hich the informati	on relates to	o:	If function includes heating: Indicate the	heating season to	ne	
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS			information relates to. Indicated values s	-		
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS	K-W		heating season at a time. Include at leas	t the heating sea	son 'Avera	ge'.
				'	· ·	•	
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
	<u> </u>			, ,			
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	,			Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience	y class		
cooling	Pdesigno	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	<u> </u>	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
ricaling / Colder	i acoigiiii		IKVV	ricuting / Colder	000170		unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	ro Tdesianh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor tem	inerature Tdesign	h	unit
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
		-	-	1			-
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh		kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
		0100		16		7/40\00	
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor	temperature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoo	or temperature 21	(19)°C and	1
outdoor temperature Tj			7	outdoor temperature Tj	FED .		_
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1	- -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9	- -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9	_ l-
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2	-
				1.			
Declared capacity for heating / Average	season, at indoo	r		Declared coefficient of performance / Av		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat	ture Tj		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64	7-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.06	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	7-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Ti=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64	7-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64	- _
rj operating innit	i un	4.0	IKVV	if operating innit	001 u	2.04	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer	season at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / W	armer season at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat		indoor	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01	٦.
	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35	-{
Tj=7°C			-	11.			- -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	- -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01	- -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Colder s				Declared coefficient of performance / Co		idoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			-	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			-
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	_	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	_ -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	7-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Ti=operating limit	COPd	-	7-
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd		վ_
7			1	1,7			
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	l ℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10	J°c
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
_	Tbiv		°C				- ∞
heating / Colder	I DIV		10	heating / Colder	Tol		10
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval officionay			
Cycling interval capacity	Device		TIM	Cycling interval efficiency	EEDava	_	7
for cooling	Pcycc	<u> </u>	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	<u> </u>	
for heating	Pcych		kW	for heating	COPcyc		1-
				1			
Degradation coefficient	0.1	0.00	٦ .	Degradation coefficient	0."	0.05	7
cooling	Cdc	0.25	-	heating	Cdh	0.25	-
				11			
Electric power input in power modes oth			٦	Annual electricity consumption	_		7
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	211	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	1341	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427	kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe		kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
Capacity control(indicate one of three or	otions)			Other items			_
]				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59	dB(A)
	_			Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	63	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	858	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	_	2340	m³/h
	163						p
Contact details for obtaining Nam	e and address of	the manufa	cturer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
1 - 1	MHIAE SERVICES						
I r			1101 CM Am	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DV	V Amsterdam Neth	nerlands	
	itsubishi Heavy In						
				ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			
				. ,			

Model SRK50ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to	which the information	on relates to:	If function includes heating: Indicate t	he heating season t	he
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS)		information relates to. Indicated value	-	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZSX		heating season at a time. Include at le		
Catagor and modername	0.1.000207			act the neating coa	oon / wordgo .
Function(indicate if present)			Average(mandatory)	Yes	
cooling	Yes		Warmer(if designated)	Yes	
heating	Yes		Colder(if designated)	No	
neating	163		Colder(II designated)	NO	
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	symbol	value class
Design load	Зуптьог	value unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency		value class
cooling	Pdesignc	5 kW	cooling	SEER	8.30 A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5 kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70 A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6 kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89 A+++
_ ~	-	- kW	11 *	SCOP/C	3.03 A
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- KVV	heating / Colder	3007/0	
Declared capacity at outdoor temperate	turo Tdooignh		Back up heating capacity at outdoor to	omporatura Tdasiar	unit
	-	4.5			
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5 kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6 kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW
			11-		
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoo	or temperature 27(19	9)°C and	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at in-	door temperature 27	7(19)℃ and
outdoor temperature Tj			outdoor temperature Tj		
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5 kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1 -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7 kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9 -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4 kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5 kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2 -
Declared capacity for heating / Average			Declared coefficient of performance /		indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	•		temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	•	
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98 kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3 -
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.06 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64 -
, , , , , , ,	-		7		
Declared capacity for heating / Warme	er season, at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance /	Warmer season, at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	ature Ti		temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	rature Ti	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6 kW	Tj=blvalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01 -
Tj-operating innit	T UII	O KVV	1j-operating limit	001 0	3.01
Declared capacity for heating / Colder	season at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance /	Colder season, at ir	ndoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		idooi
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	
1 *		- kW	11.	COPd	
Tj=2°C	Pdh		Tj=2°C		
Tj=7°C	Pdh		Tj=7°C	COPd	
Tj=12°C	Pdh		Tj=12°C	COPd	<u>-</u>
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	- kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	- kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	
Tj=-15℃	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	
			1		
Bivalent temperature			Operating limit temperature		
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10 °C	heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2 ℃	heating / Warmer	Tol	2 ℃
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- ℃	heating / Colder	Tol	- ℃
			1		
Cycling interval capacity			Cycling interval efficiency	_	
for cooling	Pcycc	- kW	for cooling	EERcyc	
for heating	Pcych	- kW	for heating	COPcyc	- -
			1 -		
Degradation coefficient			Degradation coefficient		
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -	heating	Cdh	0.25 -
			1		
Electric power input in power modes o			Annual electricity consumption	_	
off mode	Poff	4 W	cooling	Qce	211 kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4 W	heating / Average	Qhe	1341 kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12 W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427 kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14 W	heating / colder	Qhe	- kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0 W	J		
			7		
Capacity control(indicate one of three	options)		Other items		
			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59 dB(A)
			Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	63 dB(A)
fixed	No		Global warming potential	GWP	675 kgCO₂eq.
staged	No		Rated air flow(indoor)	-	858 m³/h
variable	Yes		Rated air flow(outdoor)		2340 m³/h
Contact details for obtaining Na	me and address of t	the manufacturer or of	its authorised representative.		
	J)MHIAE SERVICES I	B.V.			
+	Herikerbergweg 238, L	una ArenA, 1101 CM Am	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100	DW Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands
(UK	()Mitsubishi Heavy Ind	dustries Air-Conditioning E	Europe, Ltd		
5	The Square, Stockle	y Park, Uxbridge, Middles	sex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·		

Model SRK50ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to	which the informati	on relates to	0:	If function includes heating: Indicate th	ne heating season t	ne	
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS			information relates to. Indicated values	-		
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS	K-W2		heating season at a time. Include at le	ast the heating sea	son 'Avera	ge'.
	•			'	ŭ	•	•
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load				Seasonal efficiency and energy efficient	ncy class		
cooling	Pdesigno	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kw	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh		kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	_	-
incating / colaci	. doorgani			nouning / coluct	000.70		unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperat	ure Tdesignh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor te	emperature Tdesign	h	ariit
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
		-	-	, ,			-
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh		kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
		0100				7/40\00	
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoo	r temperature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind	loor temperature 2	(19)°C and	1
outdoor temperature Tj			٦	outdoor temperature Tj			7
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1	- -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9	- -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9	
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2	-
Declared capacity for heating / Averag		r		Declared coefficient of performance / /		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	ature Tj		_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64	-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	lkW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64	7-
Tj=12℃	Pdh	1.06	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	7.2	վ_
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64	┪_
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64	┪_
1)-operating limit	Full	4.5	KVV	Tj-operating limit	COFU	2.04	1-
Declared capacity for heating / Warme	r accorn at indees			Declared coefficient of performance / \	Marmar access at	indoor	
						IIIuuui	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor temper		2.04	7
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	-	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01	- -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35	- -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	<u>-</u> -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01	- -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01	-
Declared capacity for heating / Colder				Declared coefficient of performance / 0		ıdoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	ature Tj		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	ature Tj		_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	7-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	_	╡.
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd		┥.
1]13 0	i uii		IXVV	1]=-13-0	001 u		
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	 ℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10	°c
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	- ℃
_							
heating / Colder	Tbiv	<u> </u>	°C	heating / Colder	Tol		°C
Cualing interval age 15				Cycling interval offi-i			
Cycling interval capacity	D		TIM	Cycling interval efficiency	FFF		7
for cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	-1⁻
for heating	Pcych	ш-	kW	for heating	COPcyc	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>
				I I			
Degradation coefficient			-	Degradation coefficient			_
cooling	Cdc	0.25	-	heating	Cdh	0.25	-
				I F			
Electric power input in power modes of			٦ .	Annual electricity consumption			-
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	211	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	1341	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427	kWh/a
1	Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe		kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
Capacity control(indicate one of three	options)			Other items			
1	•			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59	dB(A)
1				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	63	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	858	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	_	2340	m³/h
	1 163			. tatou un non(outdoor)		_ 2040	pii 711
Contact details for obtaining Nar		the manufa	cturer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
1 - 1	to searnne nue au						
(EU			0.0.0.0.0.0.	is authorised representative.			
)MHIAE SERVICES	B.V.		·	DW Amsterdam Not	ierlands	
)MHIAE SERVICES lerikerbergweg 238, l	B.V. Luna ArenA,	1101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 I	DW Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
(UK)MHIAE SERVICES lerikerbergweg 238, l)Mitsubishi Heavy Ind	B.V. _una ArenA, dustries Air-0	1101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 I	DW Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	

Model SRK60ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to):	If function includes heating: Indicate the	-		
Indoor unit model name	SRK60ZS)			information relates to. Indicated values			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC60ZS)	K-W		heating season at a time. Include at lea	ast the heating sea	son 'Avera	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	. .		1	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficier	•		1
cooling	Pdesigno	6.1	kW	cooling	SEER	7.80	A++
heating / Average heating / Warmer	Pdesignh Pdesignh	5.2 6.8	kW kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer	SCOP/A SCOP/W	4.70 5.79	A++ A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	0.0	kW	heating / Warrier	SCOP/C	3.73	Aiii
ricating / Colaci	1 designin		IXVV	ricating / Colder	000170		unit
Declared capacity at outdoor tempera	ature Tdesignh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor te	mperature Tdesign	h	
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	5.2	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6.8	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh		kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
		0).00		D		7(40)00	
Declared capacity for cooling, at indo outdoor temperature Tj	or temperature 27(1)	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at inde	oor temperature 27	(19)°C and	1
Tj=35°C	Pdc	6.1	kW	outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C	EERd	3.6	٦.
Tj=30°C	Pdc	4.5	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.4	
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.9	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9	1-
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.6	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.4	1 -
							•
Declared capacity for heating / Avera		r		Declared coefficient of performance / A		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempe	•		1	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			7
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	4.7	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.1	
Tj=2°C Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.8	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.65	
Tj=12°C	Pdh Pdh	1.8	kW kW	Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	COPd COPd	5.86 7.13	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	5.2	kW	Tj=12 C Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.45	-[
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.2	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.45	┪_
ry operating mint				ij operating iiiiit	00. 0		
Declared capacity for heating / Warm	ner season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / V	Warmer season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper				temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ature Tj		-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6.8	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	2.7	<u> </u>
Tj=7°C	Pdh	4.37	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.16	↓ -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.94	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.31	- -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	6.8	kW kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd COPd	2.7	
Tj=operating limit	Full	0.0	KVV	Tj=operating limit	COFu	2.1	-
Declared capacity for heating / Colde	r season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / C	Colder season, at in	idoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature				temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		4001	
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	<u>]</u> -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	_ -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	- -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	- -
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	-
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	l°c	heating / Average	Tol	-10	T°c
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	·c
heating / Colder	Tbiv	-	°C	heating / Colder	Tol	-	°C
Cycling interval capacity			1	Cycling interval efficiency			7
for cooling	Pcycc		kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	_ -
for heating	Pcych	-	kW	for heating	COPcyc		-
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
cooling	Cdc	0.25	1.	heating	Cdh	0.25	7₋
		0.20		- rocarig		0.20	<u> </u>
Electric power input in power modes	other than 'active mo	ode'		Annual electricity consumption			_
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	274	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	1551	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1645	kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe	-	kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
Capacity control(indicate one of three	e options)			Other items			
The state of the or three	,			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa		dB(A)
	_			Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa		dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-		m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-		m³/h
Contact details for the initial Iss	ama and address of	the energy of	aha	to authorized representative			
	ame and address of U)MHIAE SERVICES		clurer or of i	ts authorised representative.			
l ·			1101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 E	DW Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
	IK)Mitsubishi Heavy Ind						
				ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK60ZSX-WFB

Information to identify the model(s) to w	hich the information	on relates to	o:	If function includes heating: Indicate the	heating season the	ne	
Indoor unit model name	SRK60ZS)			information relates to. Indicated values s	should relate to or	ne	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC60ZS)	<-W1		heating season at a time. Include at leas	at the heating sea	son 'Avera	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load			-	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience	y class		
cooling	Pdesignc	6.1	kW	cooling	SEER	7.80	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	5.2	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6.8	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.79	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
				1			unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	-		,	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tem			7
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	5.2	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6.8	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor	temperature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indo	or temperature 27	′(19)°C and	I
outdoor temperature Tj			-	outdoor temperature Tj			-
Tj=35°C	Pdc	6.1	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	3.6	
Tj=30°C	Pdc	4.5	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.4	-
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.9	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9	-
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.6	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.4]-
							•
Declared capacity for heating / Average	season, at indoor	r		Declared coefficient of performance / Av	erage season, at	indoor	•
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	4.7	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.1	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.8	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.65	7-
, Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.8	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.86	1 ₋
Tj=12℃	Pdh	1.1	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.13	┦_
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	5.2	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.45	+
Tj=blvalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.2	kW	111	COPd	2.45	+⁻
rj-operating iiriit	ruii	5.2	KVV	Tj=operating limit	COFU	2.45	ļ-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer				Declared coefficient of performance / W		indon	
				l I		IIIuuui	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat		2.7	7
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6.8	-	Tj=2°C	COPd	2.7	- ⁻
Tj=7°C	Pdh	4.37	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.16	4⁻
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.94	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.31	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.8	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.7	_ -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6.8	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.7	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Colder se				Declared coefficient of performance / Co		ıdoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			-	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			-
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	_	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	T-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	7-
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	7_
				1 1 2			
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10] ℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10	°c
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Colder	Tbiv	⊢ <u>-</u>	°C	heating / Colder	Tol		€
noating / Colder	אומו		, ·	meaning / Colder	101		10
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc		kW	for cooling	EERcyc	_	٦.
for heating	Pcycc	<u> </u>	kW	for heating	COPcyc	- -	+
nor neating	Pcycn	<u> </u>	KVV	for neating	COPCyc		<u> -</u>
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
	Cda	0.05	٦	°	Cdb	0.05	7
cooling	Cdc	0.25	l	heating	Cdh	0.25	<u> -</u>
Clastria navvar innut in navvar madas ath	an than lasting me	ala!		Annual alastriaitu aanaumantian			
Electric power input in power modes oth			7,47	Annual electricity consumption	0	074	TLANCE /-
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	274	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	1551	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1645	kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe		kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
Capacity control(indicate one of three or	otions)			Other items			_
1				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa		dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa		dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-		m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-		m³/h
							•
Contact details for obtaining Name	e and address of	the manufa	cturer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
1 - 1	MHIAE SERVICES			•			
1 '			1101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DV	N Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
	/litsubishi Heavy Ind				,		
				ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK20ZSX-WFT

WIOUEI SHKZUZSX-WFI							
Information to identify the model(s) to which			o:	If function includes heating: Indicate the hea	ting season	the	
Indoor unit model name	SRK20ZS)	K-WFT		information relates to. Indicated values shou	ld relate to o	ne	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC20ZS)	K-W		heating season at a time. Include at least the	e heating sea	ason 'Averag	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
				(··g··)			
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	Symbol	value	unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla		value	Ciass
cooling	Pdesigno	2.00	kW	cooling	SEER	10.00	A+++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	2.80	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	5.20	A+++
	-		kW		SCOP/W	6.70	A+++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	3.70	-	heating / Warmer			Аттт
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
				5			unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	-		ا	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	-		T
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	2.80	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	3.70	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor ten	nperature 27(1	9)℃ and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor te	mperature 2	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj			_	outdoor temperature Tj			_
Tj=35℃	Pdc	2.00	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	6.45	
Tj=30°C	Pdc	1.47	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	9.29	Ţ-
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.25	kW	Tj=25℃	EERd	13.90	Ţ-
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.36	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	20.70	7-
				-			•
Declared capacity for heating / Average se	ason, at indoor	r		Declared coefficient of performance / Average	ge season, a	t indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	2.40	kW	Ti=-7°C	COPd	3.20	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.48	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.31	† ₋
Tj=7°C	Pdh	0.96	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.49	†.
Tj=12°C	Pdh	0.96	kW	Tj=7 C	COPd	8.28	†
1 *		2.80	kW	Tj=12 C		2.79	+
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh		-		COPd		4⁻
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	2.80	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.79	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer sea				Declared coefficient of performance / Warm		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	•		l	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			7
Tj=2°C	Pdh	3.70	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.40	1-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.40	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.16	<u></u> -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.10	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.21	<u></u>
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.70	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.40	Ţ-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.70	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.40	Ţ-
Declared capacity for heating / Colder seas	son, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Colder	season, at i	ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	e Tj			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Tj		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	1 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	1_
Tj=12°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Ti=12°C	COPd		†₋
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh		kW	Ti=bivalent temperature	COPd		†_
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Ti=operating limit	COPd		†
, , ,	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	, , ,	COPd		+⁻
Tj=-15°C	Full		KVV	Tj=-15°C	COFu	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>
Discolared to account				0			
Bivalent temperature	Thir	40	_{1∘}	Operating limit temperature	Tol	40	T ∘c
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	°C	heating / Average	Tol	-10	°C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	_°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Colder	Tbiv	-	°C	heating / Colder	Tol	<u> </u>	°C
				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cycling interval capacity	5		l	Cycling interval efficiency			7
for cooling	Pcycc		kW	for cooling	EERcyc		1 -
for heating	Pcych	-	kW	for heating	COPcyc	-	-
Degradation coefficient			, !	Degradation coefficient			-
cooling	Cdc	0.25	-	heating	Cdh	0.25	-
Electric power input in power modes other			, T	Annual electricity consumption			_
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	70	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	754	kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	11	w	heating / Warmer	Qhe	774	kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14	w	heating / colder	Qhe	-	kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	w				
		·					
Capacity control(indicate one of three option	ons)			Other items			
I said state of the of the option	-,			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	53	dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	56	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	GWP	678	rgCO₂eq. m³/h
_ ~	Yes			, ,	-		→
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	1860	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining							
	and add-a	the marrie	oturo- or -f"	a authorized representative			
Imore information			cturer or of it	s authorised representative.			
	IAE SERVICES	B.V.			ootorda N	horlon-!-	
Herike	IAE SERVICES I erbergweg 238, L	B.V. Luna ArenA,	1101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DW An	nsterdam, Net	herlands	
Herike (UK)Mits	IAE SERVICES erbergweg 238, L subishi Heavy Ind	B.V. ₋una ArenA, dustries Air-0	1101 CM Ams	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DW An	nsterdam, Net	herlands	

Model SRK25ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model(s) to w	hich the information	n relates to:	If function includes heating: Indicate	the heating season the
Indoor unit model name	SRK25ZSX		information relates to. Indicated valu	ies should relate to one
Outdoor unit model name	SRC25ZSX	-W	heating season at a time. Include at	least the heating season 'Average'.
	•		-	
Function(indicate if present)			Average(mandatory)	Yes
cooling	Yes		Warmer(if designated)	Yes
heating	Yes		Colder(if designated)	No
			· ·	
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	symbol value class
Design load			Seasonal efficiency and energy effic	iency class
cooling	Pdesignc	2.50 kW	cooling	SEER 10.30 A+++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	3.00 kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A 5.20 A+++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	4.20 kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W 6.60 A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C
				unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperatu	re Tdesignh		Back up heating capacity at outdoor	temperature Tdesignh
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	3.00 kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu 0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	4.20 kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu 0 kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu - kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor	temperature 27(19	and	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at in	ndoor temperature 27(19)°C and
outdoor temperature Tj	tomporataro 27 (10	,, •	outdoor temperature Tj	nacer temperature 27 (10) e and
Tj=35°C	Pdc	2.50 kW	Ti=35°C	EERd 5.68 -
Tj=30°C	Pdc	1.84 kW	Tj=30°C	EERd 8.75 -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.27 kW	Tj=35°C	EERd 14.10 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.40 kW	Tj=20°C	EERd 20.40 -
1J-20 C	Fuc	1.40 KVV	1j-20 C	EERU 20.40 -
Declared capacity for booting / Assessed	season of indeed		Declared coefficient of performance	/ Average season, at indeer
Declared capacity for heating / Average temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			Declared coefficient of performance temperature 20°C and outdoor temp	
Tj=-7°C		2.61 kW	11 '	
	Pdh		Tj=-7°C	COPd 3.15 -
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.59 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd 5.30 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.03 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd 6.58 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	0.96 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd 8.30 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.00 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd 2.69 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.00 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd 2.69 -
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer			Declared coefficient of performance	
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			temperature 20°C and outdoor temp	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	4.20 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd 3.30 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.70 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd 5.90 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.20 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd 8.31 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.20 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd 3.30 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.20 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd 3.30 -
				· · · · · ·
Declared capacity for heating / Colder s	eason, at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance	/ Colder season, at indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera			temperature 20°C and outdoor temp	
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=2°C	COPd
Tj=7°C	Pdh	- kW	Ti=7°C	COPd
Tj=12°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=12°C	COPd
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	- kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd
Tj=perating limit	Pdh	- kW	Tj=preating limit	COPd
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd
1]13 C	Full	- KVV	1]15 C	COPu
Divisiont town systems			On a rational limit to manage turn	
Bivalent temperature	This	40 %	Operating limit temperature	Tel 40 %
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10 °C	heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol -10 °C Tol 2 °C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2 ℃	11 ~	
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- ℃	heating / Colder	Tol - °C
Cualing internal			Cualing internal offici	
Cycling interval capacity	5		Cycling interval efficiency	FED.:
for cooling	Pcycc	- kW	for cooling	EERcyc
for heating	Pcych	- kW	for heating	COPcyc
			1 =	
Degradation coefficient		0.05	Degradation coefficient	0.11
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -	heating	Cdh 0.25 -
Electric	and the Co	4-1	Annual ata 11 M	
Electric power input in power modes oth			Annual electricity consumption	0
off mode	Poff	4 W	cooling	Qce 85 kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4 W	heating / Average	Qhe 808 kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	11 W	heating / Warmer	Qhe 891 kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14 W	heating / colder	Qhe - kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0 W		
Capacity control(indicate one of three o	ptions)		Other items	
			Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa 55 dB(A)
			Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa 57 dB(A)
fixed	No		Global warming potential	GWP 675 kgCO₂eq.
staged	No		Rated air flow(indoor)	- 732 m³/h
variable	Yes		Rated air flow(outdoor)	- 1860 m³/h
	•			· · ·
Contact details for obtaining Nam	ne and address of t	he manufacturer or	of its authorised representative.	
	MHIAE SERVICES E		•	
			Amsterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 110	0 DW Amsterdam, Netherlands
		ustries Air-Conditionir		
			llesex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom	

Model SRK35ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model/s\ tt-!-t-							
Information to identify the model(s) to which			to:	If function includes heating: Indicate the hea	ting season t	the	
Indoor unit model name	SRK35ZS	X-WFT		information relates to. Indicated values shou	ld relate to o	ne	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC35ZS	X-W		heating season at a time. Include at least the	e heating sea	ason 'Averag	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
				, ,			
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	- Symbol	value	Griit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla		value	Oldoo
cooling	Pdesigno	3.50	kW	cooling	SEER	9.50	A+++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	3.40	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	5.10	A+++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	4.70	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	6.50	A+++
1 *	0		-	•		0.50	Airii
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	
Declared conscituted authors to managed up T	daaiaab			Dook up hooting consolity at authors townson	stura Telasia	a la	unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature T	-	0.40	المدير	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	-		Tuan
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	3.40	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	4.70	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				-			
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor tem	perature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor to	mperature 2	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj			ا ا	outdoor temperature Tj			-
Tj=35°C	Pdc	3.50	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.73	<u> </u>
Tj=30°C	Pdc	2.58	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	7.29	<u></u> -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	1.66	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	12.43	<u></u> -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.38	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	19.00	-
Declared capacity for heating / Average sea	son, at indoo	r		Declared coefficient of performance / Average	ge season, a	t indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	2.95	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.10	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	1.77	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	5.18	1 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.20	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	6.46	1 _
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.00	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.10	† ₋
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	3.40	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.61	†_
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	3.40	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.61	+
Tj-operating littit	Full	3.40	KVV	1j-operating limit	COPu	2.01	<u> -</u>
Declared conscitutor beating / Warmer acc		_		Declared coefficient of newformance / Warre		Lindon	
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer sea		ı		Declared coefficient of performance / Warm		illuooi	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	•	4.70	7144	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		2.40	т
Tj=2°C	Pdh	4.70	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.10	- 4⁻
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.00	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.82	4-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.30	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.20	-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.70	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.10	<u> </u>
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.70	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.10	-
Declared capacity for heating / Colder season				Declared coefficient of performance / Colder		ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Tj		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Tj		-
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	1-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	Ī-
		-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature			T-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh				COPd	-	
Tj=bivalent temperature Ti=operating limit	Pdh Pdh		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd	-	-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	_	Tj=operating limit	COPd]- -
1.		-	kW kW				-
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C	Pdh	-	_	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C	COPd		<u>-</u>
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature	COPd	-	- - T°c
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average	Pdh Pdh Tbiv	-10	kw C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average	COPd COPd	-10	- - - ©
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv	-	kw °c °c	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPd COPd Tol	-	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average	Pdh Pdh Tbiv	-10	kw C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average	COPd COPd	-10	To-
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kw °c °c	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	COPd COPd Tol	-10	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol	-10	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10 2 -	kW c c c c kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	Tol Tol Tol	-10 2 -	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol	-10	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10 2 -	kW c c c c kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating	Tol Tol Tol	-10 2 -	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	-10 2 -	kW c c c c kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 -	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10 2 -	kW c c c c kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating	Tol Tol Tol	-10 2 -	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Peyec Peych	-10 2 -	kW c c c c kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 -	°C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other ti	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc	-10 2 -	kW c c c c kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 -	- - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff	-10 2	kw c c c kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 	°C °C - - - - - - kWh/a
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb	-10 2 - - - 0.25	kW c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	-10 2 - - - 0.25 ode'	kw c c c c kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPd COPd Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 	°C °C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Peyec Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	-10 2 - - - 0.25 ode'	kw c c c c kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPd COPd Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder	COPd COPd Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	c c c - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 2 -	c c c - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck ns)	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	c c c - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-10 2 -	c c c - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck ns)	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe CMB	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	c c c - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck IS)	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe CMB	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name an	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck is) No No Yes d address of	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw w w w	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe CMB	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name an	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck IS) No No Yes	-10 2	kW c c c c kw kw w w w	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(outdoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe CMB	-10 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name an (EU)MHA	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc man 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck IS) No No Yes d address of SERVICES	-10 2	kW c c c c c kW kW kW acturer or of it	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(outdoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Che Che Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc	-10 2 -	°C °C
Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name an (EU)MHIA Heriker	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc Than 'active m Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes dd address of KE SERVICES bergweg 238,		kW c c c c c kW kW kW acturer or of it	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient heating Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Odder Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) as authorised representative.	COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Che Che Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc Copc	-10 2 -	°C °C

Model SRK50ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model(s) t):	If function includes heating: Indicate the	-		
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS			information relates to. Indicated values			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS	K-W		heating season at a time. Include at le	ast the heating seas	son 'Avera	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
				3,			
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load			1	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficient	•		
cooling	Pdesignc	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh Pdesignh	4.5	kW kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer heating / Colder	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer heating / Colder	SCOP/W SCOP/C	5.89	A+++
rieating / Colder	Fuesigiiii		KVV	rieating / Colder	300F/C		unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temper	rature Tdesignh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor te	emperature Tdesign	h	unit
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				1 -			
Declared capacity for cooling, at ind	oor temperature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind	loor temperature 27	(19)°C and	i
outdoor temperature Tj	Dda		1,,,,,	outdoor temperature Tj	CCD4	- 44	7
Tj=35°C Tj=30°C	Pdc Pdc	3.7	kW kW	Tj=35°C Tj=30°C	EERd EERd	4.1 5.9	
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9	-[
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2	-{-
,, 200				.) 20 0			
Declared capacity for heating / Aver-	age season, at indoo	r		Declared coefficient of performance / A	Average season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temp			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3]-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64	_ -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64	}-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.06	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	- -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warr	mer season at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / \	Marmer season at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temp				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		iiidooi	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01	7-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35	7-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	7-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01]-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01	-
				15			
Declared capacity for heating / Cold				Declared coefficient of performance / (idoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temp Tj=-7°C	Pdh	_	kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	COPd	_	7
Tj=2°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C	COPd	-	-{*
Tj=7°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd		-[
Tj=12°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	┪.
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	┪.
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	-
Tj=-15℃	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	7-
		•	•				*
Bivalent temperature			٦.	Operating limit temperature			٦.
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	°C	heating / Average	Tol	-10	°C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	°C	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Colder	Tbiv	-	°C	heating / Colder	Tol		°C
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc		kW	for cooling	EERcyc	_	7.
for heating	Pcych	-	kW	for heating	COPcyc	-	┥.
	.,						
Degradation coefficient			_	Degradation coefficient			_
cooling	Cdc	0.25	-	heating	Cdh	0.25	-
				1.			
Electric power input in power modes			1,,,	Annual electricity consumption	0	044	TLAMB /-
off mode standby mode	Poff Psb	4	W W	cooling	Qce Qhe	211 1341	kWh/a kWh/a
thermostat-off mode		12	w	heating / Average heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427	kWh/a
thermostat-on mode	Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	14	w	heating / warrier	Qhe	-	kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	w	ricating / colder	QIIC		KVVII/Q
		· •		ı			
Capacity control(indicate one of thre	e options)			Other items			_
				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59	dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	63	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	858	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	2340	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining	lame and address of	the manufac	rturer or of i	ts authorised representative.			
	EU)MHIAE SERVICES		June of Uf I	а автопоса тергеоспівшуе.			
			1101 CM Am:	sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 I	DW Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
[(1	JK)Mitsubishi Heavy In						
	5 The Square, Stockle	y Park, Uxbri	idge, Middles	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK50ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model(s) to which t	ha informati	on rolaton t	0:	If function includes heating: Indicate the hea	lina acceon t	ho	_
			0.	· ·	0		
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZSX-WFT			information relates to. Indicated values shou			
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZSX-W1			heating season at a time. Include at least the heating season 'Average'.			
				,	_		
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value class	
Design load	_			Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla	iss		
cooling	Pdesignc	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30 A+	+
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70 A+	+
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89 A++	
	-		-			-	
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	- -	
				15		unit	
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature To	-		٦	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	•		
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW	
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0 kW	
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW	
			•			•	
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temporary	erature 27(1	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor te	mperature 2	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj		,		outdoor temperature Tj		(-)	
Tj=35°C	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1 -	
			_	'			
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9	
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9 -	
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2 -	
				I T			
Declared capacity for heating / Average seas		r		Declared coefficient of performance / Average		indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	ij		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Гј		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3 -	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64 -	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Ti=7°C	COPd	5.64 -	
		1.06	kW	11.	COPd	7.2	
Tj=12°C	Pdh		-	Tj=12°C			
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64 -	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64 -	
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer seas	on, at indoor	-		Declared coefficient of performance / Warme	er season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	j			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Гј		
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01 -	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.35 -	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2 -	
1.*			_	11.			
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01 -	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01 -	
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Colder seasor	n, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Colder	season, at it	ndoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	ij			temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Гј		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd		
Tj=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=2°C	COPd		
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd		
1 7			_	11.7			
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd		
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd		
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd		
Tj=-15℃	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd		
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	િ℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C	
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	∃ ∞	heating / Warmer	Tol	2 °C	
heating / Warrier	Tbiv	- -	-c	heating / Warrier	Tol	- °C	
incating / Coluci	I DIV		10	ricating / Coluci	101	- 10	
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc		kW	for cooling	EERcyc		
_ ~	-	<u> </u>	_	11		-	
for heating	Pcych	<u> </u>	kW	for heating	COPcyc		
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
Degradation coefficient	C4-		٦ .	Degradation coefficient	Call	0.05	
cooling	Cdc	0.25	<u> -</u>	heating	Cdh	0.25 -	
Elevatric de constituent in the	1C	- 4-1		Accorded to the state of the same of the same of the state of the same of the			
Electric power input in power modes other that			7	Annual electricity consumption			
off mode	Poff	4	W	cooling	Qce	211 kWh/a	
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qhe	1341 kWh/a	
thermostat-off mode		12	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427 kWh/a	1
1	Pto(cooling)					Is\A/b/a	
	Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe	- kWh/a	3
crankcase heater mode		14 0	_	heating / colder	Qhe	- KVVII/a	1
crankcase heater mode	Pto(heating)		W W	heating / colder	Qhe	- KVV11/a	<u> </u>
	Pto(heating) Pck		_		Qhe	- KVVII/a	<u> </u>
crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three options	Pto(heating) Pck		_	Other items			
	Pto(heating) Pck		_	Other items Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59 dB(A)	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options	Pto(heating) Pck		_	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A)	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed	Pto(heating) Pck		_	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged	Pto(heating) Pck No No		_	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	Lwa Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed	Pto(heating) Pck		_	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	Lwa Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable	Pto(heating) Pck S) No No Yes	0	w	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	Lwa Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable	Pto(heating) Pck S) No No Yes	0	w	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	Lwa Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and	Pto(heating) Pck S) No No Yes	0 the manufa	w	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	Lwa Lwa	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and more information (EU)MHIAE	Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes address of E SERVICES	the manufa	cturer or of it	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	Lwa Lwa GWP -	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h 2340 m³/h	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining Name and (EU)MHIAE Herikerb.	Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes address of SERVICES ergweg 238, I	the manufa B.V. Luna ArenA,	cturer or of it	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) Its authorised representative.	Lwa Lwa GWP -	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h 2340 m³/h	
Capacity control(indicate one of three options fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information (EU)MHIAE Herikerb (UK)Mitsub	Pto(heating) Pck No No Yes address of E SERVICES ergweg 238, ishi Heavy In	the manufa B.V. _una ArenA, dustries Air-(cturer or of it	Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) Its authorised representative.	Lwa Lwa GWP -	59 dB(A) 63 dB(A) 675 kgCO ₂ 858 m³/h 2340 m³/h	

Model SRK50ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model(s) to	which the information	on relates to	o:	If function includes heating: Indicate the	heating season the	he	
Indoor unit model name	SRK50ZS)			information relates to. Indicated values s	should relate to or	ne —	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC50ZS)	(-W2		heating season at a time. Include at leas	t the heating sea	son 'Averag	ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load			-	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience	y class		
cooling	Pdesignc	5	kW	cooling	SEER	8.30	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	4.5	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70	A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.89	A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
				1			unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperat	-		,	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tem			7
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	4.5	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoo	r temperature 27(1)	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoo	or temperature 27	′(19)°C and	i
outdoor temperature Tj			-	outdoor temperature Tj			_
Tj=35℃	Pdc	5	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.1	
Tj=30°C	Pdc	3.7	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.9	
Tj=25℃	Pdc	2.4	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9.9	
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.5	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.2	7-
							,
Declared capacity for heating / Averag	e season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Av	erage season, at	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			_
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	3.98	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.3	7-
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.42	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.64	7-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.56	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.64	1 ₋
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.06	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	- _
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64	- _
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	4.5	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.64	┪_
1)-operating limit	Full	4.5	KVV	Tj-operating limit	COFU	2.04	J-
Declared capacity for heating / Warme	r accorn at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / Wa	ormor occoon of	indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat		IIIuuui	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	3.01	7
			kW	11.	COPd		- -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	3.9	-	Tj=7°C		5.35	- ⁻
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.7	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.2	- -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.01	- -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	3.01	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Colder				Declared coefficient of performance / Co		idoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor temper			-	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperat			-
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=2℃	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	7-
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	7-
Tj=-15℃	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	7-
	-			1 1 2			,
Bivalent temperature				Operating limit temperature			
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10	l ℃	heating / Average	Tol	-10	T°C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2	℃	heating / Warmer	Tol	2	°C
heating / Colder	Tbiv	<u> </u>	°C	heating / Colder	Tol		°C
ricating / colder	1 514		Ü	ricuting / Colder	101		10
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			
for cooling	Pcycc	Г.	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	_	7.
for heating	Pcych	<u> </u>	kW	for heating	COPcyc		- _
.o. nouning	i GyGII	<u> </u>	Perr	no. nodding	OOI Cyc		1
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
cooling	Cdc	0.25	7.	heating	Cdh	0.25	٦.
cooling	Ouc	0.20		neating	Odii	0.23	II.
Electric power input in power modes o	ther than 'active mo	nde'		Annual electricity consumption			
off mode	Poff	4	lw	cooling	000	211	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4	W	heating / Average	Qce Qhe	1341	kWh/a
			-				
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1427	kWh/a
anankanan haster	Pto(heating)	14	W	heating / colder	Qhe		kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck	0	W				
				I I			
Capacity control(indicate one of three	options)			Other items			7 ID (A)
1				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	59	dB(A)
1				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	63	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO₂eq.
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	858	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	2340	m³/h
Contact details for obtaining Nar	me and address of	the manufac	cturer or of it	ts authorised representative.			
more information (EU)MHIAE SERVICES I	B.V.					
				sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 DV	V Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands	
)Mitsubishi Heavy Ind						
5	The Square, Stockle	y Park, Uxbri	idge, Middles	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom			

Model SRK60ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model(s) to wh	nich the information	on relates to:	If function includes heating: Indicate th	e heating season the	he
Indoor unit model name	SRK60ZSX		information relates to. Indicated values	-	
Outdoor unit model name	SRC60ZSX		heating season at a time. Include at lea		
Catacor and model name	10.11000202		I meaning educer at a time, molade at let	ior and modaling cod	oon / wordgo .
Function(indicate if present)			Average(mandatory)	Yes	
cooling	Yes		Warmer(if designated)	Yes	
heating	Yes		Colder(if designated)	No	
neating	162		Colder (II designated)	NO	
Item	symbol	value unit	Item	symbol	value class
Design load	Зуппоот	value unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficier		value class
cooling	Pdesignc	6.1 kW	cooling	SEER	7.80 A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	5.2 kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.70 A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	6.8 kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.79 A+++
	-	- kW		SCOP/C	3.73 A
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	- KVV	heating / Colder	300F/C	
Declared capacity at outdoor temporature	o Tdooianh		Back up heating capacity at outdoor te	mporatura Tdaaian	unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature		E 2 14/4/	11		
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	5.2 kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	6.8 kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu 	0 kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	- kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	- kW
			1 -		
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor to	emperature 27(19	9)°C and	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind	oor temperature 27	7(19)℃ and
outdoor temperature Tj			outdoor temperature Tj		
Tj=35°C	Pdc	6.1 kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	3.6
Tj=30°C	Pdc	4.5 kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.4 -
Tj=25°C	Pdc	2.9 kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	9 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.6 kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.4 -
Declared capacity for heating / Average :	season, at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance / A	werage season, at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	ure Tj		temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ature Tj	
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	4.7 kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.1 -
Tj=2°C	Pdh	2.8 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.65 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	1.8 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.86 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.1 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.13 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	5.2 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.45 -
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.2 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.45 -
Tj operating innit	i un	0.2 100	rj operating innit	0014	2.40
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer s	season at indoor		Declared coefficient of performance / V	Narmer season at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		IIIGOOI
Tj=2°C	Pdh	6.8 kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	2.7 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh	4.37 kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.16 -
			117		
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.94 kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.31 -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.8 kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.7
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	6.8 kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.7 -
			16		
Declared capacity for heating / Colder se			Declared coefficient of performance / C		ndoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	
Tj=2°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	
Tj=7°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	
Tj=12°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	- kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	- kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	
		•			•
Bivalent temperature			Operating limit temperature		
heating / Average	Tbiv	-10 °C	heating / Average	Tol	-10 °C
heating / Warmer	Tbiv	2 ℃	heating / Warmer	Tol	2 ℃
heating / Colder	Tbiv	- ℃	heating / Colder	Tol	- ℃
-			-		
Cycling interval capacity			Cycling interval efficiency		
for cooling	Pcycc	- kW	for cooling	EERcyc	
for heating	Pcych	- kW	for heating	COPcyc	
	. 5,5	1 1555	1		
Degradation coefficient			Degradation coefficient		
cooling	Cdc	0.25 -	heating	Cdh	0.25 -
			······································		****
Electric power input in power modes other	er than 'active mo	ode'	Annual electricity consumption		
off mode	Poff	4 W	cooling	Qce	274 kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	4 W	heating / Average	Qhe	1551 kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	12 W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	1645 kWh/a
	Pto(heating)	14 W	heating / colder	Qhe	- kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck Pck	0 W	[duing / doider	QIIC	- Kyvii/a
orannoase neater mode	FUN	J VV	1		
Capacity control(indicate one of three op	tions)		Other items		
Capacity control(indicate one of tiffee op	uona)		Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	dB(A)
			11 ' ' ' ' '		dB(A)
fixed	81-		Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	
fixed	No		Global warming potential	GWP	675 kgCO ₂ eq.
staged	No		Rated air flow(indoor)	-	m³/h
variable	Yes		Rated air flow(outdoor)		m³/h
0			an analysis of the state of the		
			its authorised representative.		
1 1 1	IHIAE SERVICES I		attended Nathard I BOB access (1995)	DIA/ A 1	
			sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 E	vv Amsterdam, Neth	neriands
		dustries Air-Conditioning E			
5 11	ie oquare, Stockle	y raik, oxbridge, Middles	ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom		

Model SRK60ZSX-WFT

Information to identify the model(s) t				If function includes heating: Indicate the	heating season the	he
Indoor unit model name	SRK60ZSX			information relates to. Indicated values		
Outdoor unit model name	SRC60ZSX	(-W1		heating season at a time. Include at lea	st the heating sea	son 'Average'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes	
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	Yes	
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No	
-						
Item	symbol	value u	unit	Item	symbol	value class
Design load	Delasiena		κW	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience	•	7.00
cooling heating / Average	Pdesignc Pdesignh		ζVV ζW	cooling heating / Average	SEER SCOP/A	7.80 A++ 4.70 A++
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh		(W	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	5.79 A+++
heating / Colder	Pdesignh		κW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	
	•					unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temper				Back up heating capacity at outdoor ten		
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh		«W	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0 kW
heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh Pdh		kW kW	heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu elbu	0 kW
rieating / Colder (-22 C)	Full		(VV	rieating / Colder (=22 C)	eibu	- KVV
Declared capacity for cooling, at inde	oor temperature 27(19	9)°C and		Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indo	oor temperature 27	7(19)°C and
outdoor temperature Tj				outdoor temperature Tj	•	
Tj=35°C	Pdc		κW	Tj=35°C	EERd	3.6 -
Tj=30°C	Pdc		ΚW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.4 -
Tj=25°C	Pdc		¢W	Tj=25°C	EERd	9 -
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.6	ΚW	Tj=20°C	EERd	18.4 -
Declared capacity for heating / Average	age season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / A	verage season. at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temp				temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh		κW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.1 -
Tj=2°C	Pdh		κW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.65
Tj=7°C	Pdh		ΚW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.86 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh		¢W	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.13
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh		kW kW	Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd	2.45 2.45
1j-operating limit	Pull	5.2 r	(VV	rj-operating limit	COPu	2.45 -
Declared capacity for heating / Warr	ner season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / W	/armer season, at	indoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temp	erature Tj			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera	ture Tj	
Tj=2°C	Pdh		«W	Tj=2°C	COPd	2.7 -
Tj=7°C	Pdh		¢W	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.16 -
Tj=12°C	Pdh		kW kW	Tj=12°C	COPd COPd	7.31 -
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh		ζVV ζW	Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.7
rj-operating iiriit	T dil	1 0.0 p	(VV	rj-operating iiriit	001 0	2.1
Declared capacity for heating / Colde	er season, at indoor			Declared coefficient of performance / C	older season, at in	ndoor
temperature 20°C and outdoor temp	•			temperature 20°C and outdoor tempera		
Tj=-7°C	Pdh		¢W	Tj=-7°C	COPd	
Tj=2°C	Pdh		«W	Tj=2°C	COPd	
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	Pdh Pdh		kW kW	Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	COPd COPd	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh		άW.	Tj=12 C Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	
Tj=operating limit	Pdh		(W	Tj=operating limit	COPd	
Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- I	κW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	
Bivalent temperature	This			Operating limit temperature	T-1	40 °0
heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tbiv Tbiv		C C	heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol Tol	-10 °C 2 °C
heating / Colder	Tbiv		Č	heating / Warrier	Tol	- ℃
ricating / Colder	TDIV		0	ricating / colder	101	0
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency		
for cooling	Pcycc		¢W	for cooling	EERcyc	
for heating	Pcych	- k	(W	for heating	COPcyc	
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient		
cooling	Cdc	0.25		heating	Cdh	0.25
				- Carrier S		
Electric power input in power modes		$\overline{}$		Annual electricity consumption		
off mode	Poff		N	cooling	Qce	274 kWh/a
standby mode	Psb		N	heating / Average	Qhe	1551 kWh/a
thermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)		N N	heating / Warmer heating / colder	Qhe Qhe	1645 kWh/a - kWh/a
crankcase heater mode	Pck		N	neating / colder	QIIE	- KVVII/a
Capacity control(indicate one of thre	e options)			Other items		
				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	dB(A)
				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	dB(A)
fixed	No			Global warming potential	GWP	675 kgCO ₂ eq.
staged variable	No Yes			Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	m³/h m³/h
variable	1 162			I tated all how(outdoor)		j jiii711
Contact details for obtaining	ame and address of t	the manufact	urer or of it	s authorised representative.		
	EU)MHIAE SERVICES I					
				sterdam, Netherlands. P.O.Box 23393 1100 D	W Amsterdam, Neth	nerlands
I 10	JK)Mitsubishi Heavy Inc 5 The Square, Stockle			urope, Ltd ex, UB11 1ET,United Kingdom		
ļ	o The Oquare, Otockie	, . ain, UNDITU	go, minualest	on, ob. i it i,omica milyaom		

16. REFERENCE

(1) Outline

1-1) R32 as the alternative refrigerant for residential air-conditioners

As for the R410A refrigerant which we have been usually using for air-conditioners, in case of emissions into the atmosphere, we have been adopting the collection of refrigerant etc. in order to restrain the world from global warming.

Based on the 4th basic ecological plan, it is said that the amount of emission of the green house effect gases including the refrigerants which are being used for air-conditioners shall be reduced 80% by 2050, emissions of any kind of freon gases which have especially high global warming coefficient must be reduced much more.

Hence, it is required to converted the freon gases we are using for air-conditioners into the refrigerants which have lower global warming even though they are exhausted into the atmosphere.

On the other hand, the refrigerants for air-conditioners, lower effect of global warming, to secure its performance and high energy efficiency and safety are required, however, the refrigerants which satisfy all of them have not been announced yet.

For this purpose, we have been studying to make use of the refrigerant like R32 which has short life in the atmosphere, even though it has low global warming but low combustibility under the practical use for safety.

In 2004, IEC, international electrical safety for air-conditioners had been corrected, the regulation for safety of air-conditioners which use the combustible refrigerant have been issued, in 2010, the regulation adopting the degree which is considered to be damaged slightly because of difficulty of ignition due to its low combustion speed was issued in ANSI/ASHRAE34 regulations.

R32 has been approved as the refrigerant whose combustion speed degree is lower than 10cm/sec, the standardization for safety use is being proceeded so that R32 can be used more widely.

Although all the air-conditioners which use R32 have been designed with deep consideration in order to guarantee the safety, some cautions which are mandatory to be kept during its installation and services are shown as follows.

1-2) Chemical characteristics of R32

(i) Chemical charactaristic

R32 is one of an ingredient which composes R410A, without toxicity, the chemically stable compound which consists of carbon and fluorine.

Life of R32 after diffusing in the atmosphere is very short, approximately 4.9 years, as a result, although the effect to global warming can be reduced, there are little combustible due to large ratio of hydrogen.

	R32	R410A	R22
Chemical formation	CH_2F_2	CH ₂ F ₂ /CHF ₂ CF ₃	CHCLF ₂
Composition (Mixture ratio weight%)	Single composition	R32/R125 (50/50 weight%)	Single composition
Boiling point	-51.7℃	-51.5℃	-40.8℃
Pressure at 50°C	3.14	3.07	1.94
Performance at 0/50°C	160	141	100
COP at Te/Tc/SC/SH=5/50/3/0°C	95	91	100
ODP(Ozone Depletion Potential)	0	0	0.055
GWP(Global Warming Potential)	675	2090	1810
Combustible charactaristic	A2L	A1	A1
Toxicity	No	No	No

Table1 Chemical charactaristic

(ii) Pressure charactaristic

As mentioned in table 2, vapor pressure of R32 is almost same as R410A under the identical refrigerant temperature, and it has 1.6 times of high performance comparision with R22.

Therefore, tool and apparatus which are intended to be used under high pressure condition shall be required same as R410A when service and installation are implemented.

Table2 Comparison of saturated vapour pressure (MPa)

Refrigerant Temperature [°C]	R32	R410A	R22
-20	0.30	0.30	0.14
0	0.71	0.70	0.40
20	1.37	1.35	0.81
40	2.38	2.32	1.43
60	3.84	3.73	2.33
65	4.29	4.17	2.60

1-3) Combustion characteristic

R32 is possible to combust slightly when following conditions (gas density and ignition energy) coincide.

a) Combustible gas density by mixture with the air

In the event that if the ignition source which is possible to ignite is within the gas density mentioned in table 3, R32 might combust.

However, the combustible gas density of R32 is higher than that of propane's one.

In addition, since the combustible gas density condition of R32 is possible to cause hypoxia (density of oxygen in the air is less than 18%), this is not the environment where people can work normally.

Table3 Combustible density range

	R32	Propane (Reference)
Density upper limit (vol%)	29.3	9.5
Density lower limit (vol%)	13.3	1.8

b) Energy necessary for ignition.

It is said that R32 is less combustible gas than propane, since the energy which enables to combust is big, for example, static electricity around the human body and electric lighter (few mJ) can not make it ignite.

Table4 Minimum energy to ignite

	R32	Propane
Minimum energy to ignite (mJ)	15	0.246

c) Combustion speed

Since the combustion speed of R32 is low, it never combusts explosively like propane.

Table5 Combustion speed

	R32	Propane
Combustion speed (cm/s)	6.7	38.7

Consequently, although the ignition never happens under the conditions of usual use and work, however, in the event of the ignition, please handle with great care because the fire might extend once the ignition occurs.

1-4) Refrigerant oil for R32

The refrigerant oil for R32 differs from the mineral oil which is being used for R22, since it is based on the synthetic oil for R32, please ensure to use the designated one.

(2) Cautions for safety

2-1) Transport of equipment containing flammable refrigerants

It is necessary to follow the applicable transport regulations during the transportation with respect to equipment containing flammable gas.

2-2) Marking of equipment using signs

All required signs are to be maintained and employers should ensure that employees receive suitable and sufficient instruction and training on the meaning of appropriate safety signs and the actions that need to be taken in connection with these signs.

2-3) Disposal of equipment using flammable refrigerants

National Regulations shall be followed.

2-4) Symbols

The following symbols and the information of the warning marking shall be provided as follows:



Symbol ISO 7010-W021 (2011)

Warning; Risk of fire / Flammable materials



Symbol ISO 7000-1641 (2004-01)

Operator's manual; operating instructions



Symbol ISO 7000-1659 (2004-01)

Service indicator; read technical manual

(a) WARNING

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

- (b) The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
- (c) Do not pierce or burn.
- (d) Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

(3) General

- 3-1) The following information shall be specified in the manual where the information is needed for the function of the manual and as applicable to the appliance:
 - (a) Information for spaces where refrigerant pipes are allowed, including statements
 - that the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum;
 - that pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage and, in the case of flammable refrigerants, shall not be installed in an unventilated space, if that space is smaller than Amin in Annex GG;
 - that compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed;
 - that mechanical connections made in accordance with 22.118 shall be accessible for maintenance purposes;
 - that, for appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the minimum floor area of the room shall be mentioned in the form of a table or a single figure without reference to a formula;
 - (b) The maximum refrigerant charge amount (M);
 - (c) The minimum rated airflow, if required by Annex GG;
 - (d) Information for handling, installation, cleaning, servicing and disposal of refrigerant;
 - (e) The minimum floor area of the room or the special requirements for the room in which an appliance containing flammable refrigerants can be located as defined in Annex GG, except where the refrigerant charge (M) is less than or equal to m1 (M ≤ m1);
 - (f) A warning to keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction;
 - (g) A notice that servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

3-2) Qualification of workers

Every working procedure that affects safety means shall only be carried out by competent persons according to Annex HH. Examples for such working procedures are:

- Breaking into the refrigerating circuit;
- Opening of sealed components;
- Opening of ventilated enclosures.

► Checks to the area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised.

For repair to the refrigerating system, following precautions shall be taken prior to conducting work on the system.

► Work procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

► General work area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out.

Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.

The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off.

Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable materials.

► Checking for presence of refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres.

Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

▶ Presence of fire extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

► No ignition sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion.

All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.

Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.

"No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

► Ventilated area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.

The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

► Checks to the refrigeration equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants including R32:

- The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

► Checks to electrical devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.

If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with.

If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used

This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- that there is continuity of earth bonding.

► Repairs to sealed components

During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.

If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

▶ Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected.

This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.

Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

► Repair to intrinsically safe components

(1) Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

► Cabling

(1) Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

▶ Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

► Leak detection methods

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems.

- (1) Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
 Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
 - Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
- (2) Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
- (3) If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
- (4) If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.
 - For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

► Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration.

The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate;
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe.

This process may need to be repeated several times.

Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.

This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.

When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.

This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

► Charging procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas.

The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.

A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

▶ Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

► Labelling

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant.

The label shall be dated and signed.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

► Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.

Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.

All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).

Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.

Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants.

In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.

Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.

Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.

Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged.

Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.

The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.

Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.